CALVERT'S CARBOLIC FLUID,
POWDER & SOAPS
are the original and only reliable preparations—proved more effective than all other disinfectants.
MAKERS AWARDED
57 GOLD and SILVER MEDALS and DIPLOMAS
for superior excellence, after comparative tests.
F. C. CALVERT & Co.,
Manchester,
Purveyors to H. M.'s Home, Indian, and Colonial Governments.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,932—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1892.

BEST CLARETS.

We have been Bordeaux shippers since 1815.

Qts. pts.		Qts. pts.
17-12 9-14 12-12 7-6	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	17-12 9-14 12-12 7-6
29-4 15-10 26-4 14-2	Dinner—La Rose and St. Julien	29-4 15-10 26-4 14-2
44-12 23-6	After Dinner—Chateau Lafite	44-12 23-6

For Prices of Whiskies, Ports, Liqueurs, &c., send for our Illustrated Catalogue.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Saturday.
†	PENINSULAR	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin	24th Dec.
B.I.	SUTLEJ	4205	800	W.D.G. Worcester	31st ,,
					1893.
†*	ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. H. Moule	7th Jan.
B.I.	VALETTA	4919	1000	R. F. Briscoe	14th ,,
†	PENINSULAR	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin	21st ,,
B.I.	PEKIN	3908	750	E. Street	28th ,,
†	SIAM	3050	500	H. T. Weighell	4th Feb.
B.I.	ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. H. Moule	11th ,,
†	PENINSULAR	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin	18th ,,
B.I.	VICTORIA	6268	1500	A. W. Adamson	25th ,,
†	SIAM	3050	500	H. T. Weighell	4th March.
B.I.	THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	11th ,,
†	ASSAM	3060	500	T. F. Creery	18th ,,
					Tuesday 5 p.m.
Ex.M.	PENINSULAR	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin	21st March.
					Saturday
B.I.	SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	25th March.
†	SIAM	3050	500	H. T. Weighell	1st April.
B.I.	ROME	5545	1200	A. B. Daniell	8th ,,
†	ASSAM	3060	500	T. F. Creery	15th ,,
					Tuesday 5 P.M.
Ex. M.	PESHAWUR	3927	750	J. F. Jephson	18th April.
					Saturday.
B.I.	CARTHAGE	5013	1000	M. de Horne	22nd April.
†	SIAM	3050	500	H. T. Weighell	29th ,,
B.I.	VICTORIA	6268	1500	A. W. Adamson	6th May.

The Steamers marked Ex. M. are special through Steamers to London calling at Marseilles.

The Steamers marked B I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.

† * This Vessel proceeds to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by this Steamer.

Single and Return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a. m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

PASSAGE-TICKETS are issued to London via Japan and Vancouver in conjunction with the Canadian-Pacific S. S. Co. Circular Passages, including the return journey to India via the Suez Canal or *vice versa*, can also be engaged.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China.

Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo.

28th Dec. 11th Jan.
24th ,,

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any Port or Ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, December 6, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st Jan.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Feb.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 488

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH-TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothardt's, and other routes.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
MARIA VALERIE	A. Mitis	4,400	650	22nd Dec.
ELEKTRA	G. Mariani	3,800	550	22nd Jan.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 400	Rs. 250	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS AVAILABLE for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
GISELA	G. Nicolich	4,400	650	8th Jan.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta.

For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c, apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, December 8, 1892.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE Favourite Passenger Steamer CITY OF VENICE, 3,207 Tons, WILL SAIL for LIVERPOOL, on or about 2nd January, 1893. The Cabins are on deck amidships and each contains 2 Berths, Punkhas, and every comfort for First Class Passengers. No others carried.

This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 14th. Dec. 1892.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 11th January, 1893, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

Passengers are invited to be on board by 1 p.m. in the Prince's Dock on the day of sailing.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for commission.* Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.

CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.

[illegible] particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be [illegible]ree.

Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.

PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoices.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE VIA KATHIAWAR COAST.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,122 tons, on the 21st December, at 10 a. m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, and Kurrachee.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF VIA KATHIAWAR COAST.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on the 24th December, 10 a.m. calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh in the foregoing order.

FOR KARACHI DIRECT.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 868 tons, on the 25th December, 11 a.m., or on arrival of English Mail.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CHANDA, 2,022 tons, on the 22nd December, at 2 p. m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 20th December, 1892. Agents.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all Steamers at the Lowest Rates obtainable, Free of Charges for Commission.

SPECIAL attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. and O.

LISTS of all Steamers Sailing, and full information as to Berths available, furnished at once.

REDUCTIONS obtainable in the case of large Parties or Families travelling together.

PASSENGERS booked through Messrs. KING KING and Co. are met on arrival at—

Plymouth or London.. by Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co.
Liverpool ,, KING, BAILLIE and Co.

And by Special Agents at Marseilles, Genoa, Naples, Brindisi and Trieste.

BAGGAGE Received and Shipped. Packages also forwarded as Cargo at Lowest Rates. Marine and Fire Insurance effected.

LOANS and Overdrafts granted on approved Security.

DRAFTS, Cheques, Gold, and Bank Notes purchased and sold at Current Rates.

TELEGRAPHIC Remittances arranged at Current Rates, and Addresses in connection with the same Registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co., FREE OF CHARGE.

RAILWAY TICKETS and HOTEL COUPONS by all Continental and American Routes furnished at Lowest Rates.

CORRESPONDENCE invited, and a Copy of Messrs. Henry S. King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward-bound Passengers" forwarded on application, Free of Charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA. KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.
R. B. KING, HYDERABAD (DECCAN).
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
ASIA	3,560	Jas. Laird	28th Dec
ARABIA	3,560	C. Hillcoat	14th Jan,'93

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

The Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings: Bombay, December 16, 1892.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GUNPOWDER,

SCHULTZ'S WATERPROOF.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Price, per tin	2 8	2 11

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FOR 'XMAS AND THE NEW YEAR.

PRESENTS,
USEFUL & MODERATE IN PRICE.
OUR SPECIAL SHIPMENT IS FULLY
UP TO DATE.
HOAR & CO., BOMBAY.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

GANZ & Co., BUDA PESTH.

THE Unprecedented Success and Exceptional favour enjoyed by this Company in all parts of the WORLD proves it to be the best. Over 1,000 Installations with Steam & Water Power, some of them for over 50,000 lamps each, have been completed in—

PARIS, VIENNA, BERLIN, ROME, VENICE, TURIN, TIVOLI, NAPLES, MILAN, BUDA PESTH, ST. PETERSBURG, MOSCOW, RIGA ODESSA, BRUSSELS, ANTWERP, LUCERN, INNSBRUCK, COLOGNE, MADRID, BARCELONA, SEVILLE, LYONS, MONTE CARLO, MELBOURNE, SYDNEY, and 100 other towns.

In India most of the installations have been made by this Company and ourselves for GOVERNMENT of INDIA, STATE and other RAILWAYS, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, and KARACHI Municipalities, the Chief Native Princes, &c., MILLS, PRESSES, &c.

GASSNER'S NEW DRY CELLS. Test them They are the simplest, best, and most economical extant.

ELECTRIC BELLS, CABLE, WIRE, Incandescent and Arc Lamps, carbons and accessories in stock. Estimates on application.

F. FISCHER & CO.,
Sole Agents for India.

DANCING DRUGGETS.

THE ELGIN MILLS, Cawnpore, can supply at a few days' notice, Dancing Cloths of any size, fitted complete with eyelets. They are made of their stoutest description of White Drill or of Canvas.

PRICES ON APPLICATION.

CHRISTMAS, 1892.

TREACHER & COMPANY

ARE NOW RECEIVING
SPECIAL CONSIGNMENTS OF GOODS
IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE
CHRISTMAS SEASON.

STORES AND PROVISIONS.

Hams and Bacon.	Double Gloster Cheese.
Paysandu Tongues.	Gruyere Cheese.
Sausages.	Roquefort Cheese.
Preserved Fish.	Gorgonzola.
Potted Meats and Fish.	Cheddar.
Pate de Foie Gras.	English Pies.
Tart Fruits.	Jams and Marmalades.
Candied Peel.	Huntley and Palmer's Biscuits.

'XMAS PLUM-PUDDINGS AND MINCE MEAT,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

All guaranteed to be the finest procurable and perfectly Fresh and Good.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

The Company's stock in this Department includes all the best known Brands and those of the Highest Repute.

CHAMPAGNES.—	SHERRIES.—
Giesler's.	Amontillado.
Pommery and Greno.	Manzanilla.
Perriet Jouet.	Golden Sherry.
Heidsieck's Dry Monopole.	Old Dry Sherry.
Roederer's Reserve.	Vino de Pasto, etc.
CLARETS.—	BURGUNDIES.—
St. Julien Medoc.	Chambertin.
Bordeaux.	Pommard.
Petit Medoc.	Macon.
Superior Medoc.	Beaune.
Chateau Lagrange.	Chablis.
Chateau LaRose.	Rich Sparkling Red.
Chateau Margaux.	

PORTS.
TAWNY OLD. SUPERIOR OLD. FINE OLD. OLD MADEIRA
HOCKS AND MOSELLES. SAUTERNES AND LIQUEURS.

WHISKIES.	BRANDIES.
Treacher's Highland Malt.	Treacher's Special Invalids. (15 Years Old).
Do. Fine Old Glenlivet.	Do. 3 Star.
Do. Special Liqueurs.	Do. 2 Star.
Do. Old Irish.	Do. 1 Star.

Rum, Hollands, and Gin.

BEERS—
TREACHER'S PILSENER.
ROMFORD LIGHT BITTER.
BASS'S BEER BY STONE.
BASS'S BEER BY FOSTER.
GUINESS'S STOUT BY FOSTER AND BURKE.

CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.

BRAZIL NUTS.	CHOCOLATES.
BARCELONA NUTS.	PRESERVED FRUITS.
SWEETS AND CONFECTIONERY.	DESSERT FRUITS.

CRACKERS. COSAQUES. BON BONS.
HOLLY, MISTLETOE, AND MOSS.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CARDS
IN ALL THE MOST RECENT NOVELTIES.

TOYS.

The Company's annual Consignment of Children's Toys is unusually extensive and complete, and comprises many Novelties. Many of which are exceptionally ingenious and pleasing.

ARTICLES FOR PRESENTATION.

The Company's Fine Stocks of Jewellery and Electro-plate have been specially supplemented by a great variety of Articles selected with great care by our London Agent, and Buyers may rest assured that in purchasing from Treacher and Company they will obtain Goods of the

NEWEST AND MOST APPROVED DESIGNS,
and at the lowest prices procurable.

THE FANCY DEPARTMENT

Has received many and important additions, and includes

Ladies' Bags.	Card Cases.
Fitted Dressing Bags.	Cheroot Cases.
Jewellery Cases.	Inkstands.
Dressing Cases.	Photograph Frames.
Writing Cases and Desks.	Albums.
Purses.	Fans.

Tantalus, Liqueur and Perfume Frames.

All in great variety and range of Price.

Catalogues will be sent on application, and Mofussil Customers who are not able to personally visit the Company's Show Rooms may safely leave the selection of Goods to the Management, and may rest assured that no effort will be spared to carry out their wishes and instructions in a satisfactory manner.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

APPROVED WATCHES.

CARRYING A GUARANTEE OF TWO YEARS.

THE following WATCHES are recommended and guaranteed accurate and substantial Timekeepers, and have been before the Public for the last quarter of a century. They have all the latest improvements, and notwithstanding their advance in intrinsic worth and the deplorable depreciation of our currency, we have not raised their prices an anna in any case.

NICKEL SILVER—

	Rs.
POPULAR WATCH, in strong Nickel Silver Crystal Face, Dustproof Case, Keyless action	15
ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN WATCH, Second Quality.—A perfect Watch in Nickel Silver Crystal Face, Dustproof Case, Keyless action, strong movement	25
ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN WATCH, First Quality, in Nickel Silver Crystal Face Case, Keyless action, all parts jewelled, including the Lever, which has jewelled Facets, bold and clear Dial, so that the time can be seen in a faint light	35
RAILWAY WATCH.—The works are precisely similar to the Campaign Watch, but the Nickel Silver Casing is stouter and heavier	35
RAILWAY WATCH.—Nickel Silver, a larger size than the preceding one, and with a larger stouter Case, bold Dials, strong Lever movement	45

SILVER—

	Rs.
CRYSTAL FACE KEYLESS CAMPAIGN WATCH, in plain or engine-turned Cases. The Plain Cases admit of a large Crest or Monogram being engraved	50
Do. do. do. do. in Hunting Case	55
Do. do. do. do. in Half-Hunting Case	60
PRESENTATION WATCH, a very highly finished Watch, two lines larger than the Campaign, Keyless action and Lever movement, highest quality. The Case admits of a fine Monogram or Crest being engraved and the inner dome a suitable inscription	85
ENGLISH WATCHES, in strong, plain, engraved, and engine-turned Cases, with key-winding actions, the movements capped and jewelled and having a Gold or Compensation Balance	Rs. 75 and 95

For Gold Watches, other Silver and Nickel Silver Watches, and Ladies' Gold Watches, apply to

MARCKS AND CO., LD.,
WATCH, CLOCK, AND CHRONOMETER MAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WHISKY IN JARS.

"BACHELOR'S JARS."

Containing 1, 2, or 4 Gallons of the Best Scotch Whisky. Send to the Godown to be refilled.

PRICE Per Gallon for Cash, Rs. 14-12 and Rs. 12.

VALUE of Jars allowed on return.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c.

THE only Lens that can afford the absolute assistance to, and relief needed by, each individual Eye, must be that which is constructed from a Mathematical Formula, to exactly neutralize the Defect.

It is rare that a truly perfect Pair of Eyes can be met with, but the Sense of Vision can be equalized in all persons, if the Eyes are not affected by Disease.

A complete assortment of our Spectacles, &c., may now be selected from, to remedy every variety of Defective Vision, and to fulfil the prescriptions of Ophthalmic Surgeons. They may be ordered by either the Metric or the ordinary numbers. These Lenses are cut with Great Precision, and may be relied on for Refractive Accuracy.

SPECTACLES.

Best *Pebbles*, for Long or Short Sight.

In Gold Frames, 18-carat	Rs. 27	0
In Aluminium Frames	,, 7	0
In Blue Steel Frames	,, 6	0
Ladies' New Long Handled Spectacles, "THE LORGNETTE," with best Spherical Pebble Lenses, a most fashionable and elegant form of Hand Glass, chiefly used when taking a drive or walk.		
Gold Frame and Handle	,, 125	0
Silver Gilt do.	,, 40 & 50	
Shell do.	,, 20	0

EYE-GLASSES, SINGLE.

Best Pebble, with Cord and Case, for Long or Short Sight	,, 3	0
Best Optical Glass do. do. do.	,, 1	8

PINCES-NEZ.

Best *Pebble*, for Long or Short Sight.

In 18-carat Gold Frames, Non-pressure Spring, resting very lightly on the face	Rs. 26	0
In Silver Gilt Frames	,, 10	0
In Tortoise-shell Turn-pin Frames	,, 8	0
In Straight draw-out Spring, Long or Short Sight	,, 8	0
Skeleton Folders, Springs and Attachments, rivetted on Lens	,, 3	0

EYE PRESERVERS.

Goggles Smoked Glass in Gauze, with Elastic Cord and Japanned Tin Case	,, 2	0
Horse Shoe Spectacles	,, 5	0
Railway Spectacles, Gauze-sides	,, 5	0
Spoon-shaped Glasses, Blue Steel Frames	,, 4	8
In Nickel-plated Incorrodible Frames, with White, Blue, and Smoke-tinted Lenses	,, 5	0

Morocco Cases and Silk Cords supplied.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.

A large Assortment of HUMAN, ANIMALS, and BIRDS always in Stock.

KEMP AND CO., LD.,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

PRESENTS FOR 'XMAS AND THE NEW YEAR.

THORPE AND CO.'S SPECIALITIES.

PRETTY RANGE of SILK SCARVES, From Re. 1-8.

CHOICE. SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, From Re. 1-12 each.

SILK MUFFLERS. A LARGE VARIETY, From Rs. 3-8.

CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS. COLORED BORDERS, From Rs. 4-8 per dozen.

FITTED BAGS. A LARGE CHOICE, From Rs. 80.

DRESSING CASES. IMMENSE SELECTION. From Rs. 10-8.

WALKING STICKS. STERLING SILVER MOUNTS. From Rs. 2-8.

SWAGGER CANES. SILVER MOUNTS, From Rs. 2-8.

WALKING STICKS. GROUND ASH AND WANGEES, CROOKS. From Re. 1.

EIDER QUILTS, COVERED SILK, SATIN, &c., &c. From Rs. 25.

TARTAN MAUDS. ALL PURE WOOL, From Rs. 28-8.

RUGS, SPLENDID RANGE. From Rs. 10-8.

STERLING SILVER STUDS, FRONT, COLLAR AND LINKS. Rs. 6-8 Suit.

THORPE AND CO.,
GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
GAIETY THEATRE.
8TH WEEK.
THE WILLARD OPERA CO.
Director .... Mr. Pemberton W. Willard.
"MISS DECIMA."
AN OPERATIC COMEDY.
FRIDAY THEATRE CLOSED FOR REHEARSAL OF
THE PANTOMIME,
"ALADDIN,"
OR
THE LAMP, THE SCAMP, AND THE TRAMP,
Which will be produced on a scale of unparalleled Magnificence,
GORGEOUS TRANSFORMATION SCENE,
ILLUSTRATING
THE FOUR SEASONS
IN THE HOME OF
FAIRY GOLDEN LOCKS.
☞ NEW AND NOVEL HARLEQUINADE,
ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24TH.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, MONDAY, and TUESDAY, the 24th, 26th, and 27th instant and on SATURDAY, the 31st instant, and MONDAY, the 2nd Proximo, these being Public Holidays under "The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 19th December, 1892.

HAMBURG-CALCUTTA LINE.

THE s. s. "BHOPAL" has ARRIVED from HAMBURG and ANTWERP with a general CARGO and is DISCHARGING in the PRINCE'S DOCK. CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.

Unless Boats are sent alongside immediately to take delivery the Goods will be landed on the Quay at the risk and expense of the Consignees.

All claims for damage must be adjusted by Steamer's Surveyor before the Goods are removed from the Landing Shed, and all claims must be presented prior to the Steamer's sailing, or they will not be entertained.

Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey damages, &c.

JAMES, MACKINTOSH & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 20th December 1892.

GOOD MORNING!
REMEMBER TO PURCHASE
YOUR
CHRISTMAS
AND
NEW YEAR CARDS
AT
MADON, SONS & CO.,
23, HUMMUM STREET, FORT,
Opposite Sirdar's Buildings, Bombay.

☞ "I really tell you Your Selection of Cards this year is far Superior to those I saw in Bombay."

HOUSE VALUATIONS FOR 1893-94.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give notice as required by Section 160 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act 1888, that the entries as required by Clauses (a) (b) (c) and (d) of Section 156 of the aforesaid Act have been completed as far as practicable in the Ward Assessment Books for the several Wards of the City for the year 1893-94, and that the said Ward Assessment Books may be inspected at the Office of the Municipal Assessor and Collector.

I also give Notice under Section 162 (1) of the aforesaid Act that all complaints against the amount of any Rateable Value entered in the said Ward Assessment Books will be received in my Office on or before the 14th January 1893.

H. A. ACWORTH,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices: Bombay, 20th December 1892.

DUC DE MONTEBELLO CHAMPAGNE
CREMANT.
CUVEE EXTRA—MAXIMUM—SEC.
As supplied to many Messes and Clubs.
Rs. 58 per doz. qts. and Rs. 30 per doz. pts., nett cash.

R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., SOLE AGENTS,
11, FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE MOST POPULAR
SQUARE PIANOFORTES
OF THE DAY.
SCHIEDMAYER STUTTGART
GOLD MEDAL AND SOEHNE'S
IRON STANDARD INDIAN SQUARES
MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA AND BURMAH,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE AGRA BANK, (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL ....£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND......£70,000.

LONDON BANKERS—*Bank of England, Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co., and National Bank of Scotland, Ld.*
HEAD OFFICE—Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, London.
BRANCHES—Edinburgh, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Karachi Agra, Lahore, Rangoon, and Shanghai.
AGENCIES—Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed thereon when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000 during the half year ending 30th June, or the half year ending 31st December.

DEPOSITS received available at any time for remittance to England in the Bank's Bills, and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All COMMUNICATIONS should be addressed, and all REMITTANCES made payable to THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

BOMBAY BRANCH—18, RAMPART ROW.
April 13, 1892.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

NEW SHIPMENT OF
TRICHINOPOLY
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks, which are simply unapproachable as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

☞ Parcels for Friends at Home made up on shortest possible Notice.

SPECIAL REGARD FOR
DUTIABLE WEIGHTS.

FLOR DE JAVAS.
Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the
ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS,
FREE DRAUGHT,
SPLENDID CONDITION,
PUREST TOBACCO.

ROYALS	Rs. 4 0	Per 100
TRABUCOS	„ 3 12	„
COQUETAS	„ 3 8	„

Please compare Sizes and Quality with other so-called JAVAS.

FLOR DE SUMATRA CIGARS.

No. 1	Rs. 4 0	Per 100
„ 2	„ 3 12	„

Special attention is invited to these particularly Choice Cigars.

MALTA CIGARS.
"SPOTTED DOGS"
Very Choice.
"SEMIRAMIS"
(The GENUINE Brand.)

HIGH CLASS CIGARS,
REAL HAVANNAHS, &c., &c.
Speecial List on Application.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

YOUTH'S AND BOYS' SAFETY BICYCLES.—Premier Machines, made of the same material, and with the same accuracy as the full-sized Cycles of the "Premier Cycle Co." Guaranteed to last for 10 years. Complete for Rs. 125, or with Ball Bearings, Rs. 145. Full-sized Youth's Tricycle, Ball Bearings throughout, Rs. 245.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Cycle Importers, Bombay and Poona.

LADIES' GLOVES.—A fresh arrival of the best French-Makes, 4 to 12 Buttons, in Tan, Drab, Grey and Black.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.

'XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.—A Handsome Suit of Heavy Gold Plated Collar, Front Studs, and Sleeve Links, Rs. 6-8 set. Will last for years Never change colour. Immense selection.
THORPE and Co., Bombay.

'XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.—A suit of Sterling Silver, Collar, Front Studs, and Links, in Morocco case. Rs. 6-8 set. Sterling value.
THORPE and Co., Bombay.

SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING TRAINING CLASS.—Registry opens for 1893 Session, 'GRAHAM'S' Standard American, and 'PITMAN'S' English Phonography. Prospectus on Application.—The BOMBAY TYPEWRITING Co., 13, Hornby Row.

LANOWLI.—FOREST COTTAGE, FOR SALE, with large Compound, convenient to the Railway Station. Apply to T. KELLY, G. I. P. Railway, Shahabad (Deccan.)

LOVELY CEYLON, KANGRA, Neilgherry and other Indian Teas as Christmas Presents in elegant Duplex Tin Canisters.—MORTON, MAJU and Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

FRESH CONSIGNMENT.—Real MANILA CIGARS and CHEROOTS, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 at Rs. 6, 5 and 4 per 100 respectively. These CIGARS and CHEROOTS are expressly manufactured for us of selected tobaccos.—N. B. DANTRA & Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

DOLLS! DOLLS!! DOLLS!!! Largest and Best Stock of Dressed and Undressed Dolls in the Newest Styles. Moderate Prices to command a ready Sale. Also a splendid selection of Plated Ware suitable for 'Xmas Presents.—BULL & Co., Apollo Bunder.

BRAN PIE LUCK! BRAN PIE LUCK!! Come and try your chance. Only 8 As. a Pull. 8 times the value in many a Pull. A rare Treat to all ages. BULL & Co., Apollo Bunder, Vide Our "'Xmas Illustrated List."

PEARSE'S 'XMAS HAMPERS.—A latest Novelty in Bombay, from Rs. 5 to 35 each. Contain an Assortment of Goods suitable for 'Xmas. With every Hamper a nice present is given away. Ask for 'Xmas List.—Apollo Street, Bombay.

SPECIAL PRICE FOR A WEEK.—Our best unshrinkable CEYLON FLANNEL SLEEPING SUITS, Rs. 5-12. Usual price Rs. 8-12. This is an advertisement, and after the 28th the price will again be Rs. 8-12.—LAIDLAW and WHITEAWAY.

'XMAS ACCOMMODATIONS!—LOANS from RUPEES FIVE to the THOUSANDS!!—Transactions strictly confidential. Apply LOAN SOCIETY, 53, Medows Street.

THE Giant Patent PHOENIX, with 48 Harmonium steel reeds and 6 metal tunes and case complete, Rs. 125. Never imported into India before. A powerful Hand Organ, suitable for Dances or Dancing Halls.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

ROTHERHAM AND SONS' ENGLISH KEYLESS GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, in hunting, half-hunting and open faced cases, ¾ plate, with compensation Balance, Guaranteed to keep perfect time.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42, Meadows Street.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady-trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

FRESH CONSIGNMENT of A. and B. MACKAY'S Celebrated WHISKIES, of LIQUEUR, Cocktail, Glenfalloch, and Old Silent Malt Brands, to be had from JEEJEEBHAI JEHANGEER and Co., Marine Street. Also FRASER and Co., CHEMISTS, Sub-Agents, Cawasjee Patel Street, Fort.

WANTED, SECOND-HAND TENTS, in good order. Servants' Rowtee and Necessary Tents. Apply stating price and where on view to "C. S.," care of this Paper.

WANTED, GREY ARAB HORSE, 14·2½, must be quiet in double harness and moderate in price. Apply to "C. G. W." Ankleshwar, P. O.

REPORTER, fully qualified, WANTED. Address stating terms and experience to "X Z.," care of this Office.

SAILING BOAT, WANTED. Address stating PARTICULARS and PRICE to "X", care of this Office.

SAFE.—Large IRON SAFE FOR SALE, Bombay-make, nearly new, fitted shelves and drawers. Apply No. "101," care of this Paper.

SALE.—SODA WATER PLANT, complete nearly new, with every necessary appliance. Apply No. "100," care of this Paper.

£1,692,564 NEW ASSURANCES were issued by the STANDARD in 1891, the Largest Record yet made by the Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have much pleasure in testifying to the accommodation and food received here. I have lived here for 7 months and must say that I have been very much satisfied with my quarters.—(Sd.) GEORGE GRAY.

MATHERAN.—RUGBY HOTEL, Matheran, is NOW OPEN. It is the most comfortable, the best situated, central and accommodative Hotel on the Hill. Rooms bright, airy, and commodious. All home comforts provided. Terms Moderate.

MATHERAN,—PINTO'S HOTEL.—This well-known Hotel, the most central and commodious on the Hill, is now Open to VISITORS. All Public Offices, Library, Churches, &c., within 5 minutes' walk. Terms moderate.—J. X. PINTO, Proprietor.

SHOP, TO LET, at Meadow Street, next door to Messrs. Morenas and Co.'s. For particulars apply to C. JOST and Co., Hornby Row, Bombay.

CHEAP CHRISTMAS HOLIDAY.—1st and 2nd Class RETURN TICKETS will be issued over the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company's System. For particulars see Notices exhibited at Stations.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and [illegible] Apply to LYON and Co., Sole Agents.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR AND CO., Bombay.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.—Owing to alteration of Premises the Society has decided to meet this arrangement by SELLING STOCK at a Reduction.—ARMY, NAVY & CIVIL SERVICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY OF INDIA, LIMITED, Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

FREE.—Complete ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE is now ready, Post free, with order forms and envelopes on application.—The ARMY, NAVY & CIVIL SERVICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY of INDIA, Ld., Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

PHOTO NEGATIVES taken by P. VUCCINO, and Photographs printed, therefrom also Indian Views to be had from MANECK and Co., late of P. Vuccino and Co., Photo Artists, 6, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, Importer of French, English and Italian Stores and Wines. Sweets and Chocolates fresh made always ready. Cakes of every description,—83, Meadows Street, Fort.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

BUYERS of Sewing Machines please demand an affirmative answer from the Seller if the Machine is manufactured by the Singer Company.—THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., Bombay.

PATENT BONZOLINE BILLIARD BALLS.—We recommend these, specially during the Hot Season, as they are not liable to crack or warp as easily as real Ivory ones, and are only half the price. Sole Agents.—JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

THOUSANDS die by Snake-bites, but Thousands of Feverish Patients have been saved by BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Surgeon-Major A. S. G. Jayakar, Civil Surgeon, Muscat:—"I have used Batliwala's Ague Mixture with success." Surgeon M. E. Reporter, 19th Regiment:—"I have found Batliwala's Ague Mixture very efficacious," &c., &c. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tansa W. Works:—"Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case." R. Crizzie, Esq., in charge, Tunnels, Goilkara:—"I consider it a marvel." Mrs. Temple, Bellary:—"It is a sure cure for malarious fever." P. J. Daly, Esq., Chief Guard, S. M. Railway:—"It is really a dying man's Gold Drops." Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of KEMP & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., and DANTRA & Co., at Re. 1.

MECHANICAL & MUSICAL TOYS.

	Rs.		Rs.
Clown Balancing a Dagger, a Ladder, &c., &c., with Music	150	Shepherdess, with a Lamb bleating in Basket with Music	150
Walking Doll	60	Musical Album, with Sea View	70
Hen Laying Eggs ....From Rs. 14 to	24	Dancing Girl, with Music	100
Smoking Dandy	90	Chinese Lady serving Tea, with Music	75
„ „ and his Dog, with Music	300	Singing Birds in Brass Cages, playing at intervals .... From Rs. 90 to	150
Girl playing Piano, with Music	240	Bear play Drum	80
Oriental Girl playing a Tambourine, with Music	65	Monkey play Guitar, with Music	45
Oriental Girl playing a Tambourine, with Music, and of very rich dress	250	Circus Elephant, with Music	45
Oriental Girl playing Tambourine, with Music, and Fan	600	Niger with Mandoline, and Music	45
The Master and his Pupil, with Music	90	Walking Lamb, with Voice	25
Turk Smoking and Drinking Coffee, with Music	300	Tulip, Music, with Dancing Girl	40
		Dog in Flower Pot, with Music	29

MORENAS & COMPANY,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

CHRISTMAS FESTIVITIES.

PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., beg to draw SPECIAL ATTENTION to the following necessary REQUISITES just imported for the Season:—

Christmas Cards, in Great Variety.
Mistletoe and Holly Sprigs and Flags.
Crystallized Fruits.
Californian Fruits.
Dessert Fruit in Syrup.
Do. do. in Brandy.
Candied Peels.
Mince Meat.
Plum Pudding.
Raisins and Currants.

Muscatel Raisins.
Almonds.
Figs, Eleme.
Barcelona Nuts.
Brazil Nuts.
Walnuts.
Cobnuts.
Nut Crackers.
Toffee.
Butterscotch.

Chocolate Cream.
Sweets in Baskets and Boxes.
Crackers, Tom Smith's.
Toys.
Ham, Bacon, and Cheese.
Stilton Cheese in Jars.
Huntley and Palmer's 'Xmas Cakes.
Metz Fruits.
French Sweets.
Oilmanstores of every Description.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Champagne.
Sherry.
Port.

Madeira.
Liqueurs.
Milk Punch.

Whiskey.
Brandy.
Claret.

Hock.
Beer.
Stout.

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BOMBAY:— Oriental Bank Buildings, Byculla Bridge, and at Cumballa Hill. } **PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,** { POONA:— "Temple House," Camp, and Boodhwar Peth, City.

TOYS! TOYS!! DOLLS! DOLLS!! &C., &C., &C.

SUITABLE TO ALL CLASSES.

		Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Animals	From	3 4 to	5 4
Building Bricks (Wooden)	„	0 14 to	3 12
Beds for Dolls	„	0 14 to	1 0
Building Bricks (Stone)	„	1 12 to	3 4
Boxes of Cubes with Pictures	„	1 0 to	3 12
Blocks	„	1 8 each.	
Ball Game	„	1 8 „	
Bugles, Horn	„	1 0 to	1 8
„ Tin	„	0 6 to	1 4
Boxes of Trousseau	„	3 0 to	7 0
Cradles for Dolls	„	1 0 each.	
Child in Wicker Cart	„	2 4 „	
Cart with two Horses	„	2 8 to	4 8
Cymbal-beaters (Clappers)	„	0 8 to	2 0
Cup and Ball Games	„	0 12 to	1 4
Croquet Games	„	1 8 to	2 8
Conjuring Boxes	„	2 0 to	12 0
Cavalry Box	„	2 0 each.	
Drum with Screws	„	2 0 to	3 0
Dolls—Jointed	„	0 8 to	22 0
„ Musical			
„ Cleansible			
„ Wax			
„ Mama, Papa			
„ Boy			
„ Washable			
„ Kid body			
„ Doubled Faced			
„ Dressed			
„ China			
„ Sailor			
„ Model			
Draughts and Chess Boards	„	2 8 to	6 0
Doll Perambulators	„	1 4 to	2 8
„ Carts	„	5 0 to	7 0
Fur Donkey with voice	„	3 0 to	9 0
Furniture Boxes	„	1 4 to	3 8
Fur Goats with voice	„	1 8 to	10 0
Fur Lambs with voice	„	1 4 to	9 0
Fur Squeaking Cats	„	1 8 to	4 4
Folding Unbreakable Slates	„	0 10 to	1 4
Guns	„	1 4 to	2 12
Harmless Pistols with Targets	„	1 0 to	1 8
Humming Tops	„	0 10 to	0 12

		Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Infantry Soldiers	„	0 10 to	1 8
Infantry Boxes	„	1 0 each.	
India Rubber Toys, Balls	„	0 4 to	3 12
„ „ „ Coloured Balls	„	0 4 to	3 0
„ „ „ Animals	„	0 8 to	2 0
„ „ „ Rattles	„	0 4 to	0 8
„ „ „ Dolls	„	0 10 to	3 12
Kitchen Ware	„	0 6 to	2 8
Locomotives (Steam)	„	6 0 to	8 0
Menageries	„	1 12 to	2 8
Masks	„	0 4 to	1 4
Magic Lanterns with Slides	„	4 0 to	125 0
Noah's Arks	„	0 12 to	3 8
Pianos	„	1 4 to	4 4
Pistols (Iron)	„	0 4 to	0 12
Paint Boxes (Colour Boxes)	„	0 6 to	1 2
Pop Guns	„	0 10 to	1 0
Plaques (per pair)	„	6 0 to	7 0
Rocking Horses	„	20 0 to	40 0
Rattles	„	0 8 to	1 0
Skin Lion with voice	„	3 8 to	12 8
Skin Cow „ „	„	2 8 to	85 0
Skin Tiger „ „	„	4 0 to	85 0
Skittles	„	0 12 to	1 8
Sailing Boats	„	0 14 to	12 0
Swords	„	1 4 to	2 0
Surprise Boxes	„	0 6 to	1 2
Speaking Child in Cradle	„	1 4 to	4 8
Skipping Ropes	„	0 6 to	1 0
Swings	„	4 0 to	5 0
Tool Boxes	„	1 8 to	4 0
Targets	„	1 0 to	3 0
Tambourines	„	0 12 to	2 4
Tin Soldiers	„	1 8 to	3 0
Tea Set	„	0 12 to	7 0
Tin Toys	„	1 0 to	3 0
Trousseaux Boxes	„	3 0 to	7 0
Trapeze	„	6 8 to	9 0
Tivoli Games	„	2 0 to	35 0
Targets (different kinds)	„	1 0 to	3 0
Trumpets	„	0 6 to	1 4
Wooden Horses	„	0 14 to	6 0
Watches	„	0 6 to	0 8
Whips	„	0 8 to	1 0

MORENAS & COMPANY,
GENERAL MERCHANTS, 15, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.

WE are now making a SPECIAL SHOW of the following GOODS JUST RECEIVED from London and Paris:—

NEW DRESS FABRICS FOR DAY WEAR,
NEW DRESS FABRICS FOR EVENING WEAR.
NEW SILKS.
NEW MILLINERY, NEW STRAW HATS AND BONNETS.
NEW LACES.
NEW MANTLES AND CLOAKS,
NEW SUNSHADES,
NEW GLOVES,
NEW VELVETS AND RIBBONS,
NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS,
NEW LINGERIE.

EARLY INSPECTION INVITED.

MORESCHI AND GRAEFFE,
PHOTOGRAPHERS AND ENLARGERS,
BOMBAY, MEDOWS STREET, 58.
PORTRAITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND IN THE HIGHEST STYLE.
ENLARGEMENTS! SPECIALITY. ENLARGEMENTS!!
ON
Bromide Platinotype, Carbon, Porcelain, or Canvas, in Black, White, Oil and Water-colours, finished in the most Artistic Style.
OUTDOOR PHOTOGRAPHIC BUNGALOWS, VIEWS, HORSES, AND GROUPS AT SPECIAL RATES.

MORESCHI AND GRAEFFE,
PHOTOGRAPHERS AND ENLARGERS,
PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY P. VUCCINO & CO.,
MEDOWS STREET, 58, ALL WORK GUARANTEED PERMANENT. BOMBAY.

'XMAS! 'XMAS!! 'XMAS!!!
SPLENDID SELECTIONS OF NOVELTIES IN
FANCY GOODS, GLASSWARE, CONFECTIONERY
JEWELLERY, CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS, TOYS,
ELECTRO-PLATED, CRACKERS, 'XMAS CARDS,

BOLTON & COMPANY,
WINE, PROVISION, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK, LIMITED.

A REGISTER for the TRANSFER of this Bank's Shares in the Bombay Presidency has been OPENED at this Branch.

By Order of the Board,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, 5th November, 1892.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against, or BEING INDEBTED to, the ESTATE of the late RICHARD HENESEY, of Messrs. Geo. Gahagan & Co., are requested TO SUBMIT the same to the undersigned within one month from this date, after which no Claims will be entertained and the estate will be realized.

G. CLARIDGE,
Marine Street,
Sole Executor of the late R. Henesey.

THE NATIONAL BAND PRACTISING DAILY. Full ORCHESTRA and BRASS BAND can be engaged for Dances, Balls, Wedding Parties, and temporarily for Native States. It played for six months at Victoria Gardens at the request of the Municipal Commissioner. Apply to

P. C. FERNANDES,
Director, late Band Sergeant, 21st Marine Battalion,
Dhobi Talao.

RE DAVID WILLIAM TRIMNELL, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons claiming against the Estate of DAVID WILLIAM TRIMNELL, formerly of Raipur, Central Provinces, India, but late of No. 3, St. Helen's Park Crescent, South Sea, in the County of Hants in England, Retired, Deputy Surgeon-General, Madras Medical Service, who died at No. 3, St. Helen's Park Crescent aforesaid, on or about the 2nd Day of July, 1892, and Letters of Administration (with exemplification annexed of the Probate of the last will with a codicil thereto) of whose Estate throughout the Presidency of Bombay were granted on the 9th day of December, 1892, to THOMAS WITHEY CUFFE, Esquire, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Administrator at his Office, Standard Buildings, Fort, Bombay, within one Calendar Month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time he will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the deceased or having property of his in their hands are required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the Administrator.—Dated the 13th day of December, 1892.

CRAIGIE, LYNCH, & OWEN,
Administrator's Attorneys.

ESTATE LT. H. J. G. LAMBE, DECEASED.

PURSUANT to SECTION 42, ACT XXVII of 1866.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late HUGH JOHN GIDDY LAMBE late of Penzance in the County of Cornwall a Lieutenant in the 1st Battalion of the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, European, who died at Sea on the twenty-second day of April 1892. Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to George Roberts Johnston, Manager, Messrs. Grindlay, Groom and Co., of Bombay, are requested to send in the same within one month from this date to the said Messrs. Grindlay, Groom and Co., Bombay after which date the said administrator will proceed to administer the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognized and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them or deliver the said securities or property to the said administrator whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

G. R. JOHNSTON,
Administrator to Estate.

Bombay, 29th Nov, 1892.

LOOK HERE!

THE Undersigned begs to inform the Managers of Newspapers and Periodicals, and those concerned, that he has ARRIVED from Marmagoa, and will stay in Bombay for some time, and that he requests the favor of the Managers of the following Papers to please forward their Papers, Letters, &c., to the undersigned in BOMBAY and not to Marmagoa as hitherto:—

"Madras Times," Madras.
"Civil and Military Gazette," Lahore.
"Indian Daily News," Calcutta.
"Indian Mirror," Calcutta.
"Amrita Bazaar," Calcutta.
"Kathiawar Times," Kathiawar.
"Tribune," Lahore.
"Anglo-Lusitano," Bombay.
"Bolitim Indiano," Bombay.
"Deccan Budget," Bombay.
"Week's News," Allahabad.

SAMUEL FOBLER.

Oomercarry, 19th Nov., 1892.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 158 Military Messes and 46 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith, N. B.
CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	Pall Mall, London.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
VEUVE MONNIER ET FILS.	Epernay.
COLIGNY FRERES.	Rheims.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES.	Cognac.
WILLIAMS HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
J. SACCONE.	Gibraltar.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND Co.	Madeira
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	Oporto
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms-am-Rhein
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith, N. B
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest
MAX GREGER & Co.	Budapest.
JOS. DIETZL.	Budapest.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or
J. & R. GRANT.	Rothes.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREN AND Co.	Stockholm
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
T. P. GRIFFIN & Co.	London.
FRANK BAILEY AND Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

INSURANCES.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

FIRE—LIFE—MARINE.

CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED £2,500,000
Life Fund in Special Trust for Life Policyholders £1,372,227
TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS EXCEED TWO-AND-A-HALF MILLIONS.
Total Annual Income £1,500,000

AGENTS AT BOMBAY:—WALLACE & CO.

BANKS.

COMMERCIAL and LAND MORTGAGE BANK, (Ld).

ESTABLISHED 1885.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ....Rs. 6,30,000
RESERVED FUNDS AND REST.........Rs. 5,55,867
CAPITAL UNCALLED ....Rs. 3,70,000
Total Security......Rs. 15,55,867

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

2 Per Cent. Per Annum is allowed upon Balances.

FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

5 Per cent. per annum for 12 months.
4½ Do. do. for 9 months.
4 Do. do. for 6 months.
3 Do. do. for 4 months.
Interest paid on 1st July and 1st January or at maturity.

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

4 Per Cent. Per Annum is allowed on Monies awaiting remittal to Europe by the Banks' Bills. Ultimately if not so required the Balance or portion thereof may be transferred to the 12 Months Fixed Deposit Account, or to the Prudential Fund.

PRUDENTIAL DEPOSIT FUND.

6 Per Cent Per Annum is allowed and added half-yearly to the principal. The minimum sum acceptable in Deposit is Rs. 10 monthly.

Every description of Banking business is transacted and full particulars are obtainable on application to undersigned.

By Order,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Bombay Branch: Esplanade Road, 31st October, 1892.

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF PERSIA.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1889.)

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP..............£1,000,000
(With power to increase to ....£4,000,000)
RESERVE FUNDS £150,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—
WM. KESWICK, Esq., Chairman, (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.)
H. COKE, Esq., (Messrs. David Sassoon & Co.)
GEOFFREY GLYN, Esq., (Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.)
SIR LEPEL GRIFFIN, K.C.S.I.
A. P. H. HOTZ, Esq., (Messrs. J. C. P. Hotz & Son.)
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BARON GEORGE DE REUTER.
EDWARD SASSOON, Esq., (Messrs. David Sassoon & Co.)
H. D. STEWART, Esq., (Messrs. Stewart, Thomson & Co.)

London Office..............14, AUSTIN FRIARS, E.C.
Chief Office in Persia.....TEHERAN.
Branches at ....BUSHIRE, ISFAHAN, MESHED SHIRAZ, AND TABRIZ.
Agencies at..............BAGDAD, BOMBAY, BUSREH, AND CALCUTTA.
London Bankers ....MESSRS. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE & Co.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received at 4½ per cent. per annum for twelve months. Terms for longer periods can be ascertained on application.

A. F. SIMPSON,
Agent.

Bombay Office: Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Dec. 1892.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital..........................$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund..............................$ 33,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.......$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:
ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co).
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited)
THOMAS JACKSON } Managers.
EWEN CAMERON }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.
BANGKOK.
BATAVIA.
BOMBAY.
CALCUTTA.
COLOMBO.
FOOCHOW.
HAMBURG.

HANKOW.
HIOGO.
ILOILO.
LYONS.
MANILA.
NAGASAKI.
NEW YORK.
PEKING.

PENANG.
RANGOON.
SAIGON.
SAN FRANCISCO.
SINGAPORE.
TIENTSIN.
YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on Application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

J. C. NICHOLSON,
Acting Agent.

40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED... ... £2,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP £250,000
RESERVE FUND £223,000
UNCALLED CAPITAL £1,750,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—
WM. KESWICK, Esq., Chairman, (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.)
ADOLF VON ANDRE, Esq., (Messrs. Andre Mendel & Co.)
EGBERT IVESON, Esq., (Messrs. Iveson & Co.)
DAVID McLEAN, Esq.
F. D. SASSOON, Esq., (late Messrs. David Sassoon, Sons, & Co.)
H. D. STEWART, Esq., (Messrs. Stewart, Thomson & Co.)

Head Office..........3, PRINCE'S STREET, E.C.

London Bankers... { THE CAPITAL & COUNTIES BANK, LD. THE BRITISH LINEN COMPANY, BANK.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received on the following terms:—
3 per Cent. per Annum for 3 Months.
3½ „ „ „ 4 „
4 „ „ „ 6 „
4½ „ „ „ 8 or 9 Months.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened on terms which may be ascertained on application.

A. F. SIMPSON,
Agent.

Bombay Office: Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, December 1892.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL.........£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND ....£ 100,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, KANDY AND MANDALAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

When the accrued interest for Six Months does not amount to Rs. 10, no interest is allowed.

DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase, [illegible] sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, [illegible] receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when [illegible]

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5, Horses standing at Livery on Commission Sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper; Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. [illegible] Double, Rs. 30. The Horse-Shoeing Forge is under management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, every Class of Shoeing is done.

NOW READY—6th EDITION.

ON THE MODERN TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES and EXHAUSTION IN MEN by LOCAL ABSORPTION, with Testimonials, shewing how to obtain a speedy and permanent restoration, without stomach medicines. POST FREE.

E. NORTON,
HOLBORN, LONDON, W. C., ENGLAND.

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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	Rs. 25	1,055
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,030
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	940
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	110
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£20
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	150
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	£1	£3
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	188
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	Nil
Silver Share	...	...	...	...	...
MISCELLANEOUS.				Last Dividend.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000 750	200 50	200 150	10 7½	270 195
BackBay Baths	500	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	10	92
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100nom.
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,100
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	4,300
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	67½	1080
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	83
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	865
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	385
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	159
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	70	...	70 nom.
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	16
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	102
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	div 23¾	206
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	190
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	,000	100	100	Rs. 10	87
NapierHotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	35
NapierFoundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct	180
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	6 pr. ct.	75
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	452½
Prince of Wales FireIn.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	...	20
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	60
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr. ct.	20
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	60	865
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	60
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25		19½
PRESS COMPANIES.				Yearly.	Re. 1
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,200
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all		450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	000'1	1,100	18½pr. ct.	955x 205
Apollo	750	00F'Z	2,200	90	300
Bellary	167	001'1	1,000	Nil.40	122
Bhownugger City Press & Manfg Co, Ld	550	250	550	32½ pr. ct	250
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	125
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	500	200	200		150
Broach City Press Co., Ld.	600	200	all	16	220 240
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	20	325 w. i
East India	350	1,000	1,000	45 dvd 130	1,425
English Press and Manfg.	400	250	...		130
Fort	525	2,500	2,500	Rs. 35	900
French	300	500	all	100	480
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	500	500	50	475x 127½
Hingoli Press Co., Ld.	750	400	all	50	515
Khangaum	240	450	450	32½	137
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	300	500	500	63	52 85
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	7½ pr. ct	92½
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	440
Munmar M.	1,000	250	all	Rs. 32½	270
New Berar	1,200	500	500	Rs. 55	590
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 1	125
Prince of Wales	100	500	500	Rs25dvd	405
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	75	20	500
Sassoon	300	500	500	20	500
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	,00	25	1,375xd
Sind	400	2,000	750	35	500 w
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	35	210
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	375	200	all	... 75	237½
Volkart	...	1,000	100	Rs. 100	970
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.					
Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	00	all	Rs. 20	470
Anglo-Indian	1,345		100	5	80
Bellary S & W Co, Ld. (Bellary)	1871		all	9½per ct.	50
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	620
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	400
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	...	350nom.
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	480
Central India	1,000	500	500	40	1,130
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	575
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,075
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr. ct.	740
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700		12½	635
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,	Rs. 30	430
Doral Mills Co., Ld.	5,698	100	100	50	457
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	435
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	775
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	645
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	505
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	145
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	710
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40 25	660
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	Rs. 5	685
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	...	1,070
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	...	410
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs.	1,095
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	645
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil	540
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	210
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	835
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500x
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	680
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil	720
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	525
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr. ct.	181
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	750
LukmidasSpinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,105
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	500	2,365
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	490
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr. ct.	475
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,525
Mazagon	5,000	0	250	6	132½
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,850xd
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,50	108	100	7 pr. ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	pa
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	150
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	52
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 15	465
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,275
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	655
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,125
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,455
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	0	1,320
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	1yr, rs. 60	540
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	172½
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12½	295
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,380	250	250	12½	220
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	400
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 15	480
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	300	1,000	1,000	50	620
Venishunker Lukhmishunker C. Mill Co Ld.	900	500	900	15	500
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	375
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	680
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	740
Union Mills, Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	610
RAILWAY COMPANIES.				guar.	
G. I.P.R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p.c.	2,400
B. B. & C. I. R. New £18 Share		£18	...	do.	

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs.	26-1
China Leaf	"	25-14 Nominal.
Pekin, Bar Gold old	"	25¼ "
Do. do. new	"	25 "
Australia do.	"	25-14
Bombay do.	"	25-12
English Sovereigns	"	16-5
Do. Drazons	"	16-3
Bar Silver 17 Betterness	"	106-8
Do. 17½ do.	"	106-11
Carolas Dollars	"	230 Nominal.
Mexican do.	"	222-4
Five-Francs	"	330

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.
Bombay Natural History Society's Meeting, 5-30 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre, Willard Opera Company, 9 p.m.
Dramatic Entertainment, St. Peter's Girls' School.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Lawada (s), from Calcutta ; and Pachumba (s), Karachi.

VESSEL SAILED.—The steamer Etona sailed yesterday for Dunkirk.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Brahmani entered the dock on Monday, and the s.s. Etona left it yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s. Imaum entered the dock on Monday, and the s.s. Peshawar yesterday.

GOVERNOR'S LEVEE.—Mr. J. Humphrey was one of the gentlemen who were unavoidably prevented from attending H. E. the Governor's Levee, on the 4th inst.

THE MATRICULATION EXAMINATION RESULTS.—The result of the Matriculation Examination, which was to have been declared on Thursday (to-morrow), has been postponed until the 4th of January next.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—A meeting of the members will be held this afternoon, at the Society's Rooms, 6, Apollo Street, at 5-30 p.m., when the following paper will be read :—" Up a Hill," by Mr. W. F. Sinclair, C.S.

REPORTED THEFT.—David Isekial, living at Parel Road, has reported to the police the theft of silver ornaments and wearing apparel, valued at Rs. 152, from a cupboard in his room, which was apparently opened with a duplicate key.

SIR MUNGULDASS NATHOOBHOY'S WALKESHWAR CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of November was 988. Of these 395 were new admissions. The average daily attendance was 38.

POSTAL NOTICE.—A mail for Europe, consisting of letters and packets, specially marked for transmission per Austrian Lloyd's s.s. Maria Valerie will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to the Trieste P. O. on the 22nd December, 1892, at 8 a.m

ST. PETER'S SCHOOL, MAZAGON.—Mr. Lee-Warner will distribute the prizes to the above schools in the Boys' School-room, on Thursday, Dec. 22, at 5-30 p.m. The Ven. the Archdeacon of Bombay and Professor Oxenham will speak. The attendance of all friends of the Mission is specially desired.

DROWNED IN A WELL.—An inquest was held yesterday, by Dr. Blaney, the Coroner, at Byculla, touching the death of Bhickee, aged 7 years, daughter of Gunpat Gopal, living at Parel. Bhickee used to live with her grandmother, at Byculla. On Monday afternoon, whilst she was playing in the compound of the Hunsraj Kurumsey temple, she accidentally fell into the well, and was drowned. She was brought out dead. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

THE ASSAULT ON A CHILD.—The case against Gainoo Tookaram, who stands charged with committing an assault on the child Chandbee, was resumed before Mr. C.P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Courts, when the testimony of Inspectors George and Briscoe was recorded regarding the enquiries they prosecuted, and the enfeebled state in which they saw the child, in her mother's arms. The Chemical Analyser's report proved that mammalian blood had been discovered on the garments sent to him for examination. The case stands adjourned.

ALLEGED CHARGE OF GAMBLING.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Cowasjee Burjorjee and six others were charged by Inspector Hack with gambling in a common gaming-house, at Northbrook Garden, on Monday evening. The first accused was further charged with keeping a common gambling-house. All the accused denied the truth of the charge, and stated that they were only playing at whist, and not gambling with money and cards. The room was not used as a gaming-house but as a club. When they were playing the doors were open, and everybody could see them from outside. The Magistrate discharged the accused.

SUICIDE.—An inquest was held yesterday, by Dr. Blaney, the Coroner, at the Goculdass Tejpal Hospital, touching the death of Malloo, aged 22 years, wife of one Govind Jairaj. A few days ago the deceased's father died at her native country. Her mother wrote to her husband to send Malloo to her house for a few days, but he refused to do so, stating that he had no money to defray the expenses of the journey. She became despondent, and purchased six annas' worth of opium, which she swallowed. She was found lying unconscious in her room, and was removed to the Gokaldas Tejpal Hospital, where she died yesterday. The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

THE EURASIAN AND ANGLO-INDIAN DEPOSIT AND LOAN SOCIETY.—At an extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders, held on Monday last, certain stringent rules, which limited the working of the Society within a small sphere, were expunged, and the management authorized to open the Loan Branch to Europeans and Eurasians generally. This has been a step in the right direction. Knowing how hard it is for an honest man to raise a loan in time of need in this part of the country, the shareholders of the Society have conferred a boon on their community. The Society make advances on all kinds of security, for long and short periods, and at rates of interest varying and according to the nature of articles pledged. A Society like this is of immense benefit to many a poor man, who otherwise must and does fall into the hands of the well-known shylocks, the noted " Marwarrees."

THEFT OF CURRENCY NOTES.—At the Esplanade Police Courts yesterday, before Mr. P.H. Dustoor, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Stanford charged Govindram Dhunji with theft, as a servant, of currency notes and cash, amounting in all to Rs. 653-14-3. The complainant in the case was Purshotum Premji, a cloth merchant in the Moolji Jetha Market, who stated the accused was employed as a bill-collector, and had brought in the above sum on the night of the 18th inst. The money was abstracted from his cash-box by the prisoner, whilst complainant was making some calculation. A report of its disappearance was made to the police, who succeeded in arresting the thief. The money was easily recovered, as the prisoner made a confession of his guilt, and pointed out the spot where he had secreted it. The Magistrate found him guilty and passed a sentence of twelve months' hard labour upon him.

BOMBAY ASTROLOGICAL SOCIETY.—On Sunday last " The Bombay Astrological Society," or " The Jotirved Mandal," was established at a meeting held in the Maratha High School by the leading astrologers of the town. Mr. Cowasjee Bahiramjee Goolwalla, an expert astrologer, was in the chair. Mr. Jeewanraw Trimbak Chitnis, a contributor to the Astrologer's Magazine (London), declared the society to have been started for the purpose of promoting the cause of astrology, and advocated that a new system, which would suit the eastern and western climes should be introduced. The president was requested to testify as to the truth of astrology. The horoscope of Professor Rajaram Ramkrishna Bhagwat was cast according to the Sayon system. The president, quoting several aphorisms from Sanskrit texts, brought the truth of the astral science to the light, and satisfied the learned professor and the audience.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES AT DADUR.—On Saturday last, the annual entertainment and distribution of prizes to the pupils of the Antonio da Silva School and the Convent School of the Sacred Hearts of Jesus and Mary founded by the late Very Rev. J. B. Fernandes, was held in the spacious hall of the Boys' School at Dadur. A large number of invitations was issued to the parents of both the schools as also the public. Long before the appointed time, the guests commenced to arrive, and by 5 p.m. both the hall and the galleries were crowded. The Very Rev. Gabriel F. de Silva, Vara of Thana, presided, being supported on the right by Rev. Fr. J. B. Steins, Rector, St. Xavier's College, and on the left by Rev. Hermingied Pereira, Chaplain of Oomercarry. Punctually the proceedings commenced, the St. Lucius Band striking the first tune. The piano accompaniments were well executed by the Misses Gomes, Silva, Murzello, and Ghamat. The various songs were rendered with great credit by a chorus of girls. Miss Batliwalla, as Dr. Puff Stuff, delivered a very instructive lecture, and exhibited various kinds of medical preparations administered by her for different diseases, with great success in China and other parts of the world. Miss R. Gomes " Lesson Master" directed the chorus of school girls in a masterly manner, and merited applause from the audience. The Misses S. Ghamat and R. Dias performed " Hallucination of a Savant " very well. The school-boys performed scenes from Shakespeare's " King John " and a farce " Two queer customers at a roadside Hotel." They all sustained their parts well, especially Da Silva and the two Chinoys. Much credit is due to the master who took pains to train them so well. The report of the Boys' School was read by Mr. S. J. d'Abreo, and of the Girls' School by Mr. J. F. Rodrigues, secretaries of the respective institutions. Much praise is due to Mr. J. B. Fernandes, president of the school committee, and the members as well as the Sister Superior and the Sisters of the Girls' School, also to the teachers for co-operating with the committee to make the occasion grand. After the distribution of prizes, the Very Rev. Gabriel da Silva spoke a few words of encouragement to the pupils, and wished them and their institutions increasing success for the future.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice CANDY and the Hon. Mr. Justice FULTON.)

MUNICIPAL MATTERS AT BROACH.

IMPERATRIX VS. BAI REVA, WIDOW OF RAMCRISHNA BAPUJEE.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. Dadabhoy Dinsha, first-class magistrate of Broach, who, in August last, convicted the accused of contravening the provisions of Act 6 of 1873 by allowing offensive liquids to flow from her premises into a street, and fined her Rs. 10, with the alternative of seven days' simple imprisonment.

It appeared that the managing committee of the Broach Municipality had issued a notice to the effect that, in consequence of an absence of a proper drainage system, the inhabitants were obliged to keep their drains open during the monsoon, and that in consequence, a quantity of foul liquid flowed into the streets and made them impassible. The accused stated that she had been illegally convicted, as the Municipality had not taken any action in the matter. The magistrate held that, under the Act, no person was allowed to let offensive liquids flow into a public street without the sanction of the Municipality. The accused had obtained no such permission ; and the managing committee, the magistrate was of opinion, had no power to over-ride the provisions of the law and to pass a resolution to the effect that the inhabitants could keep their drains open during the rains with impunity ; for if such a course was allowed the laws would become of no use, and public health and safety would be seriously endangered. The accused was prosecuted after the Collector had seen with his own eyes liquid flowing from her premises, while she had the impudence to bring forward two false witnesses, who said that the water was clean.

Their lordships, in disposing of the appeal, said that it had been found as a fact that offensive liquids had been allowed to flow from the defendant's premises into the street ; but the legality of the conviction had been denied on two grounds : first, because no complaint had been made, as provided by section 82 of the Municipal Act, by the Municipality ; and, secondly, because permission had been granted to the defendant as provided by section 54 of the Act. As regards the first contention, their lordships saw no reason to differ from the Criminal Ruling in Imperatrix vs. Mulchand Odhavdas, in which it had been held that the law did not prevent a private person from making a complaint to a magistrate in such cases. As to the second point the court held that the resolution of the municipal committee passed in 1891 did not give the permission required by the Act of 1873. The resolution possibly showed that, if the defendant had made an application, she might have obtained the necessary permission under section 54 ; but their lordships could not hold that the resolution by itself amounted to such permission, and, under the circumstances, the appeal was rejected.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE, the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY, and the Hon. Mr. Justice STARLING.)

COMPLAINT AGAINST A SOLICITOR.

IN THE MATTER OF MR. R.A.R. SKIPSEY, SOLICITOR.

THIS was an argument of a rule " nisi " granted some days ago, requiring Mr. Skipsey, solicitor, High Court, to show cause why his name should not be struck off the roll of solicitors for misconduct. Mr. Jardine, instructed by Mr. Bayley, of Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland, and Bayley, Secretary to the Bombay Law Society, appeared in support of the rule " nisi." Mr. Skipsey appeared in person to argue against it.

The rule was granted on a petition of the Law Society, which, among other things, stated that Mr. Skipsey had received Rs. 1,500 from a European lady ; Miss Harriet Cosserat, for investment, but had misappropriated the amount, and was liable under rule 9 of the Law Society, to be removed from the list of solicitors of the High Court. Mr. Skipsey had filed an affidavit in reply in which he denied that he was guilty of misconduct in his professional capacity. He had not acted for the lady in the matter as her professional adviser, but only as a friend. Some correspondence which had passed between the Law Society and Mr. Skipsey was read to the court.

Mr. Skipsey, in arguing against the rule, commented upon the affidavit of the complainant, on which the Society had taken its stand. He contended that the Society had no right to come before the court to have his name removed. He had not acted as the complainant's professional adviser, and had not misconducted himself in the capacity of a professional adviser. He applied for, but was refused the address of the complainant and her mother by the chairman of the Law Society. The petition and the affidavit of Miss Cosserat appeared to have been drawn up by the same hand, which showed that Miss Cosserat had nothing to say against him, and that the matter had been got up in her name. He had acted as her friend for several years, and had received no money from her for investment in his capacity as a solicitor of the High Court.

The Chief Justice : In your letter of the 12th March, 1888, you refer to having received money. In what character were you then acting ?

Mr. Skipsey : In the character of a friend of the family.

The Chief Justice : Have you anything to show that you were then acting in the character of a friend to her. Have you any letters to show that ?

Mr. Skipsey : I had received hundreds of letters from her as well as from her mother and brother ; but have lost most of them in removing my office from one place to another.

The Chief Justice : Then on what do you rely ? " Prima facie" you wrote the letter of the 12th March in the capacity of a professional adviser.

Mr. Skipsey : I had received hundreds from her ; but most of them have been lost along with other documents whilst my office was removed from place to place. I have still a lot of them with me.

The Chief Justice : Do you then mean to say that you will be able to show by these letters that you have not acted in the capacity of her legal adviser?

Mr. Skipsey : I will be able to show that, from the year 1881 to the end of 1887 or the beginning of 1888, I was not acting as her legal adviser.

The Chief Justice : And did no professional work for her ?

Mr. Skipsey : No professional work. From the letters I would be able to show that I was consulted on the most trivial of things from the choice of a cloak down to that of a ribbon. I have lost also the papers relating to the mortgage. The man with whom the mortgage deed was to be executed died soon after the agreement was made.

The Chief Justice : Can you show when the man died ?

Mr. Skipsey : I have no evidence to show that. All the documents were lost in that year in which my office was removed some eight times. I heard of his death some three months after the money was paid.

The Chief Justice : But you have no evidence to show that ?

Mr. Skipsey : No, my lords.

The Chief Justice : Can you identify that mortgager, Hajee Mahomed ?

Mr. Skipsey : I have never said that the name of the man was Hajee Mahomed. I cannot tell the court what the name of the man was. Soon after the agreement the man died ; and there was a quarrel in his family, and his wife left for Bushire. Had it not been for his death, all would have been right.

The Chief Justice : Then you mean to say that you had received the money and had invested the amount in the mortgage of the property situated somewhere at Camateepoora, but the mortgage deed was not prepared?

Mr. Skipsey : I had received the money from her as a friend to be invested in any way I liked. I had not received the money in the capacity of her legal adviser. I must here admit that I had received the money and had invested it foolishly. I had not received any directions from her as to how and under what security I was to invest the money.

The Chief Justice : Were you not as a solicitor bound to see that the money you advanced was advanced on some security?

Mr. Skipsey : As her friend I had received the money and had invested it on the mortgage of a property. It is an every-day occurrence in the city. The title deeds are with me, but I have lost all the documents relating to the agreement while removing my office from one place to another along with my other personal documents.

The Chief Justice : Then your case is that you had invested the money in the mortgage of the property, but had lost the documents.

Mr. Skipsey : That is the case, but I would be able to show from the letters that I was not acting for her in the capacity of her legal adviser.

The Chief Justice : Then you want time to prove from the letters that you were not acting in the capacity of her legal adviser ?

Mr. Skipsey : That is for the Law Society to prove that I was acting as her legal adviser at the time.

The Chief Justice : Where is Miss Cosserat ? Her evidence would show in what capacity Mr. Skipsey was acting for her.

Mr. Vernon Bayley : She is at Hyderabad.

The Chief Justice : We want her here.

Mr. Skipsey was then told to file all the letters in court, marking those on which he relied.

The case was then postponed till a fortnight after the Christmas vacation.

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

BERAR COTTON CROP.

THE final report submitted by the Director of the Agricultural Department of Berar on the crop for the season 1892 is as follows :—

" The total area under cotton as shown in the statement below is 2,186,572 acres or 2·5 per cent. less than last year and 1·4 per cent. below the average of the preceding five years. There is no late cotton crop in Berar, and all the remarks have reference to the early crop. The decrease in area compared with the last year is confined to Amraoti (3·9), Buldana (6·8), Wun (4·1), and Basim (5·1), while Akola and Ellichpur show a slight increase. But when compared with the five years' average Wun shows a considerable increase of 6·68 per cent. and Ellichpur and Basim a small increase, while the other districts show a decrease.

" 2. The causes of fluctuation in area during the year under report are partly due to exigencies of rotation and lateness of the first monsoon showers, and partly to low prices for Berar cotton ruling in the Bombay market during the last year.

" 3. The season was generally good at first, and plants throve well and promised a satisfactory outturn, but the heavy rainfall of September and October injured the crop, and the Provincial estimate of outturn is 9 annas. The estimated yield this year is likely to be 186, 782 bales of 400lbs. each, or 38 per cent. less than that of the last year. The state of the crop in each district is as shown below :—

" Amraoti.—The area under the crop is 520,858 acres or 4 per cent. below the average of last year and the quinquennial average. Heavy and untimely rain damaged the crop, and the outturn is estimated to be 10 to 11 annas, taking 20 annas as a bumper crop.

" Akola.—The total acreage under the crod is 528,603 or 1·7 per cent. above last year, but 5 per cent. below the quinquennial average. Owing to unseasonable rainfall the growth of plants was retarded, and in some places the crop was considerably damaged by the late heavy rains. The outturn is estimated at 9 annas in three talukas, and in Khamgaon at 12 annas, where the crop was better on account of earlier sowings. It is reported that in this district the cotton crop suffered very much less from the recent heavy rains than was first expected: it was true that in some parts the bolls had been knocked off, but their place would to a certain extent be replaced by new growths. It was also estimated that throughout this district there had been average loss of 4 annas in the rupee.

" Ellichpur.—The total area under the crop is 249, 030 acres or 2 per cent, above that of last year and slightly above the quinquennial average. The rain fall has not been favourable, and the late rains had the effect of stunting the growth of the standing crop. In some places the leaves and flowers were destroyed by the late rains.

"Buldana.—The area under crop during the year is 319,154 acres or 6 per cent. below that of last year and slightly below the quinquennial average. Owing to heavy rainfall the crops suffered and promised no satisfactory outturn. The yield is estimated at 6 to 8 annas.

"Wun.—The total are a under crop is 306,018 acres or 4 per cent. below the area of last year, but about 7 per cent. above the quinquennial average. Prior to excessive rain in the months of September and October, the prospects were good, and the probable outturn was estimated at 12 annas, but the late heavy rains caused great damage to the crop. Bolls have been beaten off to a great extent, and the yield is now estimated at 8 annas in the rupee.

" Basim.—The total area under this crop during the year under report is 262,909 acres or 5 per cent. below that of last year, but slightly above the quinquennial average. The decrease is due to lateness of the first rains and partly to rotation of crops. The late rain injured the crop, and the yield is estimated at 10 annas."

MADRAS COTTON CROP, 1892.

The revised figures of the area sown with cotton this year, as reported at the end of November, compare as shown below with the areas reported last year, and with what is taken as the normal area i.e., the average area for the five years preceding, for the corresponding periods :—

Districts.	Area of sowings in			Increase or decrease as compared with normal.	Estimated outturn.
	A normal year.	1891.	1892.		
	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	As.
Kistna	1,708	1,720	1,410	— 298	8
Nellore	123	103	109	— 14	9
Kurnool	2,150	2,069	1,821	— 329	9
Bellary	2,076	1,461	2,082	+ 6	12
Anantapur	1,163	555	971	— 192	9
Cuddapah	943	935	862	— 81	11
Total	8,163	6,843	7,255	— 908	10
Coimbatore	1,832	2,018	2,125	+ 293	7
Salem and Trichinopoly	285	269	268	— 17	9
Total	2,117	2,317	2,393	+ 276	8
Madura	619	547	567	— 52	10
Tinnevelly	1,447	1,183	903	— 544	6
Total	2,066	1,730	1,470	— 596	8
Other districts	137	114	97	— 40	9
Grand Total	12,483	11,004	11,215	— 1,268	9·5

The total decrease in area amounts to 126,800 acres as compared with a normal area up to this date of 1,248,300 acres. In 1891 the smallness of the area sown was due to the unfavorable character of the season generally. This year in all the northern districts the season has been generally favorable, but the excessive rain which fell in September and October retarded sowings in some places and damaged the crop in others, whilst the high price of food grains has led to a limitation of the area sown with cotton. These causes have, except in Bellary where there is a small excess, led to a very considerable falling off in area, especially in Kistna, Kurnool and Anantapur. In all the northern districts, however, the crop is said to be in good condition and a fair outturn is anticipated.

In Coimbatore, the area sown is much larger than usual, but owing to the failure of the November rains in this and the adjoining districts, the crop is suffering considerably at present. Such a failure of rain in the southern cotton districts has not been recorded before during November during the last 23 years.

In Tinnevelly, this failure followed on an extremely light October rainfall and consequently the area of cotton sown in that district is 54,400 acres or 37·5 per cent. less than usual, and the young crop is suffering very severely there and in the adjoining parts of Madura from want of rain.

Anything like a definite estimate of outturn for Madura and Tinnevelly is as yet impossible, but taking the figures as reported, which give the crop at 9·5 annas—16 annas being an average crop of 50 lb. per acre—the outturn may be put at 83,200 bales of 400 lb. each from Government villages only.

MADRAS PADDY CROP OF 1892-93.

First Forecast of Outturn.

The reports of the area sown with this crop up to the end of November show that throughout the Presidency the area was larger than usual, the excess amounting to 562,400 acres, or 12 per cent., in Government villages. In the great delta districts the excess is not very large, but in Nellore and the Deccan districts it reaches or exceeds 40 per cent. of the normal, and on the West Coast and in North and South Arcot and Chingleput it is about 14 per cent.

The reports of the condition and probable outturn of the crop are very favorable for the Northern and Deccan and West Coast districts, and a good deal of crop has been harvested in the latter. In Tanjore and Trichinopoly the bulk of the crop is good, but owing to the meagre supplies of irrigation water in the Cauvery, and the general failure of the rainfall a good deal is suffering, and may yield a poor crop. In Salem and Coimbatore the crop that has been harvested has been good, but the standing crop is suffering in many places. In North and South Arcot and Chingleput the crops are also suffering and will probably yield only a very moderate crop, whilst in Tinnevelly and Madura the prospect is still worse.

Particulars of area, and the estimates of probable outturn received, are shown in the following table, sixteen annas being taken as an average crop :—

Districts.	Area sown up to November in			Increase or decrease as compared with normal.	Estimated outturn.
	A normal year.	1891.	1892.		
	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Annas.
Ganjam and Vizagapatam	241,600	242,400	272,000	+ 30,400	12
Godavari	557,400	558,000	583,90	+ 26,500	12
Kistna	392,600	391,800	414,700	+ 22,100	13
Deccan districts	181,600	124,500	271,400	+ 89,800	13
Nellore	193,000	167,000	265,700	+ 72,700	10
North Arcot	219,600	148,900	259,300	+ 39,700	10
Chingleput	273,000	220,600	300,100	+ 27,100	9
South Arcot	234,600	176,400	302,500	+ 67,900	7
Tanjore	814,400	830,600	846,600	+ 32,200	11
Coimbatore, Salem and Trichinopoly	292,800	278,300	311,200	+ 18,400	12
Madura and Tinnevelly	265,500	274,000	295,200	+ 29,700	7
Malabar and South Canara	963,800	976,100	1,072,700	+108,900	11
Nilgiris	5,900	5,700	5,900	..	8
Total	4,638,800	4,395,100	5,201,200	+562,400	11

MADRAS INDIGO CROP OF 1892.

According to the reports received from Government villages, the area sown with indigo in the current season compares as shown below with the average area sown up to the corresponding date, and with the area sown last year in the same period :—

Districts.	Area sown up to Nov. in			Increase or decrease as compared with normal.	Estimated outturn.
	A normal year.	1891.	1892.		
	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Annas.
Kistna	75,100	44,200	43,600	— 31,500	12
Nellore	48,000	31,200	35,900	— 12,100	12
Kurnool	54,900	26,900	34,900	— 20,000	12
Anantapur	13,600	6,900	15,600	+ 2,000	12
Cuddapah	52,700	36,300	80,300	+ 27,600	13
North Arcot	9,500	6,100	7,200	— 2,300	8
Chingleput	8,500	4,400	9,300	+ 800	11
South Arcot	29,400	19,400	17,500	— 11,900	11
Other districts	6,800	3,300	5,300	— 1,500	10
Total	298,500	180,700	249,600	— 48,900	12

In Kistna and Nellore, where the area shows a decrease of 43,600 acres or about 35 per cent. compared with the normal, the decrease is ascribed to the fact that the high prices of food-grains has induced the ryots to limit the area under indigo. In these districts the crop has been a very good one; In Kurnool, the reason mentioned is also given in explanation of the falling off in the area sown this year, whilst in Cuddapah the favorable character of the season led to a much larger area of the crop being sown than usual. In all the Deccan districts the crop has done very well indeed.

In the remaining districts, except South Arcot, the decrease in area is small. In South Arcot, the decrease is put down to the more extensive cultivation of food grains and groundnuts. The crop in Chingleput and South Arcot is at present fair, but in great need of rain ; elsewhere it is in but moderate condition and only likely to give a fair outturn.

On the whole the crop this year is a good one, and were it not for the present unfavorable character of the season in the Carnatic, it would be very good throughout.

PARSEE " MARRIAGE MONEY."

ON Monday evening, Mr. Framjee Dinshaw Petit presided at a public meeting of Parsees called by Mr. K. N. Kabraji to organise a movement to root out the pernicious custom existing amongst unmarried Parsee youths of demanding large dowries from the parents of brides at the time of their marriage.

The chairman, in explaining the object of the meeting, said that the evil introduced by the unmarried youths of their community was very great and regrettable in the extreme. Some stringent measures ought to be adopted to put a stop to or, at least, minimise the danger, which threatened to lower the social, and even moral status of the Parsees, whose ancestors had achieved great renown in old days. The venerable deeds of their fore-fathers which made them famous in history were being tarnished by covetous youths, of the present day, who regarded matrimony as a source of making a fortune. The pernicious system, if allowed to continue, would mar the social progress of the community, and, therefore, it ought to be the pride, duty, and pleasure of every true Zoroastrian to co-operate in the movement set on foot with such a praiseworthy and much desired object in view if they succeeded in effecting the reform which they desired, the consequences would be healthy and beneficial to the community at large. It behoved, therefore, every one of them, rich or poor, to join in the movement. Their labours would be rewarded even if they would succeed in minimising the evil to some extent. The chairman, then, called upon Mr. Kabraji to address the audience on the necessity of forming a society for the purpose of carrying on a crusade against the pernicious system in question.

Mr. K. N. Kabraji said that he need not read the replies received by him from numerous leading and educated members of the community, who were in favour of the movement, as the public had been informed of the same through the press. The meeting was not called at his desire alone but of numerous gentlemen, who were of opinion that the reform intended to be effected was pressing. The movement of establishing a society had not also originated with him, but with his, young friend, Mr. Rustam B. Paymaster. Several gentlemen were, however, of opinion that the evil which they complained of had not exceeded the limits to which social evils of the kind existed in all the progressive communities. His friend, Mr. Ardeshir, solicitor, was also of this opinion, and believed that the evil was, to a certain extent, inseparable and would continue to be always so, from communities progressive enough to include among their activities the pursuit of wealth, position, and worldly distinction. Mr. Kabraji begged to differ from this opinion, which, he said, was fortunately shared by a narrow minority only. If he had been convinced that the evil did not exist, nor threatened to exceed, he would not have called that meeting. The element of mercenary consideration in matrimony ought never to be tolerated. Mr. Ardeshir had pointed out that it was not in human nature to deny the offers made to youths by the parents of brides in order to see their daughter well settled in life. Mr. Kabraji admitted that it was true that some parents in their over-anxiety to get educated husbands for their daughters, offered large dowries, but that was not the case with the educated Parsees. Mr. Kabraji was not able to point out the instances in which large dowries were demanded by shameless youths as he had not kept a record, but the instances were numerous and of frequent occurrence. The society had, unfortunately, no power to deal with such impertinent youths of their community but if they would continue their fight, the evil custom would surely be diminished to a great extent, and finally disappear altogether. "The pen is mightier than the sword," and if they would secure the co-operation of the Press, there was a fair chance of success in their movement, which ought to commend itself to the rich and the poor alike. The abolition of infant marriages amongst Parsees was brought about to crush a great social evil, and not to bring into existence the system of demanding large dowries. For the sake of their sisters and daughters, they should join hand in hand to fight in the great crusade, which was sure to be productive of good results. Unfortunately, the legislation could not interfere in the matter. Mr. Kabraji concluded by requesting everybody to join in the society and try to discourage the evil practice as much as possible. He said that if they succeeded in gaining their object, mercenary marriages would come to an end and love marriages would take their place.

Mr. Darab Sanjana said that the present system of demanding large dowry was pernicious to their society at large, and contrary to the usages of the olden times when their fore-fathers took glory in the non-existence of the dowry-system.

Erwad Jeewanjee Jamshedjee Mody said that not only from a religious point of view but from a social point of view also it was most desirable to root out the evil, which had engaged the minds of the Parsees for some time past.

Erwad Sheriarjee Barucha remarked that it was the sacred injunction of Zoroaster that every man and woman should marry. If the parents of brides could not afford to give large dowries to the bridegrooms, how could their daughters be married. It was, therefore, desirable to form an Association to stamp out the evil.

Mr. Nasserwanjee Patel and Khan Bahadur Byramjee Dadabhoy also spoke in favour of the movement. A committee was appointed to make report as to the scope, power, and the method of doing the work of the association, which it was proposed to start and in which everybody who liked was to be admitted as a member. A hearty vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

DIVINE SERVICES.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21.
Feast of Saint Thomas, Apostle and Martyr.
7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion, Choral.
6 p.m.—Advent Service, Litany and Sermon by the Venerable A. Goldwyer Lewis.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board the s. s. Hindustan in the Prince's Dock this evening at 7-30 p.m. Captains, officers, engineers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 19.
10 p.m. — — — — — — — 78·2

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20.
6 a.m. — — — — — — — 74·1
10 a.m. — — — — — — — 78·4
2 p.m. — — — — — — — 85·5
4 p.m. — — — — — — — 83·2

THE Vienna correspondent of the *Daily News* reports that in the Reichsrath a deputy excited by a polemic with a Liberal member, exclaimed : "You have said some fine things about France. I congratulate you upon your Panama Canal Republic of corruption and theft. I must say I prefer an Absolutist Government to a Republic of thieves and swindlers." The President called the deputy to order, and he made a deep ironical bow. It is considered possible the French Ambassador will call Count Kalnoky to account for the insult offered to his Government.

THE CONSTANT USE of Fothergill's Madonal keeps at bay the enemies of the Human Body in tropical climates, Rheumatism Torpid Liver, Itchy Skin and Stone in the Bladder. Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.—MADON, SONS and Co., Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s s Afrikander, 1,793 tons, Captain T C Hubback, cleared yesterday for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s s Lawada, 2,140 tons, Captain J M Whitehead, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo and Mr J J Anderson as cabin and 2 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's Kapurthala, 671 tons, Captain J.W. Livingstone, will sail to-day for Karachi via Kathiawar coast, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr W Laidlaw, Mr. P Renault, Mr. X. Castelli, Captain R. Light, Revd H Bochum and 165 deck.

THE B I S N Co's s s Pachumba, 544 tons, Captain E C Russell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi via Kathiawar coast, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—H H Maharaja of Kolhapore, Raja of Bhownugger, six native gentlemen, Mr. Fraser, Mr. H J Rustomjee, Mr Elmore, Mr S G Mahomed, Mr H A A Hamed and friend, Surgn-Captain Baker, Mr and Mrs Knowles, Revand Mrs Stone, Mrs Conroy, Mrs Iale, four native gentlemen, Mrs Goolbedor, Mr A Ismail, two native women and 437 deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—DECEMBER 20.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Bhopal	1930	Hansen	B	J Mackintosh & Co
" Hosainee	993	Raffin	C	B & P S N Co
" Avoca	1437	Nacoda	G	Allana Munjee
" Afrikander	2700	Hubback	H J	F Muir & Co.
" Hindustan	1552	Hazard	K	J Mackintosh & Co
" Brahmani	..	..	L	Shepherd & Co
" Pekin	2133	Street	M	P & O S N Co
" Cy of Wakefield	1937	Townsend	N	K Nixon & Co
" Erhenfels	1521	Warckm ist'r	P	Glade & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

S.S. Saburmati............Nacoda..........Shepherd & Co.

The Time-ball drops at Prince's Dock at noon, or Greenwich mean time, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.

The Time-ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba mean-time, or 8h. 8m. 44·3s a.m. of Greenwich mean time.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No	
S.S. Asia	2522	Laird	2	W & A Graham & Co
" City of Venice	2200	Campbell	3	Sir C. Forbes & Co
" Peshawar	3995	Jephson	4	P & O Co
" Metapedia	1054	Fraser	5	K Nixon & Co
" Kt of St John	2218	Billett	6	K Nixon & Co.
" Imperatrix	...	Egger	7	A L S N Co
" M Valerie	2541	..	8	A L S N Co
" Niagara	1987	McConochie	9	K Nixon & Co
" Worsley Hall	2143	Black	10	E Bates & Co
" Kirby Hall	1684	Phillips	11	E Bates & Co
" Imaum	2703	Penberthy	13	E Bates & Co
" Aston Hall	2254	McFee	14	E Bates & Co
" Bombay	2019	Robertson	15	J Mackintosh & Co
" Altonower	1611	Murray	15	T Morrison & Co

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
20	Lawada (s)	Whitehead	Calcutta, Nov 27.
	Pachumba (s)	Russell	Karachi, Dec 17.

DEPARTURE.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
20	Etona (s)	Welch	Dunkirk.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—
Steamer Afrikander, Hubback, for Antwerp.
" Kapurthala, Livingstone, for K. Coast & Karachi.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Imperatrix, for Trieste, &c.
" Bhopal, for Madras and Calcutta.
" Niagara, for Antwerp, Dunkirk, Liverpool, &c.
" Kt. Templar, for Havre, Hull, Liverpool, &c.
" Gwalior, for China, &c.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Dec..			
15	Semantha bq	Rowe	Cardiff, July 25.
	Bengal s	Barratt	London, Nov 1.
	Kohinur s	Wright	Rangoon, Dec 9.
	City of Oxford s	Miller	Liverpool, Nov 15.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 15.—Steamers Sir John Hawkins and Clan Grant ; and ship Machrihanish.

DAILY EXPORTS —DECEMBER 20.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Worsely Hall s—4,600 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co ; 69 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

City of Venice s—1,000 cwts myrabollams, P Runchordass.

Kt Templar s—16,000 cwts, bone meal, Cassum Mahomed.

Asia s—250 bales wool, Goculdas Toolsee las ; 10 bales wool and 26 bales goat hair, W and A Graham and Co ; 230 cwts coir yarn and 146 cw's, coir ropes, L Maneckchand ; 2,000 cwts bone meal, Alex Mckenzie ; 100 bales cotton, Thos. H Moore and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Asia s—330 cwts linseed, A Blascheck and Co ; 2,000 cwts bonemeal, Cassum Mahomed.

FOR HAMBURG.

Ehrinfels s—200 bales cotton, Durst Hosli and Co ; 6,000 cwts linseed, 10,401 cwts rapeseed and 1,000 cwts ajamseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 645 cwts myrabolams, Otto Martin ; 6,000 cwts bone meal, R Kaderbhoy.

Bombay s—182 cwts cloves, Hassumbhai Datoo ; 110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 200 cwts myraballams, Volkart Brothers ; 900 cwts rapeseed, N Nensee and Co.

Kt Commander s—4,900 cwts gingellyseed, R Kaderbhoy ; 6,000 bags wheat bran, Otto Martin.

FOR MARSEILLES.

City of Wakefield s—900 cwts castorseed, John Fachiri.

Asia s—3,140 cwts castorseed, Ralli Brothers.

Worsley Hall s—312 cwts mowraseed, Nassoo Khairaz and Co ; 2,600 cwts teelseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR ANTWERP.

Africander s—110 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co ; 50 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co.

Niagara s—150 bales hemp, Nathu Laljee.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Hindustan s—576 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co ; 16 cwts gum, F Fisher and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Imperatrix s—110 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 110 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co ; 50 bales cotton, Ritchie Steuart and Co ; 837 cwts myrabollams, W Gurtler ; 1,200 cwts myrabollams, Volkart Brothers ; 495 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

Maria Valerie s—5 pots rosa oil, H E H Allana.

FOR VENICE.

Maria Valerie s—500 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co.

Imperator s—150 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR ODESA.

Imperatrix s—110 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

FOR SMYRNA.

Maria Valerie s—112 cwts olibanum, John Fachiri.

FOR HONGKONG.

Gwalior s—25 bales twist, R S Woonwalla and Co ; 300 bales twist, E Noordin and Co ; 1,500 bales twist, Sassoon J Sassoon and Co ; 200 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon ; 100 bales twist, Framjee Hormusjee and Co ; 430 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Gwalior s—100 bales twist, Killick Nixon and Co ; 500 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co ; 200 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon.

FOR KOBE.

Gwalior s—502 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 183 bales twist, Dinshaw D Curranee and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Gwalior s—175 bales cotton and 25 bales twist, Lyon and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 16.

Griffith, Capt, Bo, 2nd K O York L I, on duty, from Mount Abu.

DECEMBER 19.

Hilken, Major, Bo, 1st Worc Regt, to join, from England.

Light, Lt, Bo, 17th Bo Infy, from leave, from England.

DECEMBER 20.

Hunt, Lt-Col, Bo, 7th Hussars, on duty, from Mhow.

DEPARTURE.—DECEMBER 20.

Hunt, Lt-Col, Bo, 7th Hussars, on expiration of duty, to Mhow.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G.W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 21st December.

1. The following drills will take place this week :—

Fort Head-Quarters.
Thursday, at 6-30 p.m.—25-pr. R. M. L. gun drill.
Nesbit Road Head-Quarters.
To-day, at 8-30 p.m.—Proficiency Class.
Thursday, at 8-30 p.m.—25-pr. R. M. L. gun drill.

2. There will be class firing at Coorla on Friday, the 23rd inst. Train leaves the Victoria Terminus at 5-30 a.m. (local time) and Byculla 10 minutes later.

By order,
(Sd.) J. SANDERS SLATER, Lieut.,
Acting Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY, A.D.C., COMMANDING BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Bombay, 21st December.

1. The Range at Coorla is now available daily for Class-firing as well as practice. Recruits are requested to do their Class-firing before Christmas.

2. The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to Companies as follows ; —No. 3372 Vol. H. Long to " D " Company ; and No. 3373 Vol. A T Elsam to " G " Company.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. Members wishing to purchase any of the old-pattern saddles now at Head-quarters are requested to make early application to Lieut. Moir.

2. The squadron will parade in rear of the Marine Lines on Thursday, the 22nd instant, at 6-45 a.m., for drill with his Excellency the Governor's Body Guard.

By order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Major,
and Adjutant, B. V. R.

FLORILINE—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid " Floriline " sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. " The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 8, HUMMUM STREET

On THURSDAY, the 22nd inst., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual Weekly Auction Sale, at their rooms, of a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, twist, &c.

5 bales grey shirtings.
11 " " dhooties.
2 cases white striped mulls.
2 " colored prints.
9 " lemon cambrics.
On account of the concerned—
10 bales grey dhoties.
On account of the concerned.
Ex Rome.
H A L 6613—1 case Accordeons.
" 6614—1 case Violins.
Ex Ocampo.
J H 6509-10—2 cases Accordeons.

AUCTION SALE of old and unserviceable materials and stores at the G. I. P. Railway Stores, Parel.

On THURSDAY, the 22nd instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. MENESSE & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the G. I. P. Railway Company's Stores, Parel :—

A quantity of old and unserviceable materials and stores consisting of packing cases, wooden crates, hogshead-casks, kegs iron cans and drums, India Rubber and leather cuttings, galvanized iron telegraph-wire, C. I. Brackets, Insulators, broken glass, lamps, furniture, cotton and woollen cloth cuttings, scrap iron cast, steel bars and files, zinc lining from packing cases, &c., &c., &c.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, December 21, 1892.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF VERY HANDSOME AND VALUABLE MAJOLICA ORNAMENTS, JEWELLERY, &c.
Suitable for 'Xmas Presents.

On FRIDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Sale Rooms in Medows Street, No. 21, as follows :—

A choice collection of very handsome and valuable majolica ware, consisting of table ornaments, flower vases, and pots, wall brackets, &c. of various designs and of fine raised work.

Also a collection of silver jewellery and ornaments of latest designs in great varieties, suitable for 'Xmas presentation.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co

Bombay, December 21, 1892.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On THURSDAY, the 29th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "The Beehive." Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and open carved teakwood and English-made mahogany and walnutwood household furniture, plated, glass, and crockeryware, very and some large size pier glasses, and sideboard, handsome 18 and 24 light hanging chandeliers, a handsome strong English-built office brougham by "Kesterton," a powerful bay Arab horse, a strong-built victoria in very good order, a handsome strong English built Landau by "Windower," suitable for a single horse, rich marble tables, the property of Messrs. M. & J. RUSTOMJEE KHARAS.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 24th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 powerful bay Arab, 9 years old, goes in single and double harness.
1 second-hand palanquin office shigram.
1 strong built victoria with removeable coach-box.
1 strong mail-phaeton in good order.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 23, Apollo Street, next to Messrs. Phipson & Co., valuable Club furniture, glassware, two first-rate mahogany full sized slate billiard table, with balls, cues, lamps, &c., complete, one by "John Roberts & Co.," and the other by "Burroughes and Watts," a rosewood square Piano by "Rose & Co." in very good order, Madras cane matting, hanging kerosine lamps, &c. &c., the property of a gentleman.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On a day to be fixed hereafter Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 101, Nepean Sea-road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome teakand blackwood, french-polished, household furniture of the latest design, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome Kaga and Satsuma vases, a first-rate iron-framed upright grand Piano by Gerald Adam, one French slate billiard table with balls, cues, &c., handsome Hinks and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, Persian and Brussels carpet, first-rate oil paintings and oleographs, &c., the property of A. B. EASTON, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, December 21, 1892.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7. MARINE STREET.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN CHIMNA BUTCHER STREET, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 21st inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagee Wasoodew Balajee, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Hora Dosajee Rajbhoy, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the Indenture of mortgage, dated the 20th day of October, 1888, the following property, viz :—

All those three several pieces or parcels of Government land or ground, together with messuage, tenement, building or dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the eastern side of Chimna Butcher Street, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement in the aggregate 257 7 9 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's new No. 9706 1-19706 and 1,0004, and under new Survey Nos. 4361 and 4363, and by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under ward Nos. 7180 and 7181, street Nos. 75, 77, and 79, and bounded on the east by the sweeper's passage, on the west by the Chimna Butcher Street, on the north by the house formerly belonging to Moroba Kassar, and now to Noor Mahomed Hajee, and on the south by the house of Meya Borun Nalband, and which said hereditaments and premises are now partly in the occupation of the mortgagor and partly in that of his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

SALE OF 41 CASES MATCHES.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, on account and at the risk of Abdool Hoosein Dawoodbhoy.

Ex. s. s. Drachenfels.

Sunshade 3992—20 cases each 50 gross boxes matches.
Cupid 3992—21 cases each 50 gross boxes matches.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN COPPERSMITH ROW OR KOLSA STREET, NEAR PYDHOWNEE.

On THURSDAY, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee Bhanibai, widow of Bhanjee Mooljee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors Nanoobhai Mathoorabai, widow of Babool Bhai, and her minor son Purshotum Babool and Narayen Atmaram since deceased, in pursuance of the power of sale given in that behalf in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 20th day of January 1890, the following landed property, viz.,

All that piece or parcel of Government land, together with the messuage, tenement, dwelling house and premises standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay, on the East side of Copper Smith Row, near Pydhownee or Kolsa Street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 586, New No. 7798, old Survey No. 2898, and New Survey No. 1288, admeasuring 121 6 9 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Municipality under ward No. 963, and street No. 55 under the name of Bhai Joorojee and the said Narayen Atmaram, and bounded on the East by Sweeper's passage, on the west by Copper Smith Row, on the north formerly by the property of Khooshall Jeewa and now of a Mahomedan, and on the south by the property of Raghoonath Jagoonath, formerly and now occupied by the mortgagors and their tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

BONA FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the Administrator General, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on Pali Hill Road, Bandora, on SUNDAY, the 8th January inst, at 2 p.m., the handsome blackwood and teakwood. F. P. household furniture, plated ware, crockery, pictures, clock, Brussels carpet, lamps, wearing apparel, etc., the property of the late THOMAS SAYERS, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, December 21, 1892.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

SALE OF very valuable landed property at Haines Road, Byculla, advertised to be sold THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 21st instant at 4 p.m., (in the matter of Jamsetji Nowroji Cabinet-maker, an insolvent), has been POSTPONED until further orders.

SALE OF OLD MATERIALS (Doors, Iron, &c.).

Under instructions from Khan Bahadur Muncherjee C. Murzban, C. E., C. I. E., Executive Engineer, Presidency, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2 p.m., at the Public Works Storeyard, on the Esplanade, consisting teak doors, windows, posts, planking, railing with brass boxes, lead, W. I. and C. iron pipes, pans, partitions, urinals, corrugated iron sheets, flushing tank, stones, asphalt, canvas, ceiling cloth, waste paper, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, December 21, 1892.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hard ware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.
SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived.
A fresh consignment, ex-Paul Revere,
Rs. 3-12-0 per case wholesale.
Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.
હેપતુલા શેકઆદમની કું૦
i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

EXCELLENT ARRANGEMENTS
TO WITNESS
THE COMING CRICKET MATCHES WITH
LORD HAWKE'S TEAM.
A PLATFORM,
WITH RAISED SEATS,
will be set up on the
GYMKHANA CRICKET GROUND.

PRICES :—

First Class Seats, with Chairs, Rs. 5 for a Season Ticket (transferable).

Second Class Seats with Benches, Rs. 3 for a Season Ticket (transferable).

One Day Ticket, if room be available, Re. 1 for a First Class Seat, and As. 8 for a Second Class Seat.

For Season Tickets, apply to—
J. E. MODY, Tea Agent,
Old Police Court Building, Hornby Row.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawings, Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watchmakers have served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, LIFE, ANNUITY.

FUNDS ....£10,695,969.
REVENUE ....£ 2,650,872.

NEW LIFE BUSINESS DURING 1891,
£1,936,495.

RATES LOW. CONDITIONS LIBERAL.
Further Concessions to Policy-Holders.
For further Particulars, apply to
EWART LATHAM & Co.,
Agents.

SWIFT AND FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED.
PROPERTIES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

HODGART'S
PATENT COMBINED LEVER AND HYDRAULIC PRESS
For Baling Cotton, Wool, Jute, Hemp, &c.
SOLE MAKERS,
FULLERTON, HODGART & BARCLAY, Ld.,
PAISLEY.

THESE PRESSES are the most economical in the Market; for Power, Ease, Cheapness of Working, and Rapidity of out-turn they are unequalled. They work silently and are more nearly automatic than any other, and are thus eminently suited for rough and unskilled handling.

Prices, Specifications, and all particulars from the SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA

CHAS. BROWN & CO.,
11, FORBES STREET, BOMBAY.

FOR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS.
CAV. DEL TUFO, ITALIAN PHOTOGRAPHY,
FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY,
AND EAST STREET, POONA.
FOR PRINTING ON SILVER.

	Unmounted. Rs. a.	Mounted. Rs. a.		Unmounted. Rs. a.	Mounted Rs. a.
C. D' Visite...	0 3	0 4	10 by 8	0 8	0 10
Cabinet........	0 4	0 6	12 by 10......	1 0	1 4
½ by 6½	0 6	0 8	15 by 12......	1 8	1 12

Developing and Retouching also at a very Moderate Rate.

GIBBS and COMPANY (Limited).—PORTLAND CEMENT, BEST in the market. Trade Mark, "G" in Diamond.

GIBBS PORTLAND CEMENT SUPPLIED

to LIVERPOOL DOCKS	50,000 tons.
The NEW TAY BRIDGE	10,000 "
DUBLIN HARBOUR BOARD	5,000 "
DUBLIN CORPORATION...........	3,000 "
GLASGOW WATERWORKS........	3,500 "
MANCHESTER WATERWORKS.	9,000 "
BARROW DOCKS.....................	7,000 " , &c.

GIBBS and COMPANY (Limited).—The THAMES PORTLAND CEMENT WORKS, Grays, Essex. London Office, 79, Mark-lane, E.C. This Cement has also Engineer's testimonials and prices can be obtained from

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS, BOMBAY.

MRS. MARIE C. BOND,
DIPLOMAED MIDWIFE,
255, ARTHUR ROAD,
(Near the Railway Station)
CHINCHPOOGLY, BOMBAY.

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT in Gynæcological cases, Uteri diseases, Obstetrics, and all Diseases peculiar to Females.

Has had 19 years' practical experience in most intricate and difficult cases, all of which have been successfully treated.

Having in that branch of my professional duties, to which I have more especially devoted my attention, treated some hundreds of cases with the utmost success both in Obstretics and Gynæcology in every feature of disease, I am in a position to confidently offer the public my services with a certainty of success in each ailment.

I am aware that I am indebted to numerous patients for their friendly wishes and recommendations to such I take this opportunity of tendering my thanks again, assuring them of my continued devotion to the interests of those who may favor me with their confidence.

☞ Strict privacy observed in all cases, and contracts for cure entered into.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT
(By Kind Permission.)

I have much pleasure in giving Mrs. Bond a certificate and can confidently recommend her to any Lady requiring a thoroughly practical and experienced Nurse. She has been with me in conjunction with Dr. . . . . through a very critical illness and thanks to her care and constant attendance I have got safely over it. Indeed, she has been more like a mother to me than a Nurse, and I shall never forget her wherever I may be. The Doctor's opinion coincided exactly with hers in regard to my illness, and I consider her thoroughly qualified to conduct any case without the aid of a medical man, and trust that the Ladies of Bombay will prove her worth as I have done.

SARAH EDMUNDS,
Adelphi Family Hotel, Byculla, Bombay, 15th Sept., 1892.

TO MOFUSSIL AND UP-COUNTRY PATIENTS.

Those who prefer writing, or who are compelled by distance to adopt that course, will do well to furnish in simple style every particular as to their complaint.

Mofussil and Up-country Patients can have consultation and advice gratis by letter. A FEE OF RE 1 ONLY is made to maintain establishment towards this end.

Postal Address—MRS. MARIE C. BOND,
Chinchpoogly,
BOMBAY.

JEYE'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS CO.,
LIMITED.
JEYE'S SANITARY POWDER
AND
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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, DEC. 20.

ALL the financial quotations usually wired by Reuter were unchanged yesterday, including the English and French Funds, at 97¼ for Consols, and 98⅝, *ex-coupon*, for French Rentes. 38 5-16d. per oz. was still the price of Bar Silver in London ; but, in New York, the metal was cheaper by ¼ cent, at 83¼ cents, demand Exchange on London having declined to the same extent, to 4·87½ dollars. The United States Treasury bought 475,000 ounces of Silver yesterday, at 83·48 to 83·50 per oz.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet last evening ; Surats firm, and arrivals quiet but steady; the day's sales having aggregated 10,000 bales, inclusive of 400 East Indians. Both spot and arrival prices were quite unchanged. The day's Imports were 30,000 bales. The Manchester market was strong.

A decline of ⅛ cent took place in the price of ready Mid.-Uplands in New York yesterday, at 9⅞ cents per lb.; and Futures for March were 13 points lower, at 9·84 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 47,000 bales ; and the total figures for this season's arrivals now compare as follows with those in the two previous years :—

	1892	1891	1890
Monday's Receipts	47,000	53,000	60,000
Two days' do.	71,000	88,000	105,000
Since 1st Sept	3,257,000	4,399,000	4,058,000

Only a small business has been done in the staple locally again to-day, and, in sympathy with the tenor of latest advices from Liverpool and New York prices have receded Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per candy, the market, however, closing steady at the decline. The few purchases reported have been entirely of ready new Cotton, of which exporters have bought 750 bales, consisting of 300 Barsee, at Rs. 249 ; 250 Bengals, at Rs. 212½-21 ; and 100 each of Julgaum, at Rs. 223 ; and Dhulia, at Rs. 216½ ; the Mills having taken 425 bales, made up of 200 Julgaum, at Rs. 222 ; 150 Dhulia, at Rs. 240 ; and 75 Hinganghat, at Rs. 249 per candy.

WHEAT.—There is no change in the position of this market, the feeling remaining quiet, with only a small export business passing, and prices unchanged for all descriptions.

SEEDS have remained steady in tone, with a moderate business doing by shippers. The price of *Linseed* has declined one anna per cwt., say to Rs. 7-13-0 to Rs. 7-15-6 per cwt. ; but other quotations are unchanged.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton..	11,420	bales.
Wheat..	43,217	cwt.
Linseed	10,085	"
Rapeseed	4,960	"
Gingelly	20,393	"
Groundnuts	2,044	"
Castorseed..................................	642	"
Rice	13,513	"

FREIGHTS are still dull. Business has been done for January shipment to Marseilles at 10s. ; and for Dunkirk in the same position at 11s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE opened with a steady feeling at 1s. 2 19-32d. for Telegraphic, and 1s. 2⅝d. for Demand, for Bank remittance, at which rates there was no enquiry ; and later on in the day 1-32d. higher was obtained for December delivery, but at this advance also the enquiry was but small. The three months' sight Credits, 1s. 2 25-32d. has been the rate for December delivery, at which, also, little business has transpired, and the market closed quiet but steady as follows :—

Bank Bills on Demand ...	1s. 2⅝d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 2 19-32d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight...	1s. 2 11-16d.	"
Credits do. ...	1s. 2 25-32d.	"
France do. ...	1·55½	

GOVERNMENT PAPER was pretty steady during the greater part of the day at yesterday's closing rates for Fours ; but the feeling afterwards became weak, and quotations left off at 104⅝, sellers, for Money ; 104 7-16 for the 5th January settlement ; and 104 3-16 for the 2nd February account ; 101¼ being quoted for 4½ per Cents.

SHARES have remained very quiet, and a few changes, both ways, in Cotton Mill and Press Scrip at our revised quotations, is all we have to notice this evening, except a decline of Rs. 2½ in Bank of Bombay shares, at Rs. 1,055 per share.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, DEC. 19.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Carthage arrived here yesterday morning.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Chusan arrived here this afternoon.

SUEZ, DEC. 19.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Victoria arrived here from Colombo yesterday evening.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Mackintosh left here for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta yesterday morning.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Monroe arrived here from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo on the morning of the 18th inst.

MARSEILLES, DEC. 19.

The Hall Line steamer Locksley Hall arrived here on 17th afternoon.

PORT SAID, DEC. 19.

The Hall Line steamer Eden Hall arrived here this morning.

LIVERPOOL, DEC. 19.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Mackenzie left here for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta on the morning of the 18th inst.

COLOMBO, DEC. 20.

The Mail steamer Oceana from Australia arrived.

The Mail steamers Sutlej from China and Shannon from Calcutta arrived.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

DECEMBER 20.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.

At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagowestchensk and Possiet.

Telegrams for Salvador except Libertad can be accepted only at sender's risk.

Secret language in telegrams for Kotonou temporarily prohibited.

Cable Assab-Massowah interrupted. Steamer leaves Assab for Massowah every Thursday.

Cable San Thome-Loanda interrupted.

Line Saigon-Bangkok interrupted.

Monday, the 26th, will take the place of Christmas Day, the working hours of all offices being the same as on Sundays and holidays.

Mauritius and Madagascar mail via Zanzibar closes at Aden at or about 6 a.m. on Friday, the 23rd inst.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours, ending at 8 p.m. of the 20th Dec., 1892.

(Difference in longitude allowed for)

Via.	Latest Date.			Time occupied in transmission.	
	D.	H.	M.	Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	20	12	37 p.m.	1	2
Suez............	20	2	45 p.m.	...	9

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours, ending 8 p.m. on 20th Dec., 1892.

	Maximum Time.		Minimum.	
	H.	M.	H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	39	..	4
" Kurrachee	..	11	..	1
" Madras	..	59	..	1

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, 19th December, 1892.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·938
Temperature of the Air	80·4
Wet Bulb Thermometer	73·7
Dew Point	71·0
Relative humidity of Air........................	0·735
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	3·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	87·6
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	73·3
General Directions of Wind*...N, NE, ENE, NE, WNW, NW, NNW, N.	
Movement of Wind in 24 hours*	180

*From midnight to midnight.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE OF NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

FARMER—December 7, at Simla, the wife of Sergeant L W Farmer, H E the Viceroy's Band, of a daughter (still-born).

HARRISON—December 9, at Roorkee, N-W P, the wife of Major J H C Harrison, R E, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

FEGEN—HALLIDAY—December 12, at St Mary Magdalene's Church, Mian Mir, by the Rev Spence Grey, M A, assisted by the Rev W Handford, M A, M F Fegen, Captain, Royal Artillery, youngest son of the late F J Fegen, Esq, C B, to Minnie Meadows, eldest daughter of Colonel G T Halliday, Commandant, 16th Bengal Cavalry.

DEATHS.

ANDREW—December 8, at Trimulgherry, Amelia, the dearly loved wife of Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel George Andrew, Army Medical Staff.

CAIRD—December 9, at Dalhousie, Janet Laura, wife of Captain L H Caird, 2nd Battalion, Border Regiment.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1892.

WE have been favoured with an advance copy of the Hon. Alfred Deakin's work "Irrigated India," published in London by Thacker and Co. Mr. Deakin is the sponsor of Australian irrigation, and held for several years the portfolio of Minister of Water-Supply in Victoria. In that capacity he has visited and reported on the systems of artificial watering in the United States, Egypt, and Italy, to judge how far they are applicable to Australian soils and climates. But India presents a far larger field of observation, the area of land under irrigation in this country exceeding by more than double that of all other countries put together. The returns of the year 1890 show that India has one hundred thousand acres under irrigation ; the United States come next with seven millions and-a-half, Egypt ranking third with five millions, and Italy fourth, with three millions and a-half. After that it is no longer a question of millions of acres, Spain having only seven hundred thousand and France four hundred thousand. In the comparatively rainless and arid colony of Victoria only twenty-five thousand acres are irrigated. For a man who looks forward to the time when Australia will be protected against the effects of recurring droughts by a system of works vying with those of Sind and Southern California, a tour of observation in India has many lessons. Mr. Deakin visited this country in the cold weather of 1890-91, and studied on the spot and under the best auspices the different areas under irrigation. He was struck especially by the immense scale on which cultivation and irrigation are carried on. The number of cultivators who live by irrigation are more numerous, he exclaims, than the whole of the farmers and farm-labourers employed in wet and dry cultivation together in the United States, Canada, and Mexico. Mr. Dadabhai Naorojee, with whom it is still an article of faith that India is sunk in poverty, will be surprised to hear from this representative Australian statesman—who is familiar with the most prosperous countries in the world—stands amazed at what has been accomplished in India, which has "four times as large an area irrigated as there is irrigated in North America ; canals which exceed all others in length and capacity ; methods and products more varied ; a yield more valuable than that harvested in any other country, and is thus able to maintain a denser population than any equal tract of the earth's surface." He pronounces India to be in every aspect the best irrigated country in the world.

In answer to the question what can India teach Australia in irrigation, Mr. Deakin plainly states that the Hindu cultivator can teach no one anything for he is himself in the most primitive stage, and knows no more than his father knew twenty centuries ago. The engineer who has designed the great works required for the storage and distribution of water for agricultural purposes—the hydraulic engineer—has done his work magnificently, and has placed India in all that relates to the construction and maintenance of great works as far in advance as she is behind in the agricultural application of the water supplied. But the Hindu who distributes the water over his field, squatting in the mud, and using the palms and fingers of himself and his wife and children as his only implements is two thousand years behind the age, and is not—in that respect at all events—one whit more inventive or intelligent than Montezuma's Aztecs. He expresses his astonishment that a race which in the refinement of metaphysics forestalled Europe, and has produced from its handlooms tissues excelling the work of the best factories in the world, should in their agriculture remain as backward as were the Egyptians in the days of darkness. The Hindus, he declares, have nothing to teach the Australians or any other people in the methods of utilising the water supplied them by the engineers, and turning it to the best account. In every Presidency and in all newly-watered districts, crops are to be seen which have been injured by untimely or excessive soaking ; in older districts stretches of deserted sodden and marshy land growing only coarse reedy grass or semi-aquatic plants tell the tale of neglect and slovenliness. In the North-West the crops are good, but every weed has been carefully removed by hand as if the field were a kitchen-garden ; the plot is only cultivated once in three years ploughed while lying fallow, and subjected to the traditional rotation of crops. This method of cultivation has no secret for anyone who knows the fundamental principles of agriculture, which are not different in India from those which obtain in other parts of the globe. The courage and energy with which the Government have carried out its public works policy in the face of many difficulties, expending over thirty millions on irrigation works, while expending or guaranteeing eight times the amount on railway communications, fill the Australian observer with the ardent hope that his countrymen should go and do likewise for the development of the interior of the continent which they have made their own. If the British in India have done nothing else, he writes, the public works policy of the last twenty-five years would fully justify their supremacy. The student in hydraulics will look in vain for rivals to the water-works of India, except in schemes for the supply of cities, which in America are on a colossal scale. The agricultural irrigation of the United States, he holds to be only child's play, so far, when compared, with even the least of those of the Presidencies, with the one exception of the Bear Valley system in California which, when completed, will irrigate half-a-million of acres from a reservoir twice as large as Waranga. The Italian Canals constructed within the last twenty-five years—one of them at a cost of two millions sterling—are admirably designed and well managed, but they cannot in the opinion of Mr. Deakin compare with the great Indian canals. The Egyptian works, including the great Barrage across the Nile, are surpassed in size and quality of work in the Punjab, the North-West, and Madras. A single strip of Western India, with the great embankment at Ekruk, the famine relief work at Almella—with an earthen dam ninety feet high and two miles long to store up water eighty feet in depth, Kharakwasla and Tansa—possesses water-works exceeding anything that all Australasia will be able to show for many years to come.

Mr. Deakin naturally sees things primarily from the point of view of a Victorian Minister of Water-Works. He perpetually asks the question whether the achievements of the Indian Engineers afford encouragement for those who have to deal with similar problems in Australia. It is satisfactory to know that the answer is unquestionably favourable, and it could hardly have been otherwise, seeing that the writer has not failed to observe that in this country every imaginable difficulty had to be confronted and overcome. The immense volume and impetuousity of great rivers at the flood, the danger to embankments from the sudden change from drought to overwhelming inundations, the necessity for providing for storage on a scale to ensure the impounding of a sufficient supply in seasons of deficient rainfall, while guarding against the certain results of the recurrence of seasons of excessive rainfall, have had to be faced, and the result has been an accumulation of experience which is of the greatest value for the engineers of other countries. The writer points out that if this experience were put into type and interpreted by competent critics it would furnish a *magnum opus* on irrigation works better than any yet in existence. Colonel Baird Smith's book on the subject is thirty years old, the summary of Mr. Buckley and paper of Mr. Brereton, ten years, and there have been some later works. But there has been no attempt to even outline the past history and present development of the greatest irrigation works in the world—works which would repay the amplest study in all their aspects and details. Mr. Deakin suggests that an engineer of literary capacity should undertake a work on the subject which would give a succinct history of each scheme, setting forth failures, and success, and growth, and then classifying the whole, setting forth their differences and resemblances and the principles they illustrate. Such a work, he is no doubt right in believing, would be a manual of construction for many years to come of the greatest value to the Colonies. The Colonial Governments would do well to employ a competent engineer or group of engineers to complete such a work, if it would be chiefly of use to the Colonies. It is scarcely to be expected that a private individual will devote himself to composing such an encyclopædic work for the benefit of others unless he were guaranteed against pecuniary loss. The history of the splendid works, which have made India the best irrigated country in the world ought surely to be put in hand by the Government of India. The task would be lightened by inviting the co-operation of the different Provincial Governments each in its own sphere.

ALTHOUGH almost every important officer of the Presidency police comes in for especial praise in the Government review of their operations from which we published extracts yesterday—it is not praise unqualified. For the Inspector-General has read them a lesson which Government has deemed it advisable to reproduce. Discipline is not uniformly good, and different ideas prevail as to the manner in which discipline is to be secured and maintained. In districts where discipline is strict and punishment severe, the men are smart and the general results good. But in districts were punishments are numerous and trifling, discipline is at a low ebb, and it has been found that the irritating character of petty fines renders the service unpopular and recruiting a matter of difficulty. Hence the system of inflicting petty fines is discouraged, and so far as possible avoided. At the same time the work of the department appears on the whole satisfactory. There was a decrease in the number of cognisable Indian Penal Code cases brought to the police and to the magistrates which has still been maintained. A falling off of a thousand cases being noticeable together with a slight increase in the number of cases struck out as false. Last year Government in its resolution suggested that the large percentage of cases excluded as false was due in some measure to anxiety on the part of the police to get a case written off when they failed to make it out. A stern protest against this suggestion was made both by police and magistrates. Ratnagiri is strongest in its protest, and the District Magistrate and Superintendent of Police declare that the cause of the large proportion of cases written off as false is to be found mainly in the nature of the land tenure in that district, and the density of its population which give rise to petty disputes regarding the ownership of land, resulting in a resort to criminal complaints, sometimes maliciously false, but generally having a foundation in fact, though surrounded by circumstances having their origin in some dispute which should properly be settled in a Civil Court. The Inspector-General endorsed this view, and Government replies in effect "we knew it all the time." Therefore remedies are suggested in this year's Resolution. Whenever criminal charges become a common instrument of spite, the magistrates ought obviously to check them with a severe hand, as society itself must be shaken by a habitual perversion of judicial proceedings. Further it is suggested that District Magistrates shall call for a large number of the police reports disposed of by the subordinate magistracy, and closely scrutinise their decisions. In the general criminal returns Ahmedabad appears to have earned for itself an unenviable notoriety. The police force having fallen into an unsatisfactory condition, the detection of crime was ineffectually carried out. But a change has been made, and Mr. Kennedy is credited with the display of very great energy in remedying the evils which had accrued under lax supervision. It had become general, however, for the police to arrest the first man against whom a complaint was made without preliminary enquiries being first instituted. The same tendency being noticeable in other districts, the Governor-in-Council thinks that if orders were issued directing that arrests should only be made after a proper preliminary investigation, the number of persons to be released without undergoing a trial would be substantially diminished. Thus it will be seen that there is much in the report upon which the Governor-in-Council deems it necessary to criticise carefully, but the skill displayed in the detection of crime and the increased percentage of property recovered redound to the credit of the police, and justify the eulogium with which the Resolution concludes.

WITHIN the past twelve months, it appears, the number of observatories in charge of the Indian Meteorological Department has increased to a hundred and sixty-five—eleven more than there were two years ago. Of these two are old observatories re-started ; one at Zanzibar and another at Camorta in the Nicobars. Sanction has also been given for the establishment of fourteen other observatories, of which perhaps five will be in Upper Burma, and seven or eight on the North-West Frontier and in Persia. At first glance it does not seem clear why these observatories are necessary ; but it is claimed by the Department that they will be of especial value in connection with the storms to which the cold weather rains of Northern India and the snowfall of the Himalayas owe their existence. Srinagar and seven stations in Hyderabad commenced observations during the year, and the opening of the first-class observatory at Bangalore has been followed by "the organisation of a complete battery of stations for the Mysore State" which have been placed under the superintendence of a special department in charge of a skilled officer. Rain gauges are being rapidly spread over the country and arrangements are being made for the correct registration of the downpour. The usefulness of these observatories is accentuated by the Meteorological Reporter, who calls attention to the precision with which the delay in the establishment of the monsoon and the large deficiency in Rajpútana were foretold and provided against. Within the past year the Department has done valuable work in the collection of special storm observations and marine data from ships' logs and records of twenty-two storms, including those in which the Enterprise and the Coleroon were lost. Notwithstanding the recommendations in favour of the establishment of telegraphic communication with the Andamans, Government still hesitate to carry it out and endeavoured to excuse itself in regard to the explanation which Mr. Elliot offers of last year's cyclone. It seems doubtful, thinks the Government, whether considering the course and suddenness of the storm, telegraphic communication with the Andamans would have prevented the disaster. Government does not believe that any sensible increase in protection to the Port of Calcutta would be gained, and suggests a cable for the Eastern Channel Lightship to Saugor island as of greater utility. Whether this will be of much value, Calcutta shipping people will be best able to say, but Government as an additional reason points out that the cost of the cable to the Andamans would cost fifteen lakhs of rupees, and the present state of finances will not afford this.

THE death of General Conrad Hamilton reported to-day removes the name of another old Anglo-Indian Officer from the Retired List. He joined the Army in the early forties, serving through the Punjab Campaign in 1848-49, including the action of Ramnugger, the passage of the Chenab, and the battles of Chillianwalla and Gujerat. He was afterwards engaged in the pursuit of the Sikhs and Afghans. During the Mutiny he was present in the action with the rebels at Saugor, and led an advance party of the 31st Native Infantry when attacked by the rebels, from whom a gun was taken. For the last eighteen or twenty years he had been on the Retired List.

THE first Reception at Government House, Parel, after the return of his Excellency the Governor to the presidency town from his tour in the districts, took place yesterday evening. There was a large attendance of European and Native ladies and gentlemen, who were received and introduced to his Excellency, the visitors included several civil and uncovenanted servants, military officers, and gentlemen of rank and fashion. After a prolonged promenade in the extensive ground, and on the verandah overlooking the Tank, the party repaired to the refreshment tables, which were sumptuously provided with all that could be desired. The excellent Band of H. E. the Governor played a choice selection of music. The party separated about half-past six o'oclock much pleased with the evening's reception.

THE season reports of the Central Provinces for the past week are summarised in the following general remarks :—Weather somewhat cloudy. Reaping of rice in Bilaspur and of juar in Nagpur and Wardha in progress. In Chanda, Raipur and Sambalpur threshing of rice continues. Winter crops thriving. In Harda tahsil insects have attacked the young wheat crops.

The P. and O. report shows the net surplus for the past year, including £5,184 brought forward, amounted to £182,918, which, after deducting the interim dividend of 2¼ per cent. on the Preferred and 3½ per cent. on the Deferred stock, paid in June, admits of a further payment of 2¼ per cent. on the Preferred and 6¼ per cent. on the Deferred stock, making, with the interim dividend paid in June, 10 per cent. on the latter stock for the year. The dividends thus paid and payable are, therefore, equal to 7¼ per cent. on the paid up capital of £2,320,000. A balance of £8,918 will be carried forward. Referring to the unsatisfactory state of the shipping trade the directors state that the freight earnings of their mail lines show a reduction as compared with last year of between £50,000 and £60,000, apart from a heavy loss in exchange, a deficiency which has, however, been compensated for by increased activity in working the company's general business, so that the gross freight receipts of the year, amounting to £1,170,793, are practically identical with those of last year. On the other hand, the passenger revenue, amounting to £931, 291, shows a decline of nearly £10,000 as compared with the figures of the previous year, a result due entirely to diminished returns in connection with the Australian colonies, inasmuch as, generally speaking, the other lines show a slight advance on the figures of the previous year.

A LIVE lion was among the "stock" recently entered by the Customs officials of Natal as having been shipped from Durban. The official entry was as follows : "To value of one live lion, 40*l*." This of course is the estimate of value on the spot, but to the sum given would have to be added cost of transport, maintenance, and other items of expenditure, before one could arrive at the value of the animal for purposes of exhibition in this country.

UNDER instructions from the British Resident, the Bangalore Police will, from the commencement of the ensuing year, every fortnight, keep a correct registry of the names of the European and Eurasian residents of standing in Bangalore, as well as those of their domestic servants. At present, the Police do this half-yearly.

MR. BURNAND's contribution to the mirthfulness of the approaching holiday season takes the form of "The Real Adventures of Robinson Crusoe," which are related in a volume published by Messrs. Bradbury, Agnew, and Co., with fifty-six illustrations by Mr. Linley Sambourne. For the purposes of the parodist the subject of his fun cannot be too familiar to the reader. In this regard Mr. Burnand's latest book of humour has an obvious advantage over his "New History of Sanford and Merton," for, unlike Defoe's immortal fiction, Mr. Day's once popular prize-book has faded somewhat from the memory of the present generation. We must not forestall interest in the new book further than to say that it appears to have been suggested by "The Real Shelley," "The True Lord Byron," and like recent literary ventures, with the difference that it is here the real Robinson (more strictly Robbingson) himself, who in a posthumous manuscript is supposed to make confession that former accounts have placed him in a more favourable light than he deserved. In brief, this is a book of shattered reputations, in which not even Friday himself comes quite satisfactorily within the fierce but tardy light here brought to bear on the Crusonian myth.

A CENSUS of carrier pigeons will shortly be taken in France, says a Paris Correspondent, under military law of 1877. Colombophile societies and pigeon owners are given notice to declare at their respective mayoralties their names, professions, the number of their pigeon cotes, the number of birds in them, and their particular breeds and peculiarities. Severe penalties will be incurred by those failing to conform to the notice.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE NEW AFRICAN TELEGRAPH.

LONDON, Dec. 20.

The Hon. Cecil Rhodes starts to-day for Africa via Egypt, where he will enter into negotiations with the Egyptian government, in connection with the proposed telegraph line through the African Continent.

THE PARIS-IRISH NATIONAL FUND.

PARIS, Dec. 19.

The various claimants to the Paris-Irish National Fund have come to an agreement, whereby £14,000 will be handed over to Messrs. Dillon, Davitt, and Harrington for the payment of prior claims, and Messrs. Dillon and Davitt will distribute the balance among the evicted tenants.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Dec. 20.

The death is announced of General Conrad Hamilton.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, Dec. 20.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Thames, with the outward English mails of the 9th inst., left here for Bombay, at 1 p.m., to-day.

A PROTEST AGAINST THE JURY NOTIFICATION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 20.

The public meeting to protest against the jury notification was held this afternoon, at the Town Hall. There was an enormous attendance, chiefly composed of natives, the European barristers, attorneys, and others being conspicuous on the dais and front seats. Maharajah Durga Churn Law, C.I.E., presided; and the Hon. Dr. Mohendra Lall Sircar, C.I.E., proposed the first resolution, that this meeting desires to enter into a respectful, but firm, protest against the Government notification, dated 20th October, by which the right of trial by jury in most serious offences has been withdrawn in those districts of Bengal in which that system of trial extended thirty years ago, this withdrawal being contrary to the principles of justice, which guide the administration of criminal justice wherever British law is introduced, and tending to disturb the faith of the people in the good faith and intentions of the Government. The resolution, seconded by Mr. L. P. Pugh, one of the oldest local barristers, and supported strongly, was carried with acclamation. The second resolution, proposed by Mr. Jodu Lall Mullick, the millionaire, and seconded by Mr. H. B. H. Turner, of the firm of Messrs. Turner and Morrison, was as follows:—The meeting desires to enter an emphatic protest against the manner in which the valued right has been withdrawn by the executive order of the local Government taking effect after the interval of only five clear days, and expresses its profound regret that no opportunity has been afforded to publish and consider the matter of such a grave importance and submit their views to Government. The resolution was carried. The third resolution was that this meeting is of opinion that Section 269 of the Indian Penal Code should be so amended that local Governments may not be able in future to take away, by an executive order, one of the greatest safeguards of liberty of the subjects. The resolution was also carried; and a strong committee has been formed for the purpose of taking the necessary steps to bring about the withdrawal of the notification. It was resolved further to forward a memorial to the Secretary of State. The memorial summed up all that had been already urged against the notification, and in the prayer the memorialists ask for protection and redress, and the adoption of measures for the extension of the jury system. They request the Secretary of State to express his disapproval of the policy, which is based on the reversal of the fundamental and enlightened principles that consistently guided the British rule in India, and which in time of peace and improvement has suddenly plunged the country into an uncalled for agitation and excitement, which withdraws the privilege which the natives have learned as an honor and regard as a protection from wrong and oppression, and which by convincing the people the Government intends to curtail and withdraw the privileges and benefits long enjoyed and deeply appreciated, must impair its prestige, and disastrously affect all its relations with the people of the country.

Last night a big meeting was held in the suburbs, to protest against the recent Jury notification. The meeting recorded its strong protest against the notification in a resolution, and pledged itself to try to obtain the reversal of the order. The second resolution was to the effect that the notification is one of a series of acts tending the subordinate judiciary to executive; and that the meeting, therefore, is of opinion that steps shall be taken to uphold the absolute independence of judges, so that the people shall have perfect confidence in the fair and impartial administration of criminal justice. This resolution was proposed by an English barrister, supported by several speakers in English and the vernacular; and carried. A committee has been appointed to carry out the resolutions.

BETTING ON THE VICEROY'S CUP.

The latest betting on the Viceroy's Cup is as follows:—2 to 1 on Good Hope, taken and offered; 9 to 4 on High Born, offered; 3 to 1 on Catarina, taken and offered; 5 to 1 on Tostig, offered; 6 to 1 on Whimbrel, offered; and 15 to 1 on Riverina, offered.

THE SUPREME LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The date of the meeting of the Legislative Council is unfixed, and it, therefore, cannot be said what business will be considered.

AN ENGAGEMENT WITH THE BAHARWATIAS.

LIEUTENANT GORDON KILLED.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJKOTE, Dec. 20.

The *Kathiawar Times* of this evening, in announcing the destruction of the whole gang of the Baharwatias, eleven in number, by Lieutenant H. L. Gordon, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Kathiawar, and his party of twenty-five, in an engagement, yesterday afternoon, between five and six, in the limits of Chikhli, under Morvi, says that Lieutenant Gordon displayed conspicuous gallantry since, though he received four or five bullet wounds, he kept on charging the Baharwatias, and at last fell a victim to a sword wound. In the engagement two natives officers of the Agency Mounted Police were killed and two Agency sowars and two Morvi men wounded. The remains of Lieutenant Gordon were brought here from Morvi in a special train this afternoon, and interred with military honours. The Political Agent and other civil and military officers and native gentlemen being present at the funeral.

(FROM OUR OWN CORESPONDENT.)

POONA, Dec. 20.

Intelligence has been received in the Bombay Army head-quarters regarding the death of Lieutenant H. L. Gordon, 2nd Bombay Lancers, in an engagement with the dacoits, near Rajkote yesterday. His services were recently lent, at his own request, to Kathiawar, for special duty, as Assistant Superintendent of Police.

A FATAL ACCIDENT.

A deplorable accident occurred at an Artillery practice of the Corps, near Mhow, on the 17th instant. It appears that an unexploded shell was discovered by four natives who, presumably being ignorant of its dangerous nature, threw it against a rock, with the result that two of them were killed outright and the other two dangerously wounded.

MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

Surgeon-Captain Kirkpatrick and Waichnie, who are expected from England for duty, have been posted to the Bombay Command in succession to Surgeon-Captains Crofton and Durant.

TROUBLE WITH THE KACHINS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDEET.)

RANGOON, Dec. 20.

The official communique to the press to-day says that Mr. Hertz, Civil Officer with the North-Eastern Column, reports that on the 15th instant Sima was reached after an obstinate opposition. Our further loss was two killed and three wounded. The names are not given. Efforts, made to conciliate the Kachins have failed, and Mr. Hertz expects further attacks. All the wounded, except one Gurkha, are doing well.

ADOPTION BY THE WIDOW OF THE LATE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF SCINDIA'S ARMY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

GWALIOR, Dec. 20.

The widow of late Appa Sahib Angria, one of the foremost Sirdars of the Gwalior State, and lately Commander-in-Chief of Scindia's Army, has on the 12th December taken Trimbak Rao Angria, son of Manajee Ragojee Rao Angria of Alibakar, near Bombay, in adoption with the sanction of the Council of Regency as son and successor to the late Appa Sahib Angria. The boy adopted has been named Sambhajee Rao Angria. The adoption has been in accordance with the custom obtained in Central India and the Bombay Presidency, Raghojee Angria being the nearest relative to Appa Sahib Angria.

THE FORTHCOMING NATIONAL CONGRESS.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Dec. 20.

Raja Rampalsingh, Pandit Madanmohan Malavaya, and Lala Murlidhar addressed a well-attended public meeting here this evening, at the new hall, built by Rai Kanhaiyalal, pleader, Chief Court, in connection with the coming Congress. The speakers were enthusiastically received and applauded. Eighteen delegates were elected to attend the next Congress.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON. Dec. 19.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats firm.

Good Dhollera	4 5-16
The Manchester Market has been steady.	
2¾ per cent. Consols	97¼
3 per cent. Rentes	98½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	63⅛
Bar Silver	38 5-16.

PORT TRUSTEES' INSPECTION OF THE HARBOUR.

Yesterday the Port Trustees of Bombay entertained their friends and prominent citizens on a cruise in the harbour, for which purpose they had engaged Messrs. Shepherd and Company's s. s. Rajapuri. The undermentioned gentlemen had accepted invitations, and almost all of them were the guests of the Port Trustees:—Messrs. S. Abraham, Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy, T. J. Bennett, T. C. Burke, S. E. Bates, Brigadier-General Budgen, D. S. O., Messrs. J. P. Baird, A. Bruel, H. Ballantine, J. Brown, A. F. Beaufort, D. Bomonjee, F. Branchi, J. Bevan, Bhugwandas Narotumdas, A. F. Cox, R. S. Campbell, C. Chambers, E. W. Campbell, Currimbhoy Ebrahim, C. P. Cooper, W. Crowder, J. M. Campbell, C.I.E., K. N. Kabrajee, C. Crommelin, H. Chalmers, Surgeon-Captain Crimmin, Mr. A. Clark, Brigadier-General C. A. Cunningham, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, Messrs. Chuttoorbhooj Bhaichand, Canjee Dhurumsey, F. G. Dumayne, Damodhardas Goculdas, Dhurumsey M. Goculdas, Lieut.-Col. Empson, R.A., the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhai Visram, Messrs. C. W. Fosbury, C. Freeze, J. Greenwood, H. Guez, D. H. Glade, C. J. Groom, Grattan Geary, Goculdas Korjee, W. C. Hughes, H. C. Hutchinson, F. Heyer, Captain T. Hand, Messrs. Hassumbhov Visram, Hajee Jackeria Hajee Ahmed, Colonel T. F. Hobday, Commander Hooper, R. N., Mr. J. M. Heyn, Commander Houlston, Messrs. Hemraj Kanjee, Hurgovandas Soonderdas, Hajee Jan Mahomed Hajee Joosub, A. King, C. J. Kidd, Kulliandas K. Nathoobhai, Kursondas Vallabdas, Kirpal Hurry, Commander Jones, Messrs. J. Janni, A. M. T. Jackson, Javerilal Umiashunker Yajnik, R. C. Lees, J. B. Lee, Captain Login, Messrs. Lukhmidas Bhimjee, Lukhumsey Nappoo, W. G. Mayhew, A. McLaggan, James Moore, A. Murray, E. Muller, Mahomed Kadi Bey, J. Marshall, P. G. Messent, J. Moir, Captain McConachie, Messrs. Madhowdas Dwarkadas, Mansooklal M. Munshi, Manjee Nathoo, W. Newell, Noormahomed Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy, J. C. Nicholson, Narrondas Rowjee, Lukhmidas Narotum, Morarjee Goculdas, the officers of H. M. s. s. Lawrence, Mr. Karl Prumler, Captain G. Porter, Lieut.-Colonel Pearse, Messrs. W. Potts, S. W. Patrick, Purshotum Canjee, F. A. Reddie, Ramjee Dossa, Runsordas Bhanjee, Runsordas Tribhowndas Nathoobhoy, G. C. Scaramanga, A. W. Seabrook, A. Simeon, E. M. Slater, W. P. Squire, J. W. Smith, Captain Schomberg, Messrs. Shamjee Goverdhandas Kursondas, J. Tintner, W. Thacker, A. M. Tod, Captain S. S. Thomas, Messrs. Tribhowandas Varjivandas, Tulsidas K. Nathoobhai, H. W. Uloth, Vijbhucandas Atmaram, Vithaldas Damodherdas Thackersey, Captain G. R. C. Westropp, Mr. H. W. Williams, Colonel Wilson, and Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel T. S. Weir.

The party left Apollo Bunder after midday, arriving at the Prongs Lighthouse at 1-10 p.m., Kennery was reached at 2-55 p.m., and after an hour's stay, the Sunk Rock Lighthouse was visited at 5-20 p. m. Leaving it half-an-hour later, the party returned to Apollo Bunder, at 6 p. m. Luncheon was served on board in the princely style which has rendered the Port Trustees' annual cruise to be looked forward to with pleasure. Since last year's trip, a novel feature has been introduced in the lighting of the Kennery and Sunk Rock Lighthouses, mineral oil being substituted for cocoanut oil as an illuminant. The Prongs Lighthouse will be similarly illuminated hereafter. The chief advantage of using mineral oil is that it makes the light burn throughout the whole night without trimming, whereas the cocoanut light has to be taken down for the purpose of re-filling the oil and of trimming the burners. Mineral oil is, besides, cheaper than cocoanut oil, is very much cleaner, and during the cold weather it enjoys an immunity from congealing, while, on the contrary, cocoanut oil is found frozen solid during the night, and has to be exposed to the sun's rays before the lamps could be re-filled with it. As an instance of the extent to which oil as an illuminant can be improved, it may be mentioned that the flashing power of the oil used for the light-houses is of 200 degrees. These advantages in the new lighting were explained to, and appreciated by, those present. They also observed that the buoys in the harbour have during the past year been adapted to the new uniform international buoy system. The guests also noticed the new Ballard Road pier, now in course of construction, which is to be 350 feet in length, with an arm to the north 200 feet in length, and which will afford a convenience and shelter as a landing-place for passengers with a very much greater depth of water than the Apollo Bunder pier. Higher up the harbour, the party noticed the blasting and dredging operations which are in progress alongside the Prince's Dock works, which will largely increase the quay space; and where mercantile vessels drawing as much as 70 feet water can come and go at any state of the tide. The guests must have also noticed the eight new hydraulic cranes, which have been provided on the same quay, and one which is in course of erection for the use of the coasting trade, which of recent years has been accommodated at the place. Still further up the harbour on the Frere Reclamation, improvements are in the contemplation of the Port Trust authorities to meet the wants of the coal trade.

BOMBAY TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

It is notified for general information that Monday, the 26th instant, will be observed as Christmas Day in the Government Telegraph Department (*vide* Telegraph Guide Section I Rule 2).

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Superintendent, Bombay Office.

Bombay, Dec. 20.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Hon. Cecil Rhodes started yesterday for Africa via Egypt.

£14,000 is to be handed over from the Paris Irish National Fund to Messrs. Dillon, Davitt, and Harrington.

The head constable of the Allahabad District-Police Force, who was charged before Mr. Elliot, the Sessions Judge, with having caused hurt to his servant, a boy of sixteen or seventeen years of age, in order to induce him to restore certain property he was suspected of having stolen, has been convicted and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

The Madras Railway traffic receipts for the week ended 10th December, were, for passengers, etc., Rs. 78,439, and for goods, etc., Rs. 1,16,213, making altogether Rs. 1,94,652, or an average receipt per mile of Rs. 231-11-8. During the corresponding week in 1891 the receipts were Rs. 1,82,346-0-7, or an average receipt per mile of Rs. 217-1-3.

The services of Mr. E. W. Payne, Superintendent of the Dacca Central Jail, are placed at the diposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces for employment as Superintendent of the Central Jail at Jubbulpore.

Sir W. Wedderburn, in a communication to the Joint General Secretary of the Congress, complains that out of Rs. 40,000 voted by the Congress last year, or Rs. 30,000 actually guaranteed, representing £2,500 and £1,850, respectively, only £757 have been sent; the consequence being that the British Committee had to borrow £800 from the bank, and several debts have yet to be paid.

"Cricket," for November 24th, has a couple of paras. referring to Lord Hawke's visit to Ceylon, and the arrangements for the team's reception. Alluding to their performances, it says:—"No one who has had any practical experience of the character of the cricket grounds in Ceylon, however, can gainsay the excellence of the performance credited to the team in two of the three fixtures at all events. Scores of 252 and 237 are not very easy of attainment under the condition of grounds as they are in Ceylon. If the results of the matches in Colombo are to be accepted as an index to their success in the future, the Parsees and the Anglo-Indian Combinations which are to oppose Lord Hawke's team in India will have to look to their laurels."

From inquiries made, writes a Ceylon paper, we learn that the present high rates for rice ruling in the Island are due to the enhanced price of the commodity on the neighbouring continent, caused by the recent short harvest consequent upon a prolonged drought. So far as we can make out, there has been no combination amongst the traders either to force up the prices or to maintain them at abnormal rates. Shipments, too, have not been heavy of late, but several steamers are due with large consignments, and it is expected that the market will soon revert to its normal condition. The present quotations are—Soolai, Rs. 10 to Rs. 10·25 per bag; Calunda, Rs. 4·25 to Rs. 4·50 per bushel; Samba, Rs. 4·75 to Rs. 5·12 per bushel; Kara, Rs. 4 12 to Rs. 4·25 per bushel.

The winter at Darjiling set in early this year, says the *Saturday Evening Journal*, and up to date has been unusually severe. The thermometer has registered thirty degrees, and last week there was a fall of snow.

The following is the summary of the crop and weather report of the N.-W. Provinces and Oudh for the week ending the 14th December:—Except in Ballia, where there has been slight rain, the weather has been fine, though generally cloudy. A fall of rain would greatly benefit the young crops. Irrigation is in progress and prospects are good generally. Sugarcane pressing going on. Locusts appeared in parts of the Fyzabad and Saharanpur districts, but damage has not been reported. Prices on the whole are fairly steady.

The Presidency Port Officer, Madras, recently reported to Government that a question had been raised as to whether a coasting vessel, which on arrival at a port pays the usual dues, is liable to pay the dues again on proceeding to sea, should her stay in the port exceed sixty days. Government has ruled that Port dues are leviable only on vessels entering a port, and not on those leaving one in any case.

It is unusual to find the words "plain clothes" on a card of invitation to a garden party, and those sent out by the Governor of Victoria and Lady Hopetoun bearing this legend have excited considerable discussion. It appears that many gentlemen have been in the habit of attending garden parties in civil, naval, military, or consular uniform, and the words "plain clothes" are intended to intimate that frock coats and tall hats are considered more orthodox for afternoon wear at Government House, Melbourne.

A sensational tragedy is reported from Cherta. Whilst a bull-fight was in progress a municipal policeman entered the arena, and, approaching one of the bull-fighters, stabbed him three times in the chest, in the presence of hundreds of spectators. The injured man did not fall, and, pressing his hands to the wounds to prevent blood flowing, was trying to walk from the ring, when the bull knocked him down and gored him to death, amid yells of horror from the spectators. When his corpse was recovered it was found that he had received seven wounds.

M. Thomas Dickson, the well-known French conjuror and successor of the great Robert Houdin at the little theatre on the Boulevards, has been getting into trouble with his brethren of the craft. Unprofessional conduct is the accusation brought against him, the reason being that he has been performing certain tricks in public, and afterwards showing in the minutest possible way how they are done. Once or twice he has been met with angry interruptions, which have neccessitated him sending for the police to eject the malcontents. In particular he is annoyed by rivals who are adepts in the business, and who do not scruple to spoil the effect of his best illusions by explaining them then and there. Just as he asks a person to select a card from the pack a loud voice in the gallery is heard proclaiming the fact that the cards are "all alike," and so forth. M. Dickson nevertheless persists in his course. "In revealing professional secrets," he says, "I am only doing what was done by Robert Houdin himself, whose works on the subject are largely used by amateurs."

By way apparently of illustrating the manners and customs of the old nobility in France, Mr. Walter Herries Pollock sends to the *National Review* a passage in French from some unpublished memoirs of the "Marquis of—, 1780." The Marquis, says this imaginary diarist, lingered at the table enjoying in a leisurely way, with a keen smile about the lips, the last glass of the last bottle of his old burgundy, which had descended to him from his ancestors. M. de Sarazere, his unexpected but pampered guest, was sleeping in his bed-chamber. The Marquis had said to him, grasping his hand, "Sleep well, dear sir; Pierre will show you to your room." Presently the Marquis rang his bell. Francois answered the summons. "What does Monsieur the Marquis desire?" "A trifle. It appears that Monsieur does not like my old burgundy. Cut the gentleman's throat." The command, it is added, was promptly obeyed. "This," continues the narrative, "is the mysterious crime which has so dazzled Versailles." The Marquis only referred to the subject once. "That man," he said, "annoyed me. He did not like my wine. It became my business to kill him; I had him killed. What is the use of a duel de convenance?"

Mr. John Tomes, Stewkley, Bucks, evidently an agricultural labourer, asks us to note that at the rent audit of the allotment holders under Lord Carrington, which has just been held, only a half year's rent was taken from the holders. The allotments are set out in quarter acres, and the rent per year is 7s. 6d. the rood. The land was set out on the 17th of November, 1891, Lord Carrington having the land thoroughly drained before the holders began to cultivate it. There are about fourteen acres of it. It was formerly woodland, but has been sward for about one hundred years, and has a good depth of soil. "Long live Lord Carrington," Mr. Tomes adds, "was the general wish of the holders of the allotments." He also tells us (remarking incidentally that "there is no Tory dodge about this") that the Manor Farm in his parish, about 158 acres in extent, recently purchased by Mr. T. S. Heley, of Wing, has been offered to the working men of Stewkley and neighbourhood in plots of from a rood upwards on 1*l*. per rood being paid down. The first deposit has been paid on 21 acres. There are at present nineteen intending purchasers.

The benefits derived from good example and good teaching writes the *Madras Mail* were amply demonstrated at the concert given on Friday evening, under the patronage of Lord and Lady Wenlock, by the members and students of the Madras School of Music at Victoria Hall. Mrs. De Beaux' beautiful soprano was heard to great advantage in a solo and chorus, "Hear my Prayer" (*Mendelssohn*), which received well-deserved applause, and Mons. E. Stradiot fully sustained his high reputation with a violoncello solo. The two choruses (unaccompanied), "O Gladsome Light" (*Sullivan*), and "Hallelujah to the Father" (*Beethoven*) and the partsong "Home they brought her warrior dead" (*Barnby*), also unaccompanied, were well rendered, and reflect great credit on the school. Mr. A. D. Rozario sang Rossini's "Cujus Animam" in excellent style, and Miss Thompson's fine execution of a pianoforte solo, Beethoven's "Sonata in A flat, op. 26," was well received. One of the gems of the evening was Miss Cormac's rendering of a "Grand Fantasia on Meyerbeer's Huguenots (*Thalberg*). She is a brilliant performer on the piano, and deserves the highest praise. Colonel Drake-Brockman and Mr. F. DeCruz, on flute and violin, respectively, won golden opinions, while Miss Paczensky's pianoforte solo "Prelude and Fugue in C minor" (*J. S. Bach*) earned the appreciation of the audience. A word of praise must be given to the ladies and gentlemen who accompanied throughout the evening, nor must we overlook the services of the conductor, the Rev. J. T. Laurence, whose labour of love in connection with the advancement and teaching of high-class music in Madras calls for the highest praise. Altogether the promoters of the Madras School of Music have every reason to be proud of the work already done, and should feel that their efforts have been rewarded, and be stimulated to still further endeavours.

The plague of wolves in Shensi, a mountainous province of North Central China, is described as becoming more and more alarming. A Correspondent in that part writes that in the village in which he is sojourning they had heard of eleven persons carried off by these animals in seven days. Most of the victims were children; the rest young persons of 16, 19, and 20 years of age. "They come (says the writer) to our village here every night just now. Men are bestirring themselves, going out in large numbers to hunt them, as yet, however, unsuccessfully. To-night we have put poisoned mutton in two places not far off, hoping to find at least one dead wolf to-morrow. They roam in open daylight, boldly entering villages and carrying off helpless little ones. Three went in company a few days ago into a native village; one of the number entered a hut and snatched a little child from his father's arms. Pursuit in every case has been futile. It seems this is their breeding time, hence their abnormal boldness."

Mawworm, it will be remembered, "liked to be despised," and it would seem that the tradesmen of Walsall like to be robbed—at least they greatly prefer it to going before the magistrates to make complaint of their losses. At the Petty Sessions in that town a little girl of fourteen has been convicted of a number of thefts from drapers, tailors, and others, the table in the court being covered with a great variety of articles forming portions of the plunder. In passing sentence of ten days' imprisonment, to be followed by four years in a reformatory, it was stated that the magistrates considered that the girl was less to blame than someone else, who ought to stand in her place or beside her in the dock. It appeared, however, from the chief constable's evidence that there was a practical difficulty in obtaining evidence, owing to the unwillingness to come forward of tradesmen who had suffered. The prisoner it appeared had even gone round with the police and pointed out the shops she had robbed; but the tradesmen refused to identify their property. One threw light on their motives by saying that "they would not go before the magistrate to be wigged for exposing goods outside their shops." Thus, as the chief constable explained, does the town of Walsall virtually foster thieving among its juvenile population.

A Vienna Correspondent learns from Bucharest that the affair of the diadem which the ladies of Bucharest meant to offer to Princess Marie of Edinburgh on the occasion of her wedding has been satisfactorily concluded in this manner. The ladies will have a beautiful casket made in Paris, in which will be placed the sum collected for the tiara. After the wedding the casket will be presented to the bride, to do with as she pleases. The committee wish her to select the charity which is to receive it.

The late Miss Amelia Edwards, the well-known Egyptologist, founded by her will a Chair of Egyptology in University College. This is the first endowment of the kind in this country. The council of the college have appointed Mr. W. M. Flinders Petrie, D.C.L., to be the first Edwards Professor, and that gentleman will commence work there soon after Christmas. The appliances for study will include a library complete in works of reference for the history, language, and antiquities of Egypt, and upwards of a thousand photographs of monuments, with paper impressions of inscriptions. In addition to the typical collection of Egyptian antiquities bequeathed to the college by Miss Edwards, Professor Petrie hopes to obtain the temporary loan of some valuable private collections. He proposes to undertake the following work: 1. Lectures on current discoveries, on history, and on the systematic study of Egyptian antiquities; 2. Lessons on the language and philology of Egypt; 3. Attendance in the library on fixed days for the assistance and direction of students working there; 4. Practical training on excavations in Egypt. London will thus have a new school for the study of the civilization of Egypt.

It is understood, says a Berlin Correspondent, that the projected marriage between the Russian Crown Prince and Princess Mary of Greece was thwarted by the opposition of Queen Olga. The Greek people dislike marriage between cousins, as an offence against the rules of the Orthodox Church, and when the eldest daughter of the Greek Royal couple, the Grand Duchess Paul died, many Greeks regarded this as an indication of God's anger. Queen Olga still suffers under the impression of that sad event.

An article in the new Australian magazine, "The Antipodean," on the drama in Australia opens with an amusing anecdote. It is that of an English actress of some celebrity, who was asked by an impertinent interviewer whether she considered that she had "improved artistically during her stay in the colonies." The lady contrived a look of supreme amazement, and replied that she did not think so. "Actors don't come to Australia to improve themselves," she said; "they come to Australia to make money."

Mr. W. S. Gilbert may be interested to learn that, according to the judgment of the Court of Appeal at Vienna, a libretto is a mere "annexe" to an opera, and is quite subordinate to the music. The case had reference to "Carmen." In Austria, copyright expires at the end of the tenth year after the author's death. Bizet, the composer, died in 1875, but the librettists of "Carmen" are still living, and performing fees were claimed from Herr Angelo Neumann, of Prague, on their behalf. But the Superior Tribunal of Vienna holds libretti and librettists, in small account. It declined to accept the argument that under the Austrian law of Oct. 19, 1846, the librettist has the same protection as the composer, and roundly held that "the text of an opera was only a sort of supplement annexed to the music." Like many other amateurs who have never tried the experiment, the judges possibly imagined that anybody could write a libretto, but that the music was a very different thing. Unfortunately Herr Neumann lost his case upon another point, namely, a question of contract in writing, so that the matter is unlikely to be submitted to the Austrian Supreme Court, an analogous tribunal to our own House of Lords as a final court of legal appeal.

"MY LORD THE ELEPHANT."

A CHRISTMAS STORY BY RUDYARD KIPLING.

On Saturday next—Christmas Eve—the *Bombay Gazette* will publish a story by Mr. Rudyard Kipling entitled "My Lord the Elephant"—another tale of Mulvaney, the Chief of the now famous Soldiers Three.

THE HYDERABAD PAMPHLET SCANDAL CASE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Dec. 17.

This case was resumed to-day at the Court of the Residency Bazaars before Mr. O. V. Bosanquet.

Colonel Ludlow, Inspector-General of H. H. the Nizam's Police, was called for the defence. He said that on the 6th April he saw Mehdi Hassan at his house, and he mentioned the fact that the pamphlet had appeared. He spoke of it as an atrociously cruel and unwarranted act on the part of some blackguard. Witness was not prepared to swear that on that occasion Mehdi Hassan did not ask for his services. He was present at the station on the 7th April when the Minister went on his shooting expedition. He spoke to his Excellency in connection with the case. The Minister desired witness to discover the author.

Did you consider it formed part of your duty to try and discover the truth or not of the statements contained in the pamphlet?—Yes, in order to discover a clue.

Mr. Stevenson was the head of the Detective Department. He gave Mr. Stevenson instructions to act in the case, and he acted as one of the officers in witness's department for the Government. In April witness left for England, and in his absence Mr. Hugh Gough acted for him. Before he left he had commenced telegraphic communications with the north of India. The file of letters left his office during his absence in England and was not returned.

Why was it not returned?—Am I bound to answer why it was not returned, it was mentioned to me in confidence.

Was it mentioned officially?—Not officially.

Who mentioned it?—Mr. Faridoonji.

What reason did he give?—Am I bound to answer that, your Worship?

His Worship: I think you must ask Mr. Faridoonji that question, Mr. Norton.

Mr. Norton: Mr. Faridoonji has been unable to claim privilege.

Witness: I will go thus far and say that it was no longer in the hands of the Government.

Mr. Norton: Never mind, I will not press the question. Mr. Faridoonji has already told us that it was in the hands of H. H. the Nizam.

Witness did what he considered necessary to discover the author of the pamphlet. When he arrived at Bombay on his return from England witness saw Mehdi Hassan at the house of Mr. Roughton, solicitor. He believed he travelled in the same train to Hyderabad with Mehdi Hassan. The question of the pamphlet was touched on slightly at Mr. Roughton's house.

After that conversation, casual or not, was there any doubt in your mind that Mehdi Hassan was aware of the Government enquiry to discover the author of the pamphlet?—I cannot say with regard to that conversation.

Then generally?—Generally, I believe he was aware of the Government enquiry. That was the impression on my mind.

Did you on your return to Hyderabad communicate with Mehdi Hassan about the case?—Yes, on one or two occasions I told him what was going on.

Did you mention to him that a letter had been received in your office censuring your conduct in this enquiry?—I mentioned the letter.

Did he attempt to mitigate its tone?—He appeared to be ignorant that any such letter had been issued.

That was the impression left on your mind?—Yes.

Were you aware at that time that Mehdi Hassan had broken open the seal of the Government envelope containing the police file, and had himself read every paper on it?—I was not aware of that fact.

If you had been aware that he knew of the contents of the letter of censure would you have pressed him further?—Most probably.

Were you aware that at one time before you left for England, Government contemplated offering a reward?—Yes.

Has Mehdi Hassan ever spoken to you about it?—I don't remember him speaking about it, but he wrote.

From what funds was the reward to come?—From Government funds, the bulk of it.

A quantity of correspondence which had passed between Mehdi Hassan and Col. Ludlow was then filed in Court.

This was put in to prove that Mehdi Hassan had correspondence with Col. Ludlow. Complainant has sworn that he had no correspondence with witness.

Remembering your conversations with Mehdi Hassan, had you ever told him that telegrams had been sent to the north of India?—I cannot recollect whether I told him.

But was he aware generally of steps being taken in the north of India?—I will not commit myself to saying he was, but I presume he was aware of the enquiry in the north, as most of the people mentioned in the pamphlet were in the north.

But is it possible a gentleman of your intelligence could carry on a conversation with Mehdi Hassan without conveying to him some knowledge of what was being done?—He knew that an enquiry was being carried on by the police, but I cannot remember ever mentioning anything about the enquiries in the north. Presumably he was aware of it.

Was Stevenson aware of the enquiry in the north?—Most certainly.

Did he tell Mehdi Hassan?—I don't know whether he did.

Did Stevenson in your and Mr. Edgelow's presence say that he had communicated the fact to Mehdi Hassan?—He was fully aware of the whole enquiry. I don't remember the word northern being used.

Were enquiries conducted locally before you went to England?—There were enquiries with regard to Mahomed Akbar Khan, also some one connected with Mr Furidoonji's office.

Had anything resulted?—I don't remember that there was anything.

Were not the bulk of the enquiries in the north?—Yes.

Then why do you suggest that Mehdi Hassan knew of the local and not of the enquiry in the north?—I did not say that. He knew of the police enquiry.

You had no reason to suppose he drew any mental reservation between north and south?—I don't think he did.

The statement made by Mehdi Hassan that he first heard of the pamphlet from you at the station on the 7th April, is that correct?—No, he knew of it on the 6th.

Is the statement of Mehdi Hassan true that he did not place himself in communication with you before you sailed for England?—It is not true, there was the conversation of the 6th April, and on the 12th the letter offering a reward.

Mehdi Hassan swears that the Minister did not tell you to make enquiries about the author or authors of the pamphlet, is that true?—It is not true.

Is it not a fact that you received Rs. 1,000 from Mr. Furidoonji as part payment towards the expenses of the enquiry?—Yes.

Mehdi Hassan says I had no knowledge of enquiries made by Government on their own account. Is that true or false?—Certainly, not true.

Had you heard in 1889 any rumours affecting the status of the so-called Mrs. Mehdi Hassan?—I had heard a rumour.

You recollect the occasion when they were at home?—I recollect the time she was at home.

Subsequent to that had you heard a rumour affecting her chastity?—Yes, but I cannot say when.

Did you hear of Mrs. Mehdi Hassan being presented?—Yes.

Was it before or after that?—I cannot say.

Have you heard of the Durand enquiry?—Not until after this case opened.

Cross-examined by Mr. Rudra witness said Mehdi Hassan was aware that he was making an enquiry, and must necessarily have known he would have enquired into the antecedent character of Gertrude Donnelly. He was not aware that Mehdi Hassan was personally aware of each step witness took. Witness at different times after his return from England spoke to Mehdi Hassan about the progress of the case and what was being done. Witness received his instructions about the reward from Government, and not from Mehdi Hassan privately. Subsequently Mehdi Hassan offered a reward in his private capacity.

The Court then adjourned.

In ready response to the appeal of Colonel Stewart, the British Council-General, the City Prefect of Odessa, a Correspondent there tells us, has generously given in perpetuity a free site for the erection of a new English church for the British Colony of the city. The new edifice, constructed to seat two hundred persons, will cost about 20,000 roubles.

THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY SENATE.

THE M. B. DEGREE.

The adjourned meeting of the Bombay University Senate, which has been called to consider the proposition of Dr. Khory regarding the creation of an M.B. Degree, was held yesterday evening. Dr. Mackichan, in the absence of the Vice-Chancellor, was again voted to the chair.

The chairman remarked that as the different amendments to Dr. Khory's proposition might be divided into two classes, namely, those which intended the retention of the present L. M. and S. Degree, and those which proposed its abolition, he intended to divide them into these classes, and to consider them in order. He would, therefore, call upon Dr. Manser to move his amendment, after which Dr. Arnott would move his amendment.

Dr. Manser accordingly moved that (1) "A new Degree, namely, Bachelor of Medicine (M.B.), be instituted and conferred by this University.

(2).—"That, in addition to having passed a professional examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Medicine, every candidate appearing for such Degree shall be required to possess the Degree of Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science of this University, or of some University recognized by it.

(3).—"That all intending candidates for the Degrees of M.B. and L. M. & S. shall, before commencing their professional studies, be required to pass the Previous Examination in Arts of this University, or an equivalent examination of some University recognized by it."

Dr. Manser, in support of his motion, said that he was not concerned with the history of the question any more than to repeat what he had stated on the former occasion, that Dr. Khory had not given a perfectly accurate account of what he (Dr. Manser) had done in the matter. Up to the present time he had been satisfied with the Degree of L. M. and S., which he considered a respectable and creditable qualification. But he must say that recent events had made him somewhat sceptical on this point. At the last meeting of the General Medical Council in London when the executive committee appointed by that Council submitted a proposition to recognise the Bombay University Degrees in medicine no less an authority than Professor Houghton objected to the measure, because he considered that the system which prevailed in Bombay in granting these degrees was not a proper one.

Dr. Khory here interrupted the speaker on a point of order contending that his remarks had more to do with the second proposition than the one at present before the meeting.

The chairman, however, ruled Dr. Manser was perfectly in order.

Dr. Manser, continuing, said that they had heard from the other side, especially from Dr. Cowasjee, that the effect of Dr. Khory's proposal would merely be a transference of names. He could never bring himself to vote in favour of such an extraordinary proposition. The creation of a new M. B. Degree required in his opinion a higher standard of culture than that which was deemed sufficient for the present L. M. and S. They had heard it stated that the Universities in England, with the single exception of Oxford, did not demand a higher test than the Matriculation as a qualification for the M. B. Degree. This might, he was prepared to admit, do in the case of forty or fifty students competing, but when the examinations were attended by crowds, as was the case in India, he thought that a severer test must be applied to ensure the sufficiency of knowledge on the part of the candidates to enable them to go through their medical course. It was this consideration that prompted him to bring forward his present motion, and he hoped that Dr. Deshmukh, who had at another place supported the proposition of raising the standard of the preliminary knowledge of English and Mathematics for medical candidates, would support the present amendment, which sought to effect the same object. He stated that among the larger number of candidates who entered the Medical School after only having passed their Matriculation test the great majority never had the remotest chance of ever obtaining a Degree. As an illustration of the truth of his remarks he stated that he had recently seen a certificate, granted by Dr. Anna Moreshwar Kunte to a student of the Grant Medical College in which it was stated that the holder was the only student who had passed who really knew his subject. This, he thought, was a sufficient argument in favour of raising the standard of preliminary education for a course of medical training. He pointed out that the Faculties of Law and Engineering insisted on a higher test than the Matriculation, the former demanding nothing less than a Degree in Arts from a candidate who intended to rule on a course of instruction. Surely he argued that if such a high test was required for these professions, it should also be required for the profession of medicine. He was in favour of the creation of a new M. B. Degree, because the present system of having no intermediate examination between the L. M. and S. and the M.D. Degree was an anomaly. This new M.B. Degree, he contended, should be something more than a mere professional qualification, and it should carry with it a wider knowledge of mere professional subjects, which was his reason for stipulating that a candidate should have passed his B.A. Degree before he could obtain his M. B. Degree. As a candidate could put on his terms at the Grant Medical College, the scheme he proposed would not entail a longer than eight years' course, which was not so much as was demanded for the L. M. & S. Degree. He was one who was in favour of encouraging science in preference to arts, hence his proposition regarding the B. Sc. Examination. For the reasons he had adduced he put his amendment to the meeting with confidence that they would give it their earnest consideration. He favoured the retention of the L. M. and S. Degree because it provided the country with a class of practitioner, which was greatly needed, and which up to the present had done good and useful work. He further pointed out that the conversion of the L. M. and S. into an M. B. Degree would have the effect of distributing the gentlemen who at present head the title and who had passed all the test that it was proposed to require from the new M. B.s. They would naturally urge their claim to the new degree in preference to the mere licensing designation they at present held.

Mr. Fitzpatrick seconded the motion. He said that the question was one that not only affected the Medical Faculty but the whole University, and it was that therefore he although only a lay member rose to support Dr. Manser. He was strongly of the opinion that the test of general culture for a medical student should be higher than a mere matriculation, and it was, therefore, that he supported the innovation proposed by Dr. Manser with regard to the expediency of retaining the L. M. & S. He confessed that he was somewhat diffident to speak not being a medical man, but he was inclined to agree with Dr. Temuljee that the L. M. and S. Degree should be retained and for the reason that men who were granted this license to practise filled a want, and did good work among a portion of the population who could not afford to pay for high professional services. Returning to the question of general culture he said that the University owed it to herself to raise the standard to the same level as she demanded in law and engineering, if she did not do so he feared that her function as a University would eventually cease; the Arts Faculty would be done away with, and she would be no more than a merely technical training school. Dr. Bahadurjee would probably qualify his as fanciful talk, and he certainly admired the courage of Dr. Bahadurjee to come to the Senate, and tell them that the mere Matriculation test of general culture was sufficient for a candidate who aspired to the Degree of M.B. Speaking on the objection that the Matriculation was the only test demanded by universities in England he denied that a student who had passed the Bombay University Matriculation Examination was on a par with one who did so in England. The nature of a man's knowledge and intellectual development depended on his environment, and a lad who was educated in England, where the very air he breathed was charged with intellectual electricity, could not by the greatest stretch of imagination be compared to the student brought up in India. The latter might be more book-perfect, but his general culture must necessarily be deficient when compared to the lad who from his infancy has had all the advantage of books, newspapers, magazines, and lectures. He, therefore, cordially supported Dr. Manser's amendment.

Dr. Cama opposed the retention of the L. M. and S. because in the words of Dr. Gray, the principal of the Grant Medical College it was absurd and illogical. The long course of nine years proposed by Dr. Manser would entail large expense, which he thought was unnecessary. The proposal of Dr. Khory to raise the preliminary test to the P. E. Examination was in his opinion sufficient.

Dr. Bahadurjee recapitulated the arguments he had used on the previous occasion when speaking in favour of Dr. Khory's resolution. As far as general culture was concerned he said that the candidates for a medical degree were required to know the simple language of Huxley and not the ornate prose of a Bacon or a Cicero.

Dr. Maconachie spoke in favour of Dr. Manser's amendment. He pointed out that in the universities of Great Britain in Scotland especially students for a medical degree in 49 cases out of 50, first qualified themselves by taking a Degree in Arts. He gave the case of his University which supplied 34 per cent. of the men in the service in India, or all or most of these were Graduates in Arts. With regard to the retention of the L. M. and S. Degree, speaking from his experience of the country he was in favour of it for reasons similar to those given by previous speakers.

The amendment was then put to the meeting and lost by 38 votes against 18. The chairman then called upon Dr. Arnott to move the amendment of which he had given notice. He proposed:

"That the designation of the first Medical Degree remain unchanged and that candidates must have passed the Previous or the Degree of B. A. of this University or some University recognized by it.

"That a new Degree of Bachelor of Medicine (M.B.) be instituted and that candidates must have passed the Intermediate Examination for the Degree of B.A. or the First Examination for the Degree of B.Sc. of this University or of some University recognized by it."

He said that so long as ten years ago Dr. Cook who had the interests of the medical profession in Bombay very much at heart proposed to raise the test for entrance into the Grant Medical College from Matriculation to the Previous Examination, and he thought that if this was necessary then it was very much so now in view of the great advances that have been made in the profession since that time. He did not propose to go as far as his friend Dr. Manser nor as far as Principal Gray, but he contended that the entrance test should be raised from the Matriculation to the Previous Examination. He did not favour the abolition of the L. M. and S., and his reasons were the same as those advanced by Dr. Andrade and others. It seemed to him that they were on the horns of a dilemma, and he came forward with his amendment in a way of a compromise so that they might shake hands over the matter, and end a horrid dispute that had been going on for so long a period. He believed that some licensing qualification such as that given by the L. M. and S. Degree was necessary and in dealing with the objection that the provincial schools of Ahmedabad and Poona provided this want he stated that they did not fulfil the promise which Sir Richard Temple believed they would when he established them. Most of the men trained by them became hospital assistants and a very few qualified for the L. M. and S. Degree. Speaking on the question of general culture he stated that the *elite* of the medical profession in England were Graduates in Arts. Of course he could understand that inherent genius would always assert itself, no matter what the test it had preliminarily been submitted to, and he referred to the case quoted by Dr. Bahadurjee that at the last medical examination in Bombay the student who passed first on the list was only a Matriculate. This, however, was a case in point. Mr. Rajanendra Rao, the gentleman in question, was a Brahmin who inherited his talent, and besides he had had the advantage of having passed the London University Matriculation Examination. His case, therefore, hardly bore on the general proposition advanced by Dr. Bahadurjee. He submitted that even such geniuses were always the better for a higher training. Their decision that evening on this all important question of raising the standard would effect not only the candidates of the present generation, but those of a century hence. (Hear, hear.)

Dr. Eduljee Nusserwanjee seconded the amendment.

Professor Hawthornthwaite spoke in support of Dr. Arnott's amendment, and in course of his remarks warmly combatted the unjustifiable charge which Dr. Bahadurjee had made against Mathematics at the last meeting.

The amendment was then put to the meeting and lost by 26 votes against 19.

On the motion of Dr. Cama the meeting was then adjourned to the 16th January next.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION RESULTS.

The result of the examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts was declared yesterday afternoon. Out of 274 candidates, who had presented themselves at the Examination, 141 were declared to have passed. Govind Chimnajee Bhate obtained the Ellis Scholarship. Ramchander Mahadew Galande carried off the Bhow Dajee Prize and Cobden Club Medal. The Duke of Edinborough Fellowship and Sir James Fergusson Scholarship were awarded to Pestonjee Sorabji Patuck. The Narayan Vasudeo Scholarship was granted to Balkrishna Bhicajee Sardesai. The following are the names of the successful candidates:—

First Class.—Galande, Ramchandra Mahadev; Jadhav, Bhaskar Vithoba; Patuck, Pestonji Sorabji.

Second Class.—Bhagwat, Mahadev Vinayak; Bharucha, Shapurji Sheriarji; Bhate, Govind Chimnaji; Ghahevala, Jivanji Hormusji; Chitale, Ganpati Krishna; Dalai, Chunilal Parbhudas; Dandvate, Ganesh Sadashiv, Dustur, Shavakshah Pestanji; Davar, Ardesir Shavakshah; Desai, Motilal Jivanlal; Desai, Ramlal Hiralal; Dholakia, Shankarprasad Navalshankar; D'Mello, Cyprian; D'Mello, Mathew Nicholas; Engineer, Hirjibhai Dinshah; Fernandez, John Paul; Garud, Gopal Balwant; Ghali, Satyappa Sankappa; Godinho, Phillip-Gokhale, Shivram Hari; Hunt, Matilda; Joshi, Balkrishna Bhagwandas; Kapadia, Motilal Kanji; Khare; Ganesh Gopal; Killedar, Vaman Lakshman; Lakhumalani, Divansing Choitsing; Lohar, Motiram Makandas; Madurkar, Govind Datto; Marpathia, Chandulal Nagindas; Mehta, Kaushikram Vighnaharram; Mehta, Maganlal Ghelabhai; Merani, Chandirom Nekrai; Nanal, Bhaskar Ramchandra; Pandya, Manilal Atmaram; Pimple, Vasudev Ramchandra; Saadi, Imdadalli M.; Sane, Ramchandra Raoji; Sardesai, Balkrishna Bhickaji; Shurpalli, Bhimaji Narsinha; Sinde, Narayan Bachaji; Teudle, Gopalrao Ramkrishna; Treasurivala, Ardesir Jamsedji; Unvala, Edalji Jamsedji; Vaze, Krishnaji Ballal.

Pass.—Advani, Hiranand Santokram; Advani, Mohanlal Davlatram; Ajinkya, Vinayak Ganesh; Alurkar-Hari Abaji; Anklesaria, Behramgore Tehmuras; Athavale, Ramchandra Sadashiv; Bahadur, Merwanji Bahadurji; Bal, Ramchandra Keshav; Bapat, Vishnu Narayan; Bhandarkar, Vinayak Shivram; Bhat, Bhanushankar Bhavanishankar; Bhat, Jeshtaram Nanabhai; Bhat, Trimbaklal Chhaganlal; Bhavnani, Dialmal Davlatram; Bhide, Gopal Raghunath; Bilimoria, Kavasji Jamshedji; Bilpudivala, Hormasji Fakirji; Chakradev, Balkrishna Vishnu; Chhatrapati, Chhotalal Mathuradas; Chirputkar, Vasudev Pandurang; Commissariatvala, Nadirshah Navroji; Daji, Dinshah Kharshetji; Dalal, Kavasji Manekji; Dalal, Dahyabhai Ratanchand; Dalal, Jaychand Kuberdas; Damle, Bhau Krishna; Desai, Gulabrai Jamietram; Despande, Shrinivas Swamirao; Divan, Chandulal Vajubhai; Divanji, Balsukhram Kaustubhram; Divanji, Ramgildas Jamnaprasad; Doctor, Kaikhasru Edalji; Doctor, Pestanji Barjorji Fernandez, Louis; Gandhi, Chunilal Maneklal; Ganpule, Vishnu Balvant; Garde, Jagunnath Balkrishna; Garde, Kashinath Khanderao; Gokhale, Gangadhar Ganesh; Hardikar, Ganesh Hari; Hosali, Shivlin Chambassappa; Joshi, Mahadev Keshav; Joshi, Pranshankar Bhavanishankar; Juveker; Dattatray Govind; Kadri, Mahabcobmiya Imambaksh, Kale, Atmaram Raghunath; Kamat, Lakhsman Jagannath; Kanga, Sorabji Navroji; Kehimkar, Moses Aron; Kharas, Kharshedji Kavasji; Khare, Achyut Narayan; Khare, Madhav Vishnu; Khadilkar, Krishnaji Prabhakar; Koyaji, Nadirshah Shapurji; Kulkarni, Narso Ramchandra; Lalwani, Tarachand Alimchand; Mahajani, Vinayak Bapuji; Masani, Ardesar Manekji; Mavlankar, Keshav Balkrishna; Mehendale, Khando Chintaman; Mehta, Chhaganlal Harilal; Mehta, Chimanlal Narayanbhai; Mehta, Jivabhai Bhikhabhai; Mehta, Madhavlal Narayanbhai; Mehta, Shavakshah Sorabji; Mody, Ratanlal Motiram; Motivala, Pestonji Kuvarji; Nagarkatti, Dattatraya Venkappa; Nagrani, Hotchand Motaram; Naik, Keshav Balvant; Naik, Lakshuman Balkrishna; Naik, Swami Govind; Nazir, Rustom Kuvarji; Pandia, Bhagwantram Narbheram; Pandit, Bhaskar Mahadev; Panjabi, Lalchand Chubarmal; Parakhe, Sadashiv Vishwanath; Patel, Mangal Chhotalal; Patel, Motilal Shivabhai; Patwardhan, Vasudev Vithal; Romor, Dinshah Dorabji; Saher, Kharshetji Navroji; Samant, Jagannath Moreshwar; Shroff, Kavasji Jijibhai; Shukla, Amarnath Shivram; Smith, Sydney David; Soman, Ramchandra Ganesh; Surti, Dhanjibhai Jehangier; Telang, Mangesh Jivaji; Thakor, Girjashankar Ranchotlal; Vacha, Jamshedji Dosabhai; Vaishnav, Venishankar Harishankar; Wadia, Manchershah Nasarvanji; Waglo, Bhavanishankar Subrao.

After some little difficulties which have now been satisfactorily surmounted, the project for holding in Rome in 1895-96 an International Exhibition of Fine Arts and Electricity is well under way. It is intended to solemnise the twenty-fifth anniversary of the annexation of Rome to the Kingdom of Italy. Owing to the indifferent financial condition of the municipality, as well as to the fears which were entertained that the result would not have proved a successful one, subscriptions came in at first very slowly; but the idea of holding the exhibition gradually made progress, and the civic authorities have already made over to the committee the grounds on which the exhibition buildings are to rise. This site is in the vicinity of "Ponte Milvio," about a mile's distance from "Porta del Popolo," in a very attractive position, bordering on the river, and commanding a fine view of the Sabine Hills.

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GAMBLING ON BAGATELLE TABLES.

ARREST OF GAMBLERS.

It will be remembered that about three months ago the gambling on bagatelle tables had created some excitement in Bombay. The gambling was put a stop to by the determined and vigorous measures adopted by the Commissioner of Police. There were at the time about one hundred billiard saloons, where gambling was carried on to a great extent, and many a people lost their savings and became penniless. Some of these saloons were re opened on the 16th inst. The police duly warned the owners of the bagatelle tables not to allow gambling in their saloons, but they did not pay attention to the warning. The method they adopted now is the same as before but instead of *eki* (odds) they have substituted the word *pundra* (fifteen) and *sola* (sixteen) instead of *beki* (even). The game is played with nine balls, four white, four spotted, and one red ball. The latter is placed upon a spot in the middle of the table and the white and spotted balls in a cluster at one end. Bets are then made as to whether after setting the cluster in motion and striking the red ball the most white or spotted will lodge themselves in the cups at the other end of the table. In this manner enormous sums of money changed hands. The gamblers had kept spies outside their rooms to watch the police. Last night Superintendent Grennan received information to the effect that gambling on bagatelle table was secretly carried on in a room at Mombadevie. At about 11-30 o'clock last night Superintendent Grennan, Inspector Stanford, and Inspector Nelmes, and a number of native policemen made a raid on the gambling-house, and surprised the gamblers who were about eighty in numbers. On seeing the policemen the gamblers tried to run away. The police arrested about eighteen men, who offered some resistance, whilst the others managed to escape. Those who were captured, were removed to the Dhobi Talao Police station, where they were kept in custody for the night. The police, who were armed with a warrant from the Commissioner of Police to arrest the gamblers, removed the bagatelle table and also the lamps, and some benches and chairs, which were in the room, to the police station. The eighteen persons will be placed, this morning, before Mr. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court. The saloon belonged to Abdool Rehman Sheklal.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

The P. and O. steamer Thames, with English mails of Dec. 9, left Aden at 1 p.m. yesterday. The Thames, which left London on Dec. 1 and Brindisi Dec. 11, brings the following passengers:—

From London: Miss Neele and niece, Mr. and Mrs. Osmaston, Mr. A. W. Roberts and brother, Lord Castlemaine, Mr. E. T. Stardy, Mrs. Blundell, Mr. and Mrs. E. Parker, Mr. R. N. Pretty, Miss Sharp, Capt. Fowle, Rev. J. C. Lawson, Mrs. Lawson and four children, Rev. J. L. Neeld, Mrs. Neeld and two children, Rev. and Mrs. C. C. Kelso, Rev. and Mrs. A. E. Cook, Major Channer, Hon. Helen Smith and maid, Mr. C. A. Berners, Mr. and Mrs. Kilbreth, Miss Kilbreth, Miss Prentice, Lady Harris and two servants, Hon. G. St. Vincent Harris, Mrs. J. H. Dominy and four children, Sister Gertrude Verena, Sister Benigna Mary, Sister Francesca, Miss Cholmondeley, Nurse Mary Evans, Mr. J. French, Mr. W. J. Brooks, Mr. James.

From Brindisi: Mr. T. R. Edwards, Rev. and Mrs. G. H. Rouse, Mrs. Shinwell, Hon. Mrs. and Miss Nugent, Hon. J. Nugent, Mr. H. F. Beale, Lieut. Boileau, Mr. E. Hemmerde, Capt. Bouverie, Capt. Hon. W. Lambton, Mr. P. C. H. Snow, Mr. R. D. Oldham, Mr. H. Brereton, Mr. and Mrs. Boyson, infant, and maid, Lieut. J. S. Liddell, Mr. Greenshields, Dr. and Mrs. Clark and child, Mr. A. L. Paul, Mr. H. F. Lennard, Mr. C. L. Dundas, Miss Millans, Miss Maitland, Miss Nisbett, Mrs. W. P. Kennedy, Mr. R. S. Greenshields, Mrs. F. D. Smith, Miss Phillips, Mr. Mohamed and son, Mr. and Mrs. Smallman, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Ward and child, Mr. G. K. Heinrichs, Mr. Hargous, Mr. W. Livesey.

From Ismalia: Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Petrocochino, Mr. Schilizzi.

For Madras: Mrs. Falsom.

For Kurrachee: Brig.-Gen. Boyce Combe, two Misses Combe, Mr. and Mrs. Thorburn and maid, Mrs. Millard and three children.

For Yokohama: Mrs. Armand and two daughters, Miss Spalding, three Misses Hayes, Mr. L. E. Moss, Mr. L. D. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Dinholm.

For Shanghai: Mr. Johnson.

For Hongkong: Mr. J. A. Milne.

THE CHICAGO EXHIBITION AND NATIVE TOURISTS.

We hear that Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son propose to arrange during next year, in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, a tour Round the World, to occupy about seven months, and specially adapted to meet the requirements of native Indian gentlemen. They propose that the party shall start from Calcutta in April, 1893, and proceed by "P. and O." steamer from Calcutta to Colombo, a stay of about a fortnight being made in Ceylon. Thence the party will proceed by "P. and O." steamer to Hong Kong, and, after visiting Canton and other points of interest, resume the journey to Japan and spend about six weeks in that country. From Japan, steamer will be taken across the Pacific to San Francisco or to Vancouver, and about a month be devoted to a tour of the United States and Canada, a week being allotted to Chicago, so as to allow of the Exposition being thoroughly seen. After proceeding to New York and a stay in that great City, steamer will be taken to England, and about six weeks spent in Europe. The course will then be from Brindisi or Naples to Egypt and on to Bombay, where the tour will terminate, the members being provided with first-class rail tickets to any railway station in India. Everything, we are assured, will be done to make the tour thoroughly acceptable to Indian ideas and predilections, and all the arrangements will be framed at the suggestion of Major-General G. F. I. Graham (late Bengal Staff Corps), who has personally interested himself in the scheme, and whose name will be a guarantee of entire satisfaction and conformity to the wishes of native Indian gentlemen. Major-General Graham proposes to accompany the party (which will be strictly select) throughout the entire trip and supervise all arrangements. Messrs. Cook & Son do not yet go further into details, but say that the entire cost of the tour, including all expenses of travelling, living, sight-seeing, conductor throughout fees and gratuities to attendants, guides and servants, will be £500 sterling. Members will be enrolled on payment of deposit of £50, and as during next year there will be much increased travel on account of the Chicago Exhibition, intending members should apply at earliest possible, to any office of Thos. Cook & Son, as the party will be strictly limited to such number as will enable it to be comfortably provided for throughout the tour.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPOTR.

SIMLA, Dec. 20.

The following is a summary of Tuesday's observations:—The barometer has risen except in Baluchistan and Deesa. The pressure is highest in Rajputana and lowest in Ceylon. Readings are above the normal except in Baluchistan and Indus Valley, where there is some deficiency. Calms prevail in a large part of Northern India and winds are about the normal elsewhere, but the force is very high in Diamond Island. The temperature has changed irregularly. The mean temperature ranges from eighty-three degrees at Ratnagiri to fifty-four at Sialkote, and above normal in all provinces, except Burma, Bengal, the North-West Provinces, Sind and Rajputana, the highest maximum, being ninety-two at Mangalore and lowest sixty-eight at Sialkote. The weather is cloudy and feebly unsettled in the extreme north-west and extreme south. Rain has fallen in Colombo, Tinnevelly, and Sibsagar.

At the instance of Lord Randolph Churchill and the Duchess of Marlborough (the London correspondent of the *Liverpool Post* writes), the editor of a monthly magazine who had in type an article by the late Duke dealing with the tempting topic of social life in England has chivalrously foregone the advantage of publishing it. There has, I hear, been found among the late Duke's papers another article intended for a magazine, and as it deals with the more prosaic subject of the American trotting horse it may be permitted to appear.

Great progress is being effected in France in the illumination of lighthouses. A new light has been made for the lighthouse at Cape la Heve, near Havre, which is said to be the most powerful ever constructed in France. Its brilliancy is three times greater than any at present in use on the French coast. On fine nights the light, it is believed, will be visible fifty-two miles off, and at the worst of times it is estimated that its rays will penetrate a distance of at least twenty-two miles.

CHRISTMAS SHOWS IN BOMBAY SHOPS.

According to annual custom, we give below descriptive notices of the excellent display made in Bombay shops at this festive season. The display is rich in its variety and extent and bears testimony, if any were needed, to the foresight and enterprise of Bombay tradesmen; and is all the more deserving of public patronage.

MESSRS. KEMP AND CO., LIMITED.

We have rarely seen such a magnificent collection of Christmas and New Year cards as Messrs. Kemp and Co. are displaying at their branches at Cumballa Hill and Byculla. Vast numbers have already been purchased and forwarded to their customers' friends. The stock also of cakes and plum-puddings in tins by the well-known makers Huntley and Palmer is very large and enticing, and seems especially adapted for their up-country friends, picnics, &c. Other Christmas goods are also very tastefully arranged. A visit to this well-known firm's branches, distinguished for their regularity, scope, and admirable order, will well repay the trouble.

MESSRS. TELLERY AND COMPANY.

Among the shops on the Esplanade that will attract visitors, Messrs. Tellery's will take a high place. The firm is now well-known throughout India for its enterprise in the matter of getting together nearly every specimen of Indian curios, Indian artware, carpets, phulkarries, brass and potteryware, &c., and when these are artistically grouped together, as they are in the local establishment, the effect is striking and pleasing. Apart from the outward attraction of the various articles in stock, this firm prides itself, we understand, upon the genuineness of everything shown, which alone should prove an inducement to make purchases to the enthusiastic, but sometimes sadly victimized, "Collector," who too often finds himself victimized by unscrupulous vendors of the "Indian Curios," that on close inspection savour more of Birmingham than Bombay. Even "the poor untutored Indian," in an up-country bazaar, has sometimes been found to pass off on the guileless purchaser articles that can be turned out by the ton at home, but which, on even more than a superficial view, might be taken for genuine. Given, therefore, moderate prices, genuine articles, and a discriminating sense in selection, it is not too much to say that Messrs. Tellery's "show" should be doubly attractive at Christmas time to those who desire to meet with these three desiderata when making presents to others, or selecting keepsakes for themselves.

MR. R. DITMAR'S ESTABLISHMENT.

Mr. R. Ditmar, of Esplanade Road, exhibits a very beautiful selection of lamps suitable for presentation, more especially a great selection of the fashionable telescopic floor lamps for drawing-rooms, fitted with the Patent Brilliant Victoria Burner, the light of which is nearly equal to that of the electric light, and with silk and lace shades of the loveliest tints imaginable. Ladies' very pretty desk lamps, silver-plated or majolica, richly ornamented table lamps in bronze, and Majolica lamps in different colours for decorating dinner tables; and a great variety of the prettiest paper shades for table, wall, and hanging lamps are also to be seen. As the firm has lately enlarged its premises, they have added to the large stock of lamps various other useful and ornamental articles, such as fashionable copper tea kettles on wrought iron stands, Etagere tables for the drawing-room, the latter perfect beauties, Bohemian glassware in fantastic designs, and real Majolica artware, and flower vases, baffling description. A visit to this establishment of an evening will remind one of a "fairy palace," and is well worth the trouble.

MESSRS. LUND, BLOCKLEY, AND CARTER.

The firm have again this year a nice collection of gold and silver watches, English clocks, cheap American time-pieces, carriage and drawing-room clocks, all of which appear reasonably priced. They have also English 18-carat gold jewellery, suited for Christmas and New Year gifts to ladies, and their stock of solid silver articles suitable as presents for the "sterner sex" is exceedingly good, comprising, as it does, holster flasks, cigar lighters, "tobacco boxes," cigarette boxes and cases, cheroot boxes and cases, whist markers, peg measures, small and large pocket spirit flasks, spirit lamps, pint and half-pint beer mugs, and ash trays. They have also solid silver "T" sets, sugar basins, salt cellars, &c. As always, their stock of prize-cups is excellent, the styles and shapes being perfect. We much admired a very handsome one which was designed specially for the Bombay Volunteer Rifle Corps, and the cup is specially interesting as a specimen of the art of the silversmith, and does great credit to the firm. There is on view the magnificent Polo Cup which was won by the Poona Gymkhana, and the LXI. Regimental Cup. Messrs. Lund, Blockley, and Carter are again making the Byculla Club Cup for the 1893 Races, and have just completed a very handsome Shield for the Lancashire Fusiliers, and one for the Worcester Regiment (Rugby Football Challenge).

ARMY, NAVY, AND CIVIL SERVICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY.

The Christmas show of this Society, located at Apollo Bunder, is quite up to the mark, and embraces almost everything one could wish for, so that all can be satisfied. Besides the usual fancy goods, a large and fresh selection has just been received from London, including toys, dolls, Christmas cards, and useful and ornamental articles, all at moderate prices. A further attraction exists in a reduction of 10 per cent. on most goods. The Society have recently removed a portion of their heavier stock to their godowns, and to make further room and prevent overcrowding of their fine show-rooms, this special inducement is held out, which will doubtless lead to a tangible increase of trade at this season.

MR. J. NEUBERG'S ESTABLISHMENT.

This well-known and long-established firm, though not laying itself out for any particular Christmas specialities deserves a more than passing word of notice at our hands on account of the large variety, useful character, and high-class quality of goods stocked. First and foremost of these are Mr. Neuberg's specialities of the "Fragrant Weed," which are too well-known to require any recommendation. His cigars, cigarettes, and tobaccos are popularly known throughout India, and can be thoroughly relied on to be "the real article." Next in popular patronage, Mr. Neuberg places his photographic department, to which interesting branch particular care and attention is devoted. Always well to the front in placing novelties before the public, his enterprise is rewarded by a steady and increasing demand for his goods from photographers, professional and amateur, throughout India. His catalogue for this department is a perfect *vade mecum* for disciples of the "black art." Among other useful stocks we noticed the now universal bentwood furniture and the equally well-known cooking stoves for coal, coke, or wood for the introduction of both of which into India, Mr. Neuberg claims to be the pioneer. The "Basel Mission" is represented by stocks of their far-famed table linen, cotton tweeds, sheeting, towels, &c., for which Mr. Neuberg is sole agent in this city. We have no space for further details, but would recommend a perusal of Mr. Neuberg's giant illustrated sheet for full particulars of his well-chosen stock in trade.

MESSRS. BULL AND COMPANY.

The display of platedware to be found in this establishment is really a splendid one, and we invite special attention to their ice pitchers, syrup pitchers, butter pots, &c., which are highly ornamental, handsomely chased, and richly plated, forming very suitable Christmas, wedding, and birthday presents. They have a good assortment of toys, and their stock of dolls is one of the largest and finest. They are showing a splendid selection of large mechanical toys, among which is a clown very richly dressed, who turns his head, puts out his tongue, and moves his arm. A very comical toy indeed. Their stamp albums are very handsomely bound and are worth looking at. For the amusement of children they have prepared a bran-pie, which is sure to cause great attraction, the packages in the pond containing goods from annas 8 to Rs. 4. The firm have a large stock of bon-bons, sweets, provisions, and especially that of hams, bacon, and cheese, the quality of which is guaranteed. Their house is noted for it.

MESSRS. BOLTON AND COMPANY.

The firm have this year removed to their new palacious premises, next to the French Bank, being more spacious, and have made a very grand show of their extensive stock of various articles, which are here artistically displayed. This year's selection is very large and personally purchased at cheap rates by their senior partner while on the Continent and in England. They have many mechanical toys which are well worth an inspection. Their new large show-cases are full of the best electro-plated ware of the latest designs. The stock of their leather goods, glass-ware, and various other novelties, is large and varied. Their spacious shelf of stores is fully loaded with fresh provisions and wines. A number of glass jars are placed on the counter with many kinds of sweets and fruits. They have in their toys department a very good selection of children's toys marked at low figures.

MESSRS. MADON SONS AND COMPANY.

In the foremost and principal shops, displays are made of the choicest goods, of which by far the best collection is to be observed in the establishment of Messrs. Madon Sons & Co., of 23, Hummum Street. Their stock in various departments is replete, not only with articles of every-day use, such as, from a key-ring to water-filters, but with goods suitable for present at Christmas and other occasions. The shop is well-nigh full with a splendid assortment of fancy goods made in leather, electro-plated wares, silver and gold. These are in the shape of photo-albums, photo-frames, ladies' bags, fitted bags, writing-desks, dressing and jewel cases, small and serviceable electro-plated articles, such as butters-dishes, cake baskets, grape scissors, sugar-basins, &c.; gold and silver pencil cases, button-hooks, mounted instruments, silver-mounted purses, card-cases, and many other useful handy articles too numerous to mention here. Their display of the collection of Christmas and New Year's cards is by far the best and of a more striking nature than in the previous years. They are really not wanting in taste, design, elegance, and artistic skill, and we should strongly recommend a visit to Messrs. Madon Sons and Co., to those who have not the opportunity of seeing them. Their stock of parlour games, cricketer's kit, and lawn-tennis requisites, are worth mentioning here as they form an indispensable adjunct in this festive season for creating amusement among the young as well as old folks. Their stocks in household requisites, surgical, sickroom, and nursery sundries are largely increased and are of the latest improved patterns. They hold all well-known brands of patent medicine in stock for immediate supply, of which the "Popular Remedies" deserve mention here, which are said to have an increasing sale. The firm has made it a point to get their supply of toilet articles and personal requisites from well-known and reliable English houses of repute, and which, when once introduced, are always asked for. Among the list of the toilet preparations, the most notable is the new skin cosmetique, introduced by Messrs. Madon, Sons and Co., known as "Beauty Charm," and it is said of it that it gets favor among ladies of all grades and fashion. Considering the heavy fall in exchange their rates appear reasonable. To all desirous of making a good bargain, we would strongly recommend a visit to Messrs. Madon, Sons and Co.

MESSRS. PHILLIPS AND COMPANY.

Messrs. Phillips and Co. have a nice collection of goods at their Fort and Byculla establishments suitable for the season, comprising of a great varity of sweets, fruits, chocolates, mistletoe, holly, toys, and a large assortment of articles for presents, priced in keeping with the depreciated value of the rupee, such as pretty cases containing bread forks, butter, and sardine knives, fairy lamps in great variety and colours; photo frames, writing desk inkstands, and a large assortment of useful goods, which require inspection to be really appreciated. Some exquisite Christmas cards are also on view. These remind us that Christmas comes but once a year, and they enable us to remind friends often far away, that we are still in existence and full of good wishes. The photographic apartment is also well stocked with kodaks, cameras, and lenses.

MESSRS. HOAR AND COMPANY.

Messrs. Hoar and Company's spacious and handsome warehouse is replete with a large, comprehensive, and select stock of gloves, cravats, silk handkerchiefs, and other seasonable novelties admirably and attractively arranged to tempt visitors. The department for tailoring, always a prominent feature, now offers a very large choice of materials for every description of wear, including riding breeches, a specialite with this firm. Shirts and socks for day or dress, improved fitting knicker-bocker hose, cardigan jackets, dressing gowns, as well as every description of underwear are also shown in great profusion. The hat department is exceptionally well stocked, and may justly be termed "up to date," the extra light felts being well worth inspection. Varsity rough chip straw hats, the latest styles, and an immense assortment of bag top caps, the last new introduction, are very noticeable by their stylish patterns and materials. There is also a large display of reliable sun helmets suitable for ladies and gentlemen, in the most approved shapes. Inexpensive presents, consisting of silver-mounted walking sticks, shirt-studs and links, wallets and card cases, offer a choice selection. Soft wool wraps, real Scotch mauds, Gladstone bags, ladies and gentlemen's fitted toilet bags, holdalls, trunks, and other travelling requisites of a superior character and at moderate prices, can be readily found in Messrs. Hoar and Co.'s establishment.

MESSRS. S. L. NORMAN AND COMPANY.

Messrs. S. L. Norman and Co.'s establishment is at this season well worth a visit. Their premises present a very gay appearance with the Christmas number pictures, Christmas cards, booklets, &c., placed at every possible point of view so as to tempt customers. Their stock of Christmas cards is very large and varied and range in price to suit everybody. They have a large selection of gift books and booklets suited for all ages, numerous photo albums and screens, inkstands, and many other articles, making not only handsome, but very useful presents. They also present purchasers of a few rupees worth of goods with a really useful calendar for 1893.

THE BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY.

Messrs. D. B. Dinshaw and Co., whose Fine Arts Gallery, in Meadows Street, possesses all the attraction a fine collection of paintings and engravings always has, have on view, in place of their usual collection of Christmas cards, a large and varied assortment of beautiful monochromes, prints, and water-colors, comprising landscapes, marine views, rural scenes, and fruit and flower studies all moderately priced, and many of them finely framed in tinted or white mounts and neat white moulding. Their show-room too contains some excellent oil-painting in rich and most elaborate frames, the flower and fruit studies being particularly good. Chief among these paintings, however, is a life-size portrait of Her Majesty the Queen, which, together with an excellently finished plush screen, standing nearly six feet high, with panels painted by a French artist of merit, form the two most prominent features in the gallery. There are, too, quite a number of finely-finished portraits of H. E. Lord Harris, H. R. H. the late Duke of Clarence, and of several Princes of India. A good selection of water-colours and valuable etchings, among the latter several artist's proofs, can also be seen, while sportsmen would find here some of the finest plates and engravings of fox-hunting, shooting, racing, and other scenes, copies of pictures by well-known artists.

BRITISH GLASS DECORATION WORKS.

Another establishment calling for notice as containing exquisite Christmas presents and works of art (chiefly glass decoration work) is Messrs P. D. Kanga and Co.'s showroom in 16, Church Gate Street. This has highly-decorated mirrors got out specially to serve as Chrismas and New Year presents. The article engaging best attention, however, is a life-size three-quarter oil-painting, on a glass mirror, of His Excellency Sir Asman Jah, Prime Minister to the Hyderabad State, which is most artistically got up here and fully repays inspection. Indeed, the pith and marrow of the glass decorative art are here laid bare. The painting is brought out, engraved, silvered and gilded here, and is a perfect specimen of what such art can achieve if properly encouraged by Rajahs, Nabobs, and noblemen, for whom it is a speciality. Embossed transparent likenesses of His Excellency the Governor, H. H. the Nizam, H. E. Sir Asman Jah, and engraved Zoroaster on glass, as also a large collection of samples and specimens of door panels, window decorations, and shop fronts show good art and as a medium for shop advertisements these can well serve the purpose. We have also seen some good bromide enlargements in black and white, and these are also nicely made. On the whole, Messrs. P. D. Kanga and Co.'s Glass Decoration Works, are, we think, well worth a visit for the above and various elegant oleographs and views exposed for sale.

MESSRS. MORENAS AND COMPANY.

Messrs. Morenas and Company have on view a large, splendid, and varied assortment of dolls and toys, suitable for this festive season. Some of the mechanical and musical toys are splendid works of art, their mechanism being of the most intricate character. They have also on view a capital assortment of electro-plateware, consisting of ice pitchers, tea sets, trays, butter pots, tantalus, cruet stands, cake and card baskets, &c. The jewellery department is well stocked with gold and diamond bracelets, diamond rings, brooches, alberts, studs, necklaces, all specially imported for the season. Their stock of silver brooches, with mock diamonds, is really splendid and of the latest style. In the leather goods department are to be seen ladies' and gentlemen's dressing cases and bags, silver-mounted albums, combination and jewel cases, and purses of real russia and morocco, wonderful in design and beautiful in execution. We should not omit to mention the large stock of bon-bons, sweetmeats, and crystallized fruits, and other edible delicacies, the assortment of which is very choice.

MESSRS. TARAPOREWALLA AND COMPANY.

Messrs. Taraporewalla Sons and Co. are now making an extensive show of Christmas annuals and Christmas numbers of different overland papers and periodicals. Their selection of the recent presentation books for the young and the old is worth seeing. Amongst the great lot of presentation books for children, the moveable toy books, which are the novelty of the season, command great attraction. These toy books are special got out on Indian subjects, such as the "Dhobi on Work" the "Stubborn Donkey Driver," the "Camel and the Elephant Driver, and others, which, when worked, induce great laughter. They have for some years kept a good name in Christmas cards, and their specially got out cheap hand-painted series commands a large sale: Their large lot of presentation goods, their cheap photo-frames, and writing cases are now in large demand. Their American electroplated goods are excellent in workmanship, and are considerably sold off at cheap prices.

MESSRS. J. B. KARANI AND CO., LIMITED.

This firm, on account of its popularity and rapidly extending business was this year converted into a Limited Liability Company, and have lately taken up the more central and commodious premises next to "Graham's" Buildings. In consequence of their development into a company, a new and large stock of books, stationery, &c., has just been opened out, and supplemented by new publications by every mail steamer from their Home agents. A cordial invitation is offered to their patrons and the public generally to inspect their new and first-class display of books, stationery, Christmas cards, and other goods specially ordered for the library or for gifts. Their publishing and printing department has also been proportionally extended, and they undertake the publication of works in both English and the Vernacular languages. The Native Press eulogised Mr. J. B. Karani, the managing director, for the impetus he has given to the publication of native literature at the lowest possible charge so as to place it within the reach of the poorest. They are also the proprietors of several copyrights of educational and other works by some of the most popular of our local professors of literature in English, several of which are now in the course of publication. They are also the managers and publishers of *The Indian Spectator* and the *Voice of India*, a weekly English journal, devoted to the interests of natives of the country and the ventilation of Indian matters. Book-binding is carried on in all its branches, which for durability and excellence of finish cannot be surpassed. In their capacity as commission agents, they will always be glad to accommodate their customers and friends in procuring new works or portions of works from the Home publishers. This enterprising firm deserves the countenance of the public generally, and particularly of the friends of education in the East. They always give the utmost consideration in supplying the wants of charitable institutions, schools, teachers, and students.

THE PASTORAL VISIT TO JUVEM.

On Sunday, the 18th instant, the following address was presented by the parishioners of Juvem to the Mos Revd. Dr. Theodore Dalhoff, S. J., Archbishop of Bombay, being the occasion of his Grace's pastoral visit to that parish. The address was read by Mr. Joseph Continho, to which his Grace replied in suitable terms. The reception accorded to the prelate was hearty and sincere.

To the most Rev. Dr. Theodore Dalhoff, S. J., Archbishop of Bombay.

May it please your Grace,—We, the parishioners of the Church of St. Joseph, Juvem, approach your Grace with profound veneration, greeting you with a most sincere and heart-felt welcome. Long before your elevation to the Archbishopric of Bombay, vacated by the death of the highly revered prelate, the most Rev. Dr. George Porter, of blessed memory, you have taken a particular and really paternal interest in our parish, and we received your nomination, as successor to that eminent prelate, with immense gratification and prospective advantages to our humble parish. Our joy is therefore to-day unbounded at your presence amongst us, for in your Grace we behold not only a benefactor, but a prelate of high administrative qualities, coupled by a long experience in various posts which you have successively occupied with so much credit. Under the watchful supervision of the Jesuit missionaries, the (now) archdiocese of Bombay has derived advantages which cannot be too highly prized. While we are about to express our gratitude to your Grace for the many benefits received at your Grace's hand, we cannot pass unnoticed one circumstance—we mean the purchase of the cart attached to the property of the church. The Vicar had to undergo many troubles until the purchase was closed. We venture to state that this Island of Juvem deems itself fortunate in being placed under the fostering care of the archdiocese of Bombay, to which circumstance we ascribe its present condition, both secular and religious. To-day, in spite of the smallness of our parish, we have an English-teaching and Catechism School, where the children of the parish receive both secular and religious instructions, and for this blessing and many others conferred on us we cannot but be highly thankful to you for contributing towards its up-keep. The school is in the efficient charge of Mr. Rogaciano de Souza, and, aided by the zealous and watchful care of the Revd. Father Francis de Souza, the school, we are happy to say, flourishes. There have been several improvements of late in the parish with which your Grace is acquainted; but we may justly specify the Holy-Week devotions introduced two years ago by our present Vicar. We must, however, specially thank your Grace on this occasion for your generous gift of a very impressive and large image of our Lord. In doing so, however, we cannot let the opportunity pass without also expresing our gratitude towards our parish priest, who has been working heart and soul for the amelioration of the parish. We again thank you for your kind attention to our wants, and we feel confidently assured that you will ever continue to take a warm interest in the welfare of this poor parish, so that we on our part and the generation to come will ever remember your name with veneration. We pray that God may shower his choicest blessings on your Grace, and may preserve you in the full vigour of health for many long years to come. In conclusion, we respectfully and humbly beg to solicit your Grace's blessing on us and on our families, and request you will remember us in your prayers.—We beg to remain, &c.

INDIAN PATENTS.

Applications in respect of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed during the week ending the 10th December 1892:—The London Metallurgical Company, Limited, of London, England for "Improvements relating to the coating of articles with a new metallic alloy by electro-deposition." Afred Parry and Eigil Moller, Engineers, of 13, Garden Reach, Calcutta, for "Improvements in the shape of metal cans or drums, and for the mode of the manufacture of same." Joseph Morewood Dowsett, of Palmerston, North, in the Colony of New Zealand, Gentleman, for an improved fastening for bolts, more especially applicable to the fish joints of railways and tramways. The Strowger Automatic Telephone Exchange, a Company incorporated under the laws of the State of Illinois, United States of America, of 301 Rookery, Chicago, County of Cook, State of Illinois, United States of America, Telephone Proprietors for "Improvements in Automatic Telephone and other Electric Exchanges."

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of Act V of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888:—Arthur Elphinstone Cummins, at present residing at Spence's Hotel, Calcutta, Engineer, for a new and improved method of bailing cotton without using the ordinary hoops or lashing. (Filed 2nd December 1892.); William Carew, retired Conductor, Bengal Ordnance Department, Dum-Dum Cantonment, Calcutta, for an improved combined machine for capping, uncapping, loading and crimping any two sizes of B. L. cartridges, viz., 12 and 24—12 and 16—16 and 24. (Filed 1st December 1892.); Edward Field, Consulting Engineer, of Chandos Chambers, 22, Buckingham Street, Adelphi, in the County of London, England, for "Improvements in engines to be worked by hot gases, such as air or products of combustion with steam." (Filed 6th December 1892); Joseph Lindsay and John Nicoll Lindsay, of Blackness Foundry, Dundee, in the County of Forfar, Scotland, Engineers, for "Improvements in apparatus for forming cranks on shafts." (Filed 6th December 1892.); James Mackay Taylor, Assistant Engineer, Punjab, at present a resident of Saharunpore, North-Western Provinces, for "A water-lift known as 'the Blame Water-lift'." (Filed 5th December 1892.)

The fee prescribed in Schedule 4 of Act V of 1888 has been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege during the period 21st February 1893 to 20th February 1894 in respect of the under-mentioned invention:—Theophilus Coad, Electrician, of Forest-Gate, County of Essex, England, for "Improvements in voltaic or galvanic batteries."

The Government of the French Republic has not yet done with legal proceedings arising out of the high-handed acts of people in authority during the time of the second Empire. In 1866 M. Begis, a Commissioner in Bankruptcy in Paris was "denounced" for having in his possession a highly seditious collection of books relating to the secret history of the French great Revolution and the reign of Napoleon I. The collection, valued at 30,000 francs, was calmly seized by the Imperial Procurator, who sent them to the National Library with instructions that they were to be placed in a room not accessible to the public. Even in those days it seems to have been considered a moot point whether M. Begis had a remedy at law, for on his threatening to take proceedings, he had a hint given to him that should he adopt that course he would be deprived of his living by having his name struck off the list of Bankruptcy Commissioners. M. Begis, therefore, acquiesced under protest. Recently, however, he has retired from business, and no longer having the fear of officialism before his eyes he is bringing an action against the National Library for the restitution of the books, 150 in number. Some important documents relating to the matter were destroyed at the time of the Commune. The authorities, in spite of this, do not appear to deny the truth of M. Begis's story, but they maintain that there is no knowing how many books in the national collection would have to be restored to former owners if bygones are not to be bygones.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, December 17.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of Mr E W Payne, Supt of the Dacca Central Jail, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commr of the Central Provinces for employment as Supt of the Central Jail at Jabalpur.

The Rev L Klugh, a Chaplain on probation, is appointed to be a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Vety Capt F J Short is appointed to the Civil Vety Dept on probation, and posted to the Central Provinces and Berar.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieut B E M Gurdon, I S C, Assist to the British Agent at Gilgit, as appointed, on reversion from foreign service, to officiate as a Political Assist of the 2nd class, and is posted for duty under the orders of the British Agent at Gilgit.

Mr F Stockinger, Consul-General for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Bombay, resumed temporary charge of this office.

With the sanction of H M's Govt, the Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr L F Rosario as Acting Vice-Consul for Portugal at Bombay.

Lieut J L Kaye, I S C, Offg Political Assist of the 2nd class and Assist to the Resident in Kashmir, Officiated as a Resident of the 2nd class, and as Resident in Kashmir, in addition to his own duties.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the following civil appeal pending before the Resident at Hyderabad, by virtue of his jurisdiction over the Cantonment of Secunderabad, to the Judicial Commr of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts:—1 2nd Appeal No 18 of 1892—Ooppala Verriah Chintala Nagiaah, carrying on business of grain monda shop in Secunderabad, versus Kondkur Lutchiah of Secunderabad.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Capt L J Mathias, Depy Assist Comssy Genl, 2nd class, to be Depy Assist Comssy Genl, 1st class, vice Capt H S Hazelgrove, Depy Assist Comssy Genl, 1st class, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Govt of Bombay.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

3rd Infantry—Lieut J R Kennedy, Bedfordshire Regt, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps in the Madras Presidency, to be offg Wing Officer on probation.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:—Capt G A Collins, I S C, Wing Comdr and 2nd-in-Comd, Merwara Battn, for one year; and Lieut C G Prendergast, I S C, Wing Officer and Qrmr, 4th Punjab Infy, for one year.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Rt Hon the Secy of State for India:—Lieut-Col S V Gordon, I S C, Wing Comdr and 2nd-in-Comd, 23rd Bengal Infy, (u p a) for 14 days; and Capt J deC D Meade, I S C, Sqdn Comdr, 8th Bengal Cavy, (m c) for two months.

Major C H V Garbett, I S C, Sqdn Comdr and 2nd-in-Comd, 2nd Bengal Lancers, is granted an extension of leave.

Lieut A T Moore, R E, Assist Engr, 1st grade, Military Works Dept, is granted leave in India (m c) for 30 days under the leave rules applicable to officers of the British Army serving in India.

COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

Col the Hon'ble R E Boyle, I S C, is admitted to the Colonel's allowance.

NATIVE ARMY.

12th Bengal Infantry—Jemadar Naujadik Singh to be Subadar, and Havildar Abdul Jabar Khan to be Jemadar, vice Nihal Singh, deceased.

40th Bengal Infantry—Havildar Muhammad Gul to be Jemadar, to fill an existing vacancy.

RETIREMENTS.

Lieut, Col G F Churchill, I S C, Wing Comdr, and 2nd in Comd, 1st Battn 1st, Gurkha Rifles, has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to retire from the service.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

E I Railway Vol Rifles Corps—Captains V Pont and C Clarke are granted the honorary rank of Major; Mr T H Ward to be Second Lieut vice Skipp, transferred to the supernumerary list; and Mr F Palmer to be Hony Capt.

Oudh Vol Rifle Corps—Mr D C Baillie to be Second-Lieut, vice Whish, transferred to the supernumerary list.

Moulmein Vol Rifle Corps—Mr O S Parsons to be Second-Lieut, vice Ollenbach, promoted.

Presidency Vol Rifle Battalion—Second-Lieut H Ware to be Lieut to complete the establishment; Mr G W Goddard to be Second-Lieut, vice Ware, promoted; and Mr M H C Sterndale to be Second-Lieut, vice Waston, resigned.

Surma Valley Light Horse—Capt G F Playfair resigns his commission.

Assam Valley Mounted Rifles—Capt F D Waston resigns his commission.

Mussoorie Vol Rifle Corps—Second-Lieut J H Simpson resigns his commission.

Presidency Vol Rifle Battn—Second-Lieut G E Watson resigns his commission.

E I R Vol Rifle Corps—Second Lieut T Skipp is transferred to the supernumerary list.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Surgn P W O'Gorman, I M S, Bengal Estabt, Medical Officer of the Mushkaf-Bolan State Railway, is transferred from the Public Works Dept to the Home Dept.

Mr H P Chattopadhya, Apprentice Engr, Central Provinces, is promoted to Assist Engr, 3rd grade.

The leave on medical certificate granted to Mr C E Ross, Depy Examiner of Accounts, has been further extended by H M's Secy of State for India by one month and fourteen days.

Mr H W Conduitt, Examiner of Accounts, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, N W Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Rajputana and Central India, during the absence of Mr F F Hensley, on privilege leave.

Mr F Wolley-Dod, Ex Engr, 2nd grade, sub pro tem State Railways, who was temporarily attached to the Office of the Consulting Engr to the Govt of India for State Railways, is appointed Depy Consulting Engr to the Govt of India for State Railways, vice Mr E H Stone.

The undermentioned Apprentice Engineers attached to the N W Provinces and Oudh are promoted to Assist Engr, 3rd grade, :—Messrs C H West and J M F Petters.

TELEGRAPHS.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to order the following reversions in the Superior Estabt of the Indian Telegraph Dept consequent on Mr C H Reynolds, Director, Class III, having returned from special duty and having assumed charge of the office of the Director, Traffic Branch:—W F Melhuish, Chief Supt, Class IV; C P Landon, Supt Class V, 1st grade; and H W Smith, Assist Supts, Class VI, 1st grade.

PROVINCIAL GAZETTES.

(*Central Provinces Gazette*, December 17.)

Surgn-Capt A Buchanan, Supt of the Raipur Central Jail, is appointed to the charge of the Nagpur Central Jail until further orders.

Surgn-Lieut-Col B Evers, M D, Civil Surgn, Raipur, is placed temporarily in charge of the Raipur Central Jail in addition to his own duties.

The following reversions among Assist Commissioners are ordered:—Mr R A B Chapman, I C S, from 2nd class to 3rd class; and Mr E A DeBrett, I C S, from 3rd class to 4th class.

Mr. M Windross, Offg, Civil Surg, Bilaspur, is re-appointed Assist to Civil Surg Jubulpore.

On being relieved by Mr. M Windross, Assist Surg Rajoni Kanta Das Gupta, Offg Assist to the Civil Surg, Jubbulpore, is appointed Sanitary Inspt Jubbulpore Division.

Mr A A Watson, Assist Consvr of Forests, has been granted by H M's Secy of State for India, three months' leave on medical certificate, in further extension of leave on medical certificate.

(*The Punjab Gazette*, Dec. 15.)

The Rev R A Storrs, M A, Offg Chaplain of the Derajat, is appointed Chaplain of Amritsar, vice the Rev J B Brunnesson, proceeding on furlough.

Lieut C P Egerton, Assist Commr, is appointed to officiate as Depy Commr of Ludhiana, vice Mr J G M Rennie.

Mr a Watson, Extra Assist Commr, is posted to the Delhi District.

Mr J F Connolly, Assist Commr, is deputed to the Settlement Dept and attached to the Peshawar Settlement.

Lieut M W Douglas, Assist Commr, is transferred to the Jhelum District and placed in charge of the Pind Dadan Khan Sub-Division, vice Mr J F Connolly.

The Rev H W T Plowman, who has been appointed a Chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Lahore) Ecclesiastical Estabt, is posted to Rawalpindi and appointed Second Chaplain of that station.

Capt C G Parsons, Assist Commr, Hissar, is appointed to officiate as District Judge at that station.

Mr P D Agnew, Assist Commr, is deputed to the Settlement Dept and attached to the Peshawar Settlement.

With the consent of the Govt of Bombay, the services of Mr A Younghusband, Assist Engr, 1st grade, Punjab, are placed at the disposal of the Sukkur Municipality.

(*N.-W. Provinces and Oudh Gazette*, Dec. 17.)

The Hon'ble J Deas, Legal Remembrancer to the Govt of the N-W P and Oudh, privilege leave for 3 months.

The undermentioned officer has been granted by H M's Secy of State for India permission to return to duty:—

Surg-Lieut-Col R A K Holmes, I M D, Supdt, Central Prison, Lucknow.

Mr A J Carew, Asst Dist Supdt of Police, 2nd grade, to officiate as Dist Supdt of Police, Meerut, from date of taking over charge from Mr C J A Hoskins.

The Hon'ble J Woodburn, Chief Secy to Govt, N-W P and Oudh, who reported his return to duty, to be on special duty from that date till the date of taking over charge of his office as an Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Govt of India.

Mr L M Thornton, Jt-Magte Moradabad, to officiate as Legal Remembrancer to Govt, N-W P and Oudh, during the absence on leave of the Hon'ble J Deas, or until further orders.

Surg-Lieut-Col M Knox, Medical Staff, Ranikhet, to hold charge of the Civil Medical duties of Ranikhet in addition to his Military duties.

Inspr P Fitzgerald, of the Cawnpore Dist Police, held charge of the current duties of the office of Dist Supdt of Police, Cawnpore, and exercised the general powers of a Dist Supdt of Police within that district.

Capt J R C Colvin, B S C, Governor to H H the Nawab of Rampur, furlough on medical certificate, for 3 months.

Col G C Ross, Retired List, officiated as Governor to H H the Nawab of Rampur during the absence on furlough of Capt J R C Colvin.

H H the Lieut-Govr and Chief Commr is pleased to appointed the following Volunteer Officers to be Honorary Aides-de Camp on his Personal Staff:—Capt R R Deans, Allahabad Light Horse, and Capt George R Fox, Ghazipur Light Horse.

Consequent on the transfer of the trans Gogra Company of the Oudh Vol Rifles Corps to the Ghazipur Vol Rifle Corps of the 4th Administrative Battalion of Volunteers, N-W P, the undermentioned officers are placed on the rolls of the latter Corps, Capt J N Robinson and Second-Lieut G H Mackail.

Mr M Nethersole, Asst Engr, 1st grade, is on return from furlough, posted to the 2nd Circle, Irrigation Works, and attached to the Narora Divison, Lower Ganges Canal.

The other day (writes a Naples correspondent) at a trial of some members of the "Mala Vita," when four men were condemned to imprisonment, one of them, named Del Deo, on hearing his sentence tried to kill himself by knocking his head violently against the spikes of the railings of the dock, but was prevented from doing so by a fellow-prisoner with only one arm. The trial had lasted thirty-one days. When the prisoners were removed in the prison car the women in the street, who were weeping, called to the condemned "Don't cry! Don't be angry! We will appeal!"

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MILITARY AND NAVAL NOTES.

THE officer who writes the remarkable series of letters which have lately been appearing in the "Revue de Cavalerie," says a writer in the Globe, publishes his sixth letter in the present number, and discusses the subject of cavalry in combination with the other arms. He says that the organisation of this branch of the service should be adapted to and dependent upon, its tactical duties, all organic arrangements being made with a view to the requirements of war. The force which has the best independent organisation will be the best able to act in concert with other branches. "There is, therefore, no such thing, essentially and permanently, as one cavalry for independent work and another for working in combination. There is, of course, a portion of the force which, provisionally, and as occasion arises, is sent out to explore, and which consequently enjoys a comparative independence proportioned to the nature of its mission; and there is another portion (it may be the same) which is attached to the infantry, and is therefore bound to act within the sphere of the latter, and in conformity with its movements. But there is combination in both of these cases, and the question is only one of proportion and degree." The same body may be called upon to act in both capacities, and the writer believes that those who advocate a distinct force for each duty miss the true aim of cavalry, which should be the performance of both with equal readiness and efficiency.

The Government Bill for the reorganisation of the Swedish Army, by which the strength of the infantry is largely increased, was on Monday passed by both Houses of the Riksdag. In the First Chamber the Bill was agreed to without a division, and in the Second Chamber by 142 votes against 82; in the latter case every member taking part in the vote. The First Chamber of the Riksdag has passed the Bill relating to the reorganisation of the military service.

A great sensation has been caused in Russian official circles by the announcement of the sudden death at Tashkend of Major-General Alexis Boronok. The deep impression caused by this news is due to the fact that the deceased officer had only just arrived in Turkestan for the purpose of making a thorough investigation into the provincial administration, in some departments of which great confusion and even irregularities are alleged to exist, in which, it is asserted, a great number of the officials are involved. These circumstances have led to the belief that there is possibly a connection between General Boronok's sudden death and the dread entertained by certain officials of the results of the investigations which the General was charged to make.

The death at Compiegne is announced of General de Failly, who commanded an Army Corps in the Franco-Prussian War of 1870. The deceased was in his 82nd year, and has seen a great deal of active service. Appointed to the command of a brigade in 1854, he took part in the Crimean War, and especially distinguished himself in the battles of the Alma and Traktir, and the attack upon the Mamelon Redoubt, at Sebastopol. In 1856 General de Failly was created aide-de-camp to the Emperor, and commanded a division in Marshal Niel's corps in the Italian war. He was present at Magenta and also at Solferino, where two colonels and four Captains of his regiment were killed under his eyes. In 1867 he commanded the French expeditionary force sent to defend Rome against the Garibaldians, and it was in this compaign that the Chassepot rifle was first employed, and, according to a phrase in the General's report, which has become proverbial, "did wonders" at Mentana. On the outbreak of the war with Prussia the deceased was placed at the head of the 5th Army Corps. After the reconstitution of the Army of Chalons and the attempt to effect a junction with Marshal Bazaine which led to the disaster of Sedan, General de Failly, while awaiting the arrival of General de Wimpffen, who had been summoned from Africa to replace him in his command, was surprised on August 30 by General von der Tann, and defeated with great loss. He was taken prisoner at Sedan and sent to Germany. After the conclusion of peace he was placed on the retired list. General de Failly in 1871 published a pamphlet entitled, "The Campaign of 1870: The Operations and Marches of the 5th Army Corps up to August 31," in which he sought to clear himself of the charges brought against him.

General von Boguslawski, Chief Advocate of the two years' service system, has published a pamphlet, in which he expresses approval of the New Army Bill as a whole. His only objection to the Bill is that it does not permanently and legally establish the two years' service in the Army. He counsels the Government to secure the passage of the Bill by sacrificing unnecessary details. The General further takes exception to the exceedingly youthful age at which officers now receive commissions. It frequently happens that an officer is three to six years younger than the recruits whom he commands. General von Boguslawski recommends that the aspirants for commissions should have to serve two years and-a-half in the ranks and in the Military College, and that the cadets who have the patent of ensign should serve one year as privates and non-commissioned officers before they obtain their lieutenant's commission. So far as can be seen, there is a growing disposition among all political parties to give the Army Bill full and fair consideration. Count von Caprivi enjoys, even among his opponent the highest reputation for fairness and honourable dealing.

The word having been given to the German military papers, which long held silence upon the subject, the articles advocating the new Army Bill flow thick and fast in their columns. The semi-official "Militar Wochenblatt" continues its campaign, and without advancing anything new, undertakes to set right those who, in its opinion, in their criticisms, have gone wrong. It tells us that the new proposals, if they resemble in some respects those made by General von Verdy in 1890, have really no relation to them. Germany cannot afford, says the "Wochenblatt," to defer the strengthening of her effectives, and she can only accept the two years' service with such guarantees and compensations as are provided in the Army Bill. Our contemporary then proceeds, to reply to the critics who so violently attacked it for its recent harsh judgment of the "Landwehr," and its law estimate of their value, remarking, in the words of Frederick the Great, that a grave illness calls for a rigorous remedy. On its part, the "Deutsche Heeres-Zeitung" undertakes to reply, in general terms, to the "Hamburger Nachrichten," the "Kreuz-Zeitung," the "Schlesische Zeitung," the "Munchener Allgemeine Zeitung," and other papers, which have suddenly developed a singular love for the third year of service. Who, asks our contemporary, are most competent to express a judgment as to the possibility of training troops within a period of two years. Are they not those at the head of the service who know its conditions and needs? The "Heeres-Zeitung" then proceeds to develop a number of considerations in support of the positions it has already taken in a former article, of which we gave an abstract upon its publication.

The Warspite court-martial, which terminated last week, demonstrates once more the fallacy of imagining that we have charted the globe, or that having chartered a great part of it, the charts are infallible. The defence which Captain the Hon. H. Lambton and Staff Commander Bawden put forward was that the rock upon which the ship struck is not marked in the Admiralty charts, and that therefore they were blameless. But the court held that, even if this be the case, as it probably is, still these officers might have exercised more care by paying greater attention to the notes on navigation, and therefore sentenced them to be reprimanded. We have not as yet any details of the evidence in this case, so that it would be manifestly unfair to attempt to criticise this finding, but it is proper to make some general remarks upon a usage which, if not of recent growth, is much more common than formerly. In several instances recently when ships have touched the ground the plea raised has been, "It is not our fault but the surveyor's mistake; the rock was not marked on the chart." This is anything but fair to the Hydrographers Department or to the surveyors; first, because it has always been understood that, while certain specified channels are laid down as safe to use, the charts are not supposed to be as accurate as an Ordnance survey; and, secondly, because in nearly every instance the rock has been discovered in localities which but a few years ago would hardly have been frequented by any ships at all, and certainly not by vessels of the draught of modern men-of-war. We have now seven ships in the surveying service, and two are in England, but a very much larger staff is necessary if the accuracy of the charts is to be unimpeachable.

Commander Leslie Burr, of the Porpoise, has drawn up a very clear and interesting report upon the loss of the Bokhara, which struck upon a reef in the Formosa Channel on the 10th October last, and was totally wrecked. There can be no question that the steamer got into a typhoon, and was rendered unmanageable by the seas which broke on board, putting out the fires. She struck between 11 and 12 at night, and the starboard side being driven in she went down almost immediately. Twenty-three out of 148 crew and passengers, were saved by being washed ashore from the bridge. "All the survivors," says Captain Burr, "are most enthusiastic in their praise of the Commander, who behaved during the whole of the anxious time in the coolest and most seamanlike manner, and nothing could have exceeded the skilfulness and the steps that he took for the safety of his ship and the lives of those entrusted to his care."

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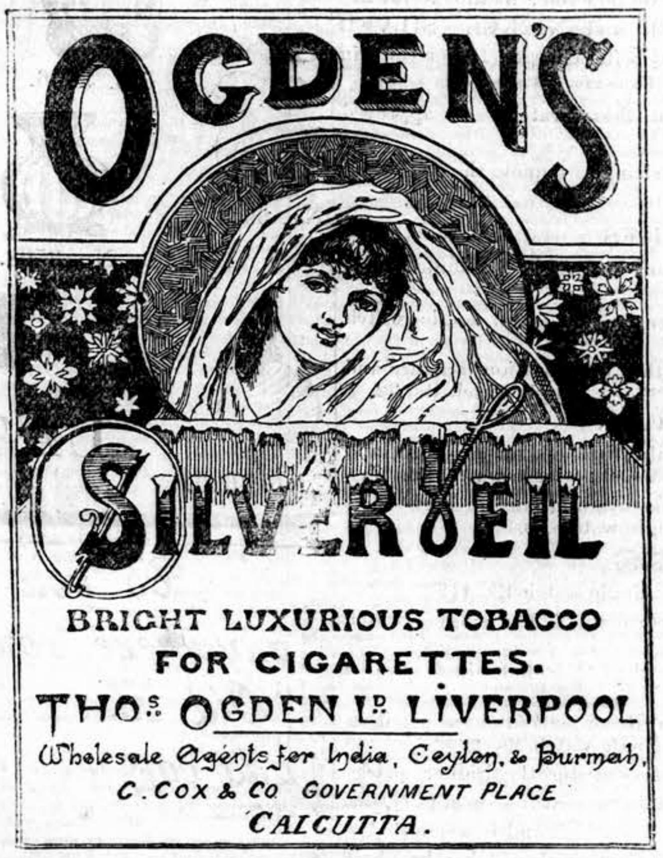
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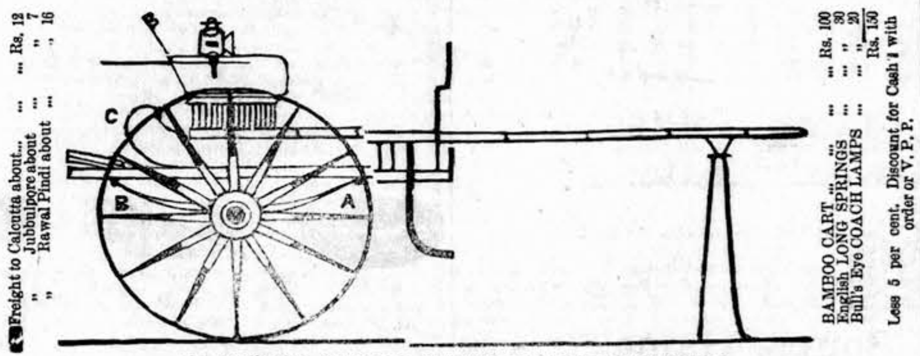
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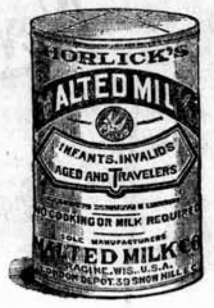
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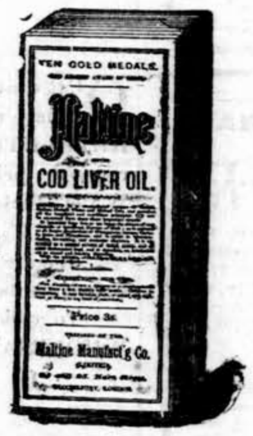
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COD LIVER OIL.
Price 3s.
Maltine Manufact'g Co.

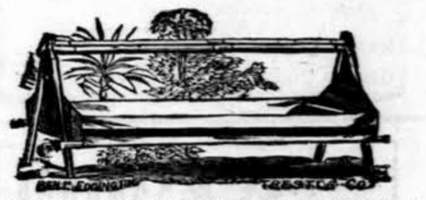
"Patients unable to tolerate the purest and most carefully prepared Cod Liver Oil can readily digest and assimilate it when combined with "Maltine."—*British Medical Journal*

The combination of flesh and bone-formers, with fat-making, force giving principles, makes this preparation a Food of incalculable value in Consumption, Wasting Diseases, Scrofula, Rickets and convalescence.

IN ORDERING PLEASE MENTION
THE MALTINE MANUFACTURING CO., LD.
Travelling Representative: J. H. LASCELLES.

ALWAYS USE THE SAME BED FOR A CHILD AT HOME OR ABROAD.

THE
"SHAKESPEARE" COT
IS A LIGHT, STRONG, PORTABLE CANVAS COT,
AND MADE IN FOUR SIZES.



LIGHT, SIMPLE. **TRESTLE COT,** STRONG & COMPACT.

This COT can be detached instantly and suspended from beams or ceiling or used as a litter.

For particulars apply to

BENJN. EDGINGTON, LD.,
2, DUKE STREET.
LONDON BRIDGE, S.E.

Carnrick's Soluble Food.
The Ideal Infants' Food.

Contains Cow's Milk partially digested.

All the Starch of the Wheat used in Soluble Food is converted into the digestible form of dextrine.

Can be digested by the most delicate infant.

Is the only Food that contains sufficient BONE- and FLESH-MAKING material as well as fat.

DR. STUTZER, Food Analyist, says—"CARNRICK'S SOLUBLE FOOD is the BEST of all Foods I have ever examined."

Can be digested by the youngest Infant, unlike the Farinaceous Foods.

Does not sour on the stomach like the preserved Milk Foods containing sugar.

Does not form heavy curds in the child's stomach like cow's milk.

Does not require the addition of milk like other Foods, but alone is a perfectly Nutritious, Digestible Food for Infants.

"Carnrick's Soluble Food closely imitates in composition an average sample of mother's milk."—*British Medical Journal.*

SUPPLIED BY TREACHER, KEMP, PHILLIPS.

"OUR BABY'S FIRST AND SECOND YEARS," by MARION HARLAND, an attractively written booklet for mothers, sent, post free, by

CARNRICK & Co., Ltd., 24 & 25, Hart St., Bloomsbury, London.

Gold Medals, Paris, 1878:1889.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S PENS

Of Highest Quality, and Having Greatest Durability are Therefore CHEAPEST.

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

And see that each Jar bears Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

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FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

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NOTICES.

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PEPTONE WINE
TONIC, DIGESTIVE & NUTRITIVE.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE nourishes the Sick & Convalescent, without fatiguing the stomach by the process of digestion; and is far superior to Beef Teas, Jellies, and Meat Extracts, which cannot nourish the body if the digestive organs are defective.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE is used in the London and Paris Hospitals, for affections of the *Stomach, Liver,* and *Intestines,* and for **Indigestion, Anæmia, Consumption, Diabetes, Dysentery;** in extreme weakness and exhaustion arising from *Tumours, Cancerous Affections,* and **all wasting diseases** whenever an extra amount of nourishment is required.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE cannot be too highly recommended as a Tonic stimulant and Restorative to the Aged, Delicate Females, Lymphatic subjects and children.

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A CURE FOR ASTHMA!!!
GRIMAULT'S
INDIAN CIGARETTES

Asthmatic people who suffer from **Oppression** in breathing, stifling sensations, **Hoarseness,** and **Loss of voice, Nervous coughs, Laryngitis, Colds,** with **Wheezing, Bronchitis, Insomnia, Catarrhal affections,** and **difficulty** in **Expectoration,** are promptly relieved by these Cigarettes.

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GRIMAULT'S
Matico Capsules
AND INJECTION

Renowned Physicians prescribe Grimault's Matico as the most active and at the same time the most inoffensive remedy in the treatment of Acute and Chronic Discharges. These Capsules, unlike Copaiba, have not the inconvenience of producing Nausea.

MATICO INJECTION is used in recent
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Kananga Water the most delightfully refreshing Toilet Water. It renders the skin firm, relieves mosquito bites and imparts a delicate fragance and feeling of comfort and freshness.

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Julien's Fruit Purgative is exclusively a vegetable composition and has the appearance and taste of a delicious Bon-Bon. It is perfectly harmless, and is the best remedy for

Constipation,
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Its refreshing and purifying qualities are invaluable to persons predisposed to headaches, biliousness, and apoplexy; while it prevents convulsions in children, and is very useful in all infant disorders.

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DUSART'S SYRUP
OF
Lactophosphate of Lime

HEALTH
VIGOUR
BONE
MUSCLE

This syrup enriches the blood, and streghtens and restores all the vital energies. It contains Phosphate of Lime the substance most necessary to our existence, and indispensable for the formation of the bony and muscular system. It is a specific in Infants' green Diarrhœa, and assists children in the formation and cutting of their teeth, and where the limbs are weak, they greatly improve by this bone-forming material.

DUSART'S SYRUP is the best Tonic for Lymphatic subjects, and all suffering from nervous **Debility, Poorness of Blood** and the **Excesses of Youth.**

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is a pure, fragrant, non-gritty tooth powder, and warranted free from acids or other ingredients which destroy the enamel it whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, strengthens the gums, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath.

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A soothing, healing and emollient milk for the face and hands and is most cooling and refreshing to the skin in hot climates; it removes freckles, tan, sunburn, roughness and redness of the skin, pimples, cutaneous eruptions, &c., soothes and heals prickly heat, stings of insects, eczema, burns, and all cutaneous irritation more effectually than any other preparation, and produces soft fair skin, and a lovely delicate complexion; it is warranted harmless, and free from any lead or poisonous ingredients.

ROWLAND'S EUKONIA, a fragrant toilet, warranted free from Bismuth or metallic ingredients, which ruin the complexion; in three tints—white, cream, and rose: Ask any Chemist or Druggist for Rowland's articles, of 20, Hatton Garden, London, England. and avoid spurious worthless imitations.

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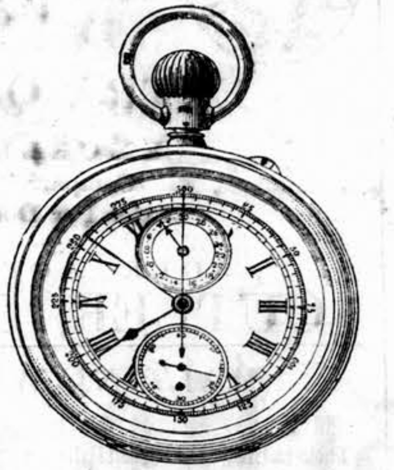
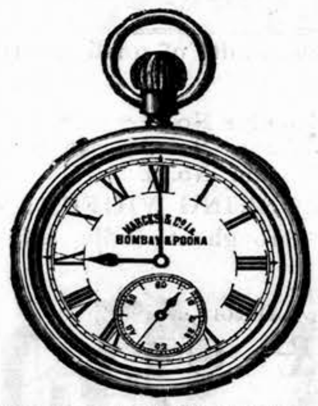
Direct from the Manufacturers.
"YIELDING NO PROFIT TO MIDDLEMEN AND DEALERS."
ONE WATCH OR ONE DOZEN AT THE SAME RATE.





OUR continually increasing business in this department and the improvements we have made in watch-making machinery has enabled us to make a COMPLETE REVOLUTION in the PRICES of our WATCHES, and we now offer at the followin reduced prices our WELL-KNOWN GOLD, SILVER and NICKEL SILVER WATCHES for CASH only, all watches carried to account being charged 10 per cent. in addition.

We are prepared to send for selection a number of these watches to approved Constituents living in the districts.

To avoid loss to the Public through fluctuations in Exchange we quote the ACTUAL WHOLESALE PRICES IN STERLING CURRENCY.

NICKEL SILVER WATCHES.

Strong Crystal faced Keyless Cylinder Watches, per doz. £10-0-0; single watch Rs. 13-8.
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Crystal-faced Keyless Lever Watch, per doz. £84-0-0; single watch Rs. 112.
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All the above watches in Hunting or Half Hunting cases at slightly higher prices.

For Ladies', Complicated and other watches see our Catalogue sent free on application.

Each of the above watches is thoroughly well made and finished, and is warranted to uphold the reputation for accurate time-keeping which this Company's watches has held during the last quarter of a century.

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May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.

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SLACK & BROWNLOW'S
WORLD FAMED
FILTERS
WORKS: MANCHESTER.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.
ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

GOLD MEDAL CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1883-4.

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the Best Cognac Brandy and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

CARLTON
RICHD MATHEWS & Co'S
CARLTON
TRADE MARK
WHISKEY

LABORATORY, ROYAL POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTION,
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To R. MATHEWS & COMPANY.

This is to certify that I have carefully Analysed a sample of the "CARLTON" WHISKEY." I find it to be a very old and pure Spirit, perfectly free from Fusil Oil, or any other deleterious substance. In my opinion this Whiskey is of a very high character.

Berner's College,
London.

EDWARD V. GARDNER, F.A.S., M.S.A.,
Professor of Chemistry.

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON WHISKEYS, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.
RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whiskey Merchants Lon d

FANCY GLASSWARE.

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TABLE
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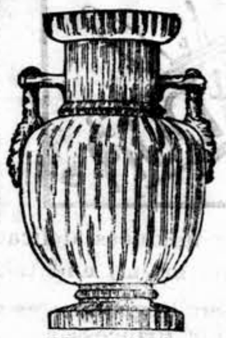
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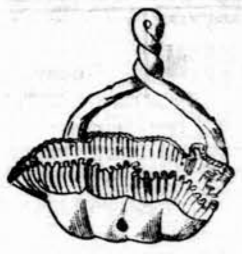
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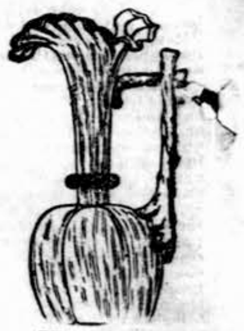
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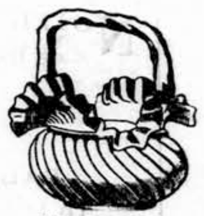
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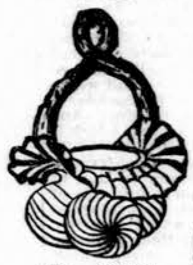
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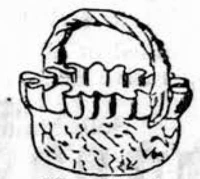
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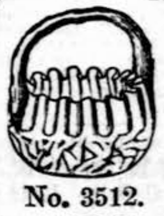
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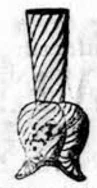
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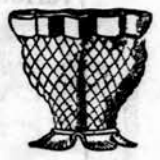
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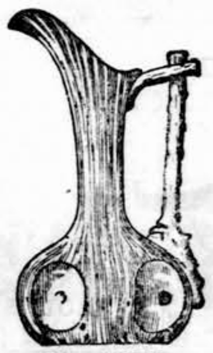
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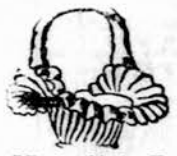
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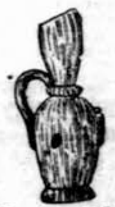
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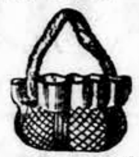
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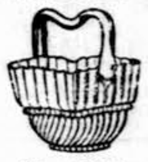
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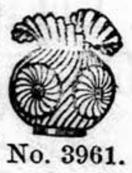
The most varied assortment of English and Bohemian Glassware. Prices exceptionally low.

Illustrated Price List free by Post on application.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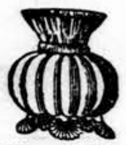
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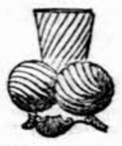
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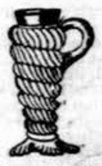
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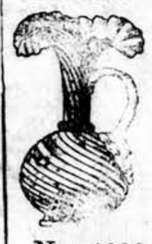
R. DITMAR,
LATE THEODOR KNAUST,
69, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.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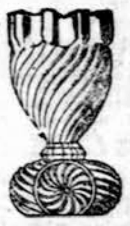
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Treacher & Co, Bombay & Poonah; Cutler, Palmer & Co., Great Eastern Hotel Co., Planters' Stores & Agency Co., Calcutta; McDowell & Co., Madras.

Hamilton & Co
ART JEWELLERS,
73, ESPLANADE ROAD,
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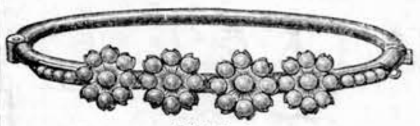
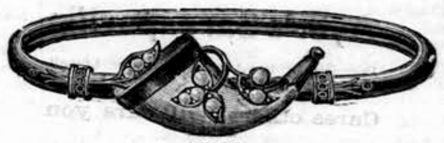
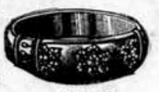
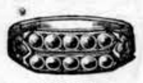
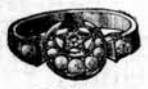
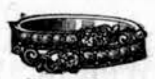

3158 G.
Gold and Pearl Bangle.
Rs. 90 Cash.

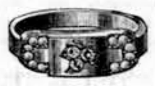

3159 G.
Gold and Pearl Tiger Claw Bangle.
Rs. 58 Cash.


3160 G.
Diamonds.
Rs. 70 Cash.

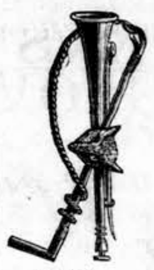

3161 G.
Pearls.
Rs. 52 Cash.

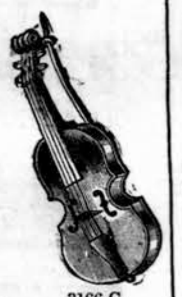

3162 G.
Diamond and Pearls.
Rs. 45 Cash.

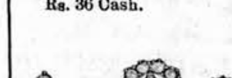

3163 G.
Diamonds and Pearls.
Rs. 50 Cash.

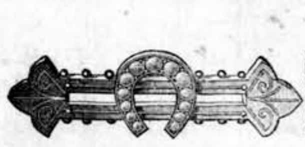

3164 G.
Diamonds and Pearls
Rs. 27 Cash.

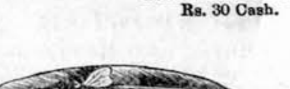
Christmas Presents and New Year's Gifts.

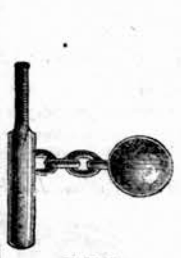

3165 G.
Gold Brooch.
Rs. 36 Cash.

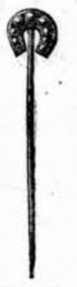

3166 G.
Gold Violin Brooch.
Rs. 30 Cash.

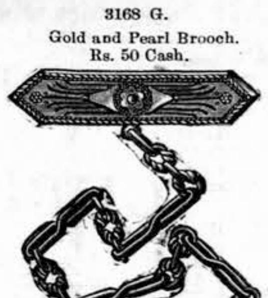

3167 G.
Gold and Pearl Brooch.
Rs. 45 Cash.


3168 G.
Gold and Pearl Brooch.
Rs. 50 Cash.


3169 G.
Gold and Pearl Brooch.
Rs. 25 Cash.


3170 G.
Gold Bat and Ball Links. Per pair.
Rs. 36 Cash.


3171 G.
Gold and Pearl Scarf Pin.
Rs. 12 Cash.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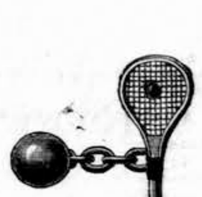
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